The Bee.

VOL. XVI. NO. 107. TOLEDO, OHIO, MONDAY EVENING, AUGUST 31, 1891. LAST EDITION. TWO CENTS.

IN THE BEE TO-DAY.

WEATHER.

Ohio forecast—Stationary temperature, fair weather followed by warmer; variable winds.

Lower Michigan—Cooler, fair weather, followed by warmer; northerly winds.

Local indications for the next 24 hours from 3 p. m.—Fair weather and warmer, followed by rain Wednesday; northerly winds.

LOCAL.

Suits filed in court.
Marine intelligence.
The Y. M. C. A. field day.
That sugar manufactory.
Attractions at the theaters.
Happenings in labor circles.
Pick-ups at the police station.
Condition of the city's finances.
Y. M. C. A. tennis tournament.
Lucas county teachers' institute.
Robinwood avenue improvements.
The Shamrock returns with party.
Sale of improvement bonds to-night.
Presque Isle park closed for the season.
Block of Toledo real estate under investigation.

UNITED STATES.

Gossip from Bryan.
Weather and crops.
Hog cholera in Ohio.
William L. Scott dying.
C. G. Meriweather dead.
The Sherman-Foraker fight.
Black diphtheria in Ohio.
Sandusky county pioneers.
Distributing weather signals.
Corbett and Mitchell to fight.
The grain supply of the world.
Sisters to teach in public schools.
Adulterated milk in Cincinnati.
Fr. McGuire's Catholic picnics.
War on the Missouri blind tigers.
Cashier Tillman goes to Canada.
Scenes of terror in a southern town.
Excitement in a New York convent.
Noble reported to have suspended Raum.
Wood county republicans pulling apart.
Dayton man arrested for embezzlement.
More crooked work by Green B. Raum, jr.
Interesting political news from all over Ohio.
The pine nut region not what it is painted.
Why Senator Sherman refused to talk on the tariff.
Wanamaker sets up a machine to renominate Harrison.
Anderson, the escaped Cincinnati prisoner, re-arrested.
Why Senator Sherman refused to speak on the tariff question.
Prof. George Hogan falls from his balloon to Detroit and is killed.

FOREIGN.

Balmaceda has fled.
The liquor question in Germany.
The decisive battle in the Chilian war.
World's fair commissioners in Brussels.
Santiago in the hands of the insurgents.
England with another Alabama claim on her hands.
Victorious Gen. Canto given an ovation in Valparaiso.
Why Rudolph and his sweetheart committed suicide.

CORBETT AND MITCHELL.

Probable that the Two Pugs Will Come Together.

Boston, August 31.—James Corbett, the pugilist who arrived here last night, said to a United Press reporter: "Mitchell's acceptance of my challenge looks genuine and is a welcome feature of this fighting debate. I am ready to fight him as soon as he is ready and at any place he may select. There is nothing in my theatrical engagements to prevent an early meeting. They were made with the express provision that a fight with Slavin or Mitchell, Mitchell proferred, would not be interfered with.

I shall give him no chance to back out of the acceptance when he arrives. As for preferences in the matter I would select the Granite club, Hoboken, or the Olympic club of New Orleans if the choice were left to me. The fight ought to and probably will come off at the club offering the biggest purse."

Corbett was very emphatic in his denial of the current reports of his differences with Sullivan. Corbett says after Mitchell has got away with Slavin or himself it is time enough for him to talk of fighting Sullivan. "If Mitchell and I meet," he said, "it will be no sprint race. I myself am enough of a sprinter to catch a man in a prize ring."

SHORT BUT FIERCE

Five Thousand Lives Tell the Awful Story

Of the Defeat of Balmaceda's Government.

General Canto the Hero of a Bloody War.

Everybody Cheered the Victorious Insurgents.

Complete Details of a Contest Which Took Away the Power of a Despot—Cause of the War.

Valparaiso, August 31.—Early Friday morning the boom of cannon announced to the people of Valparaiso that a movement beyond the ordinary skirmishes had begun.

The occasional loud reports of the heavy guns soon swelled into one continuous roar, and then it was known that the final decisive struggle which, at the cost of thousands of lives perhaps, was to decide whether Balmaceda or the Junta was to be the ruling power in Chili had begun.

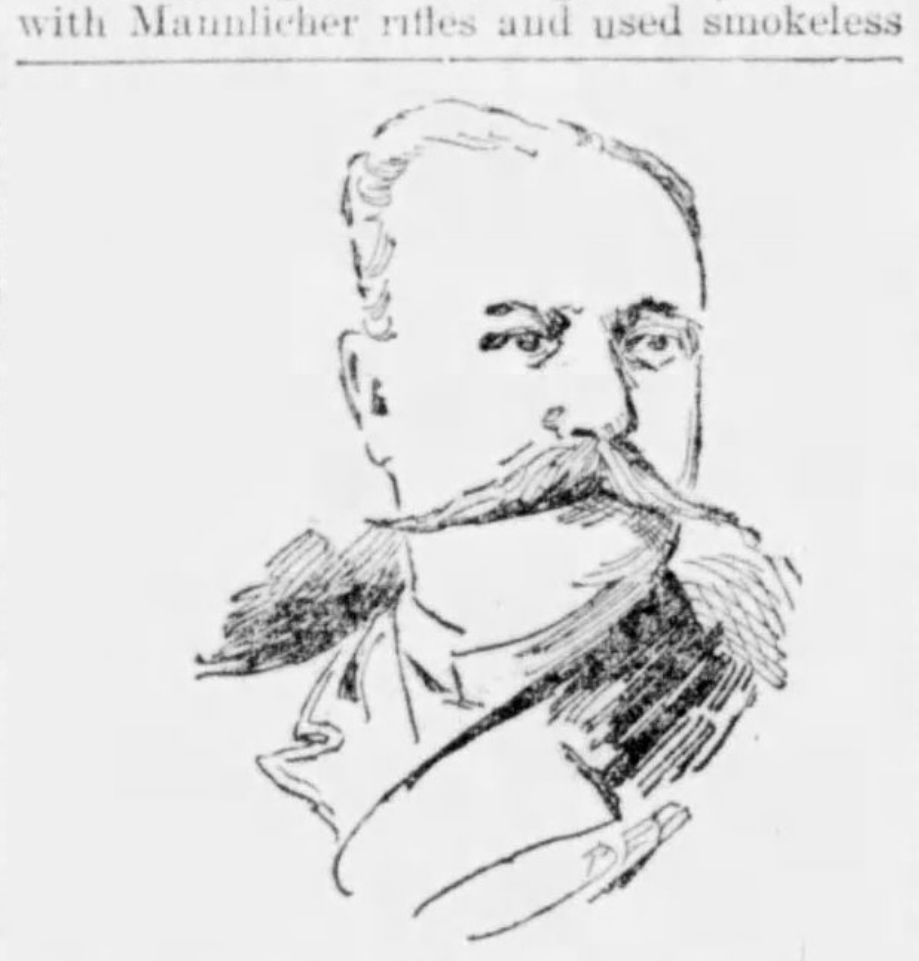
Excitement was intense in Valparaiso. The streets were crowded with people, women predominating, anxiously waiting for news and talking of the momentous contest which was in full progress only a few miles away.

General Canto's position was on the hills above the race track at Vina del Mar, outside of the city.

His raiders had been getting bolder as the time passed, and have been making excursions further in the country. He had absolute control of the railroad to Santiago and commanded the ordinary roads. Hence Santiago was practically in a state of seige.

Affairs had come to such a pass that it was necessary for President Balmaceda to make some move, and a little after daylight the word was given to attack the position held by the revolutionists, and, led by Generals Barbosa and Alcerreca, the government troops left their breastworks and advanced on the enemy under cover of a heavy fire from the batteries.

The insurgents were generally armed with Mannlicher rifles and used smokeless



CARLOS WALKER MARTINEZ, INSURGENT INTENDENTE AT VALPARAISO.

powder. The government troops were not as well armed.

As soon as the approaching army got within range of the Mannlichers they encountered a destructive fire from the intrenched revolutionists.

The Chilians are brave, however, either government troops or revolutionists, and advanced with much steadiness to the attack. They were soon near enough to do effective work with their pieces and the engagement became general.

Shot and shell, grape and cannister and rifle bullets tore through the ranks of the advancing troops, until it became too hot, and, despite the efforts of the officers, they broke and retired almost in a panic.

Officers worked like beavers to reform their columns as soon as they got without the range of the deadly Mannlichers and at last succeeded.

Then came another attack. In steady ranks the government troops started on a double quick up into the torrent of fire and lead, which blazed from the ranks of the insurgent army.

Early in the second charge Gen. Barbosa was shot down and killed. The line wavered, but kept on. Then Gen. Alcene also fell from his horse, wounded unto death. He was removed from the field and died within an hour.

Another break, and then Gen. Canto gave the order to charge. With a wild yell the congressionalist army left their defences and charged on the retreating enemy. Their artillery poured a deadly fire into the ranks of Balmaceda's army. The loss of their generals left them without a head, and all the efforts of the subordinate officers to rally them to the onslaught of Canto's squadrons was of no avail.

The retreat became a rout, the rout a panic and then came utter demoralization.

The government cavalry made a stand, but it was short. They were literally cut to pieces. Volley after volley was poured into the demoralized mob.

Whole regiments which had not lost their regimental formation went over to the victorious troops of Canto and joined in the attack on their late comrades.

These deserters were generally the "volunteers" who had been impressed into service by Balmaceda since the commencement of hostilities.

Their sympathies have all along been with the insurgents, and they took this, the first opportunity, to go over to them.

The defeat of the government is absolute and complete. There is no possibility of a reorganization.

Early Friday morning stragglers from the battlefield began to come in. As the day wore on they came in and constantly growing numerous, and it became evident that the government troops were getting the worst of it.

The reports they brought in became more alarming. President-elect Vicuna took the alarm early and went aboard the German flagship and asked protection of the admiral, which was granted.

The fighting lasted a little less than five hours, and its desperate character may be judged by the fact that fully 5,000 men were killed and wounded.

The country for miles around is filled with men, many of them wounded, who were this morning the defenders of President Balmaceda.

Then the intendente, Oscar Viel, sent a communication to Admiral Brown and the commanding officers of the other foreign fleets in the harbor, requesting them to send men ashore and protect their citizens, as the probabilities were that there might be trouble.

A landing party of blue-jackets and marines from the San Francisco were ordered ashore by Admiral Brown, and took up a position about the American consulate. The other naval officers followed suit, and soon there were enough foreign men-of-warsmen ashore to protect the city against any possible outbreak.

The streets of the city by 11 o'clock were filled with a disorganized mob of Balmacedan soldiers. The execution among the officers had been terrific.

In addition to the two generals, Barbosa and Alcerreca, nearly all the staff officers had been either killed or wounded and the fatalities among the line officers had also been great.

It was evident that the government had met with an overwhelming defeat, and an attack on the city was momentarily expected.

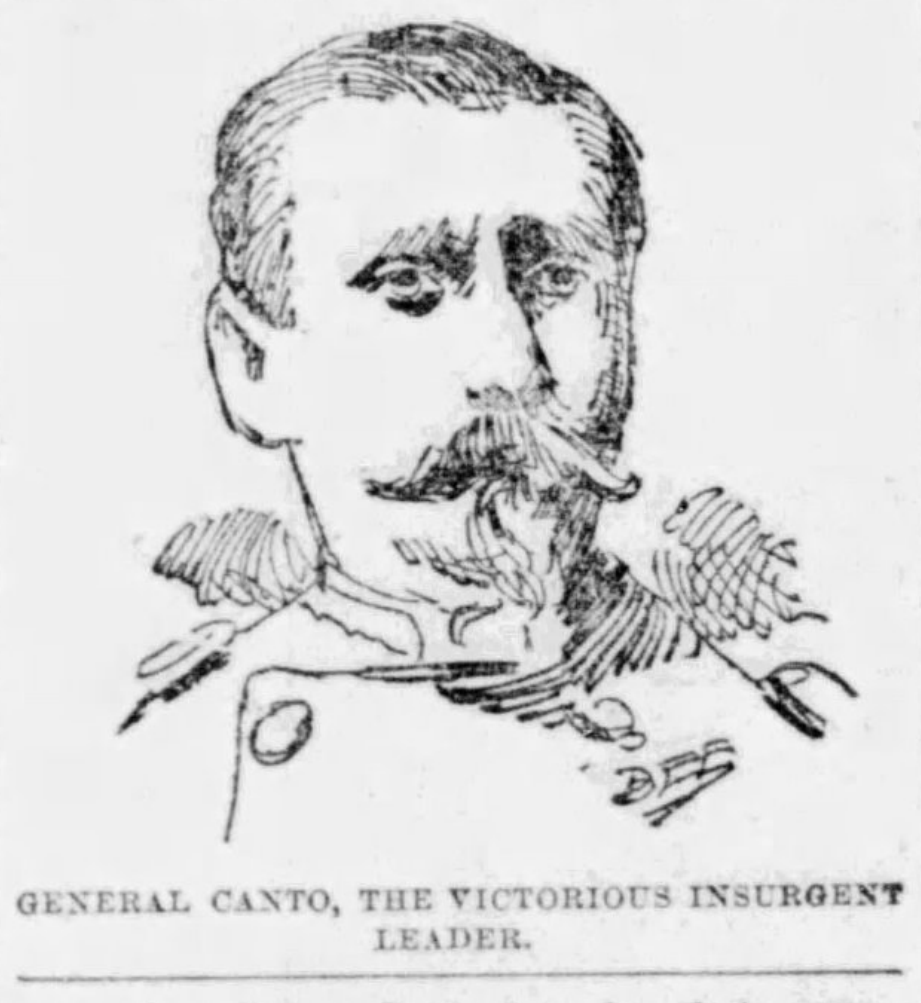
To avoid the bloodshed which would probably have resulted from the victorious army entering the city, heated with the fire of battle, Admiral Viel, the intendant, sent a flag of truce to Gen. Canto with a proposition to surrender the city.

It was accepted and Senor Don Carlos Walker-Martinez, a congressional leader, who refused a safe conduct from Balmaceda and has remained in Santiago since the commencement of the revolution directing the conduct of affairs for them in the south, was requested by Gen. Canto to take possession of the city and act as intendant until such time as permanent arrangements could be made. This he did.

In the meantime there had been a general flight of such of the government officials here as had reason to believe that they had brought down on themselves the vengeance of the revolutionists. Senor Walker-Martinez left Santiago and joined Gen. Canto as soon as he heard of the landing at Quintero bay and has been with him ever since.

Shortly after noon the victorious army began to enter the captured city from the hills to the southeast, Gen. Canto with his chiefs of staff, Cols. Holley and Kornner, and Senor Walker-Martinez were at the head of the troops.

The inhabitants of Valparaiso are apparently all revolutionists in their sympathy, for as the insurgent troops, flushed with victory, marched through the streets they were greeted with the wildest enthusiasm.



GENERAL CANTO, THE VICTORIOUS INSURGENT LEADER.

The people were simply wild with excitement, and the streets resounded with their shouts of "Viva Chili!" "Viva Canto!" and "Viva" pretty much everything else which could be construed as a compliment to the victorious troops.

From the windows of the houses showers of flowers were flung by the enthusiastic women on the heads of the leaders.

Shortly after the entry of the army of General Canto, Captain Alberto Fuentes, of the torpedo boat Almirante Lynch, which was lying at the Fiscal Mole, was summoned to surrender.

He attempted to steam out and opened fire with his machine guns on the insurgent troops. There was a sharp engagement lasting fifteen minutes, and then Captain Fuentes hauled down his flag and there was not an enemy to the revolution from Fort Valdivia to Vina del Mar.

During the afternoon such of the government troops as were in the city, or who came in, gave up their arms and most of them were paroled.

Guards were stationed in the streets to see that the crowds of disbanded soldiers and the dangerous class did not make trouble.

The Cause of the War.

The struggle to which the battle of Vaparaiso puts end broke out early in 1891, in consequence of a feeling in the Chilian congress that President Balmaceda was guilty of unconstitutional acts.

A Junta was orgaized with headquarters at Iquique; and to this provisional government several of the northern provinces, embaracing about one-third of the area of Chili, gave their adhesion.

Most of the Chilian navy supported the congressional party. There were few armed conflicts. These were mostly naval and occurred in or near Valparaiso harbor.

Balmaceda's torpedo boats attacked and sunk the insurgent cruiser Blanco Encalada, and later made unsuccessful attempts to sink the cruiser Magdelanes in Chanaral Bay.

This latter vessel in return then visited Valparaiso and after an inconclusive engagement with the torpedo boat withdrew. These events occurred mostly in April.

The incident which more than anything else drew the attention of people in the United States to this war was the Itata affair. An insurgent steam transport, the Itata, was seized in San Diego harbor on May 5, by a United States Marshall for violating the neutrality laws of this country in obtaining warlike supplies.

The United States government was still further defied by the escape of the Itata next day. Pursuit by United States naval vessels was immediately ordered and begun.

When she reached Iquique, however, on June 4 the vessel was quietly surrendered to the naval representatives of this country in that port and sent back to California for the law to take its couse.

The efforts of the American Minister to Chili to mediate in this unhappy trouble resulted in disastrous failure. Resort was then had to force once more, and the insurgents took the aggresive, and were finally victorious.

BALMACEDA HAS FLED.

Santiago Turned Over to General Canto

Washington, Aug. 31.—The following telegram was received at the state department this morning:

Valparaiso, Aug. 30, 9:30 p. m.

To Blaine, Washington:

Balmaceda has turned over government oBaguedano and fled. Canto goes to Santiago to-night to assume control until the arrival of the Junta from Iquequé. Good order here.

(Signed) McCREARY, Consul.

SCENES OF TERROR.

Southern Towns in the Hands of Incendiaries.

Negroes Rise in Wrath and Resent the Lynching of Dudley—A Night of Horror.

Georgetown, Ky., Aug. 31.—Saturday night was one of terror and anxiety to the people of Georgetown. But few persons closed their eyes in sleep.

Armed citizens patroled the streets, while other citizens guarded their own premises.

The long night wore away and fortunately no blood was shed.

The hanging of Dudley for the murder of Hughes put the colored people of this place in a bad humor. No Georgetown people were connected with the mob and were powerless to prevent it, had they made the attempt.

The mob was made up of people from the precinct of the murder and from Franklin county. What gave the colored people offense was the fact that one of their race had been hanged and that the Kendalls, who were in no way connected with the Hughes-Dudley affair, should be unmolested.

There were mutterings of discontent among some of the colored people through the day, the women being the loudest talkers. Threats were made that the town would be or ought to be burned. Fortunately the sheriff has sworn in as deputies fifty or more citizens.

About 11 o'clock an alarm of fire was sounded, an engine on the Southern railroad by it continuous shrieking lending force.

The court house bell was not rung, as usual on such occasions, as it was thought best not to add to the terror of women and children already alarmed.

A terror struck the hearts of the people as they realized that the incendiaries had commenced their devilish work.

It proved to be a tobacco barn of Judge George V. Payne in the suburbs of town. As the barn was beyond the reach of the water supply of the town no effort was made to extinguish the fire, and it was burned with its contents.

Scarcely had the fire been started ere the flames started up from another barn some 400 yards away, belonging to the same gentleman, which was speedily consumed.

An hour wore on, when another alarm of fire was sounded. This time it proved to be a residence on Hamilton street, belonging to County Judge W. E. Bates, which is vacant. This fire was extinguished after the L of the building was partially destroyed. Half an hour later the dread alarm was repeated, and this time the Pawling hall, situated in another part of the town, was discovered to be on fire.

This building is a boarding department in connection with the college.

This completed the night's work in this direction, and a breath of relief came to the people as the night wore away, the purpose of the colored people seemed to be to wreak vengeance on the citizens of the town for an act in which they were in no way responsible.

There was no reason for hostility on the part of the colored men toward any of the parties whose property was fired.

Supt. C. G. Meriweather Dead.

Nashville, Tenn., Aug. 31.—A telegram received in this city this afternoon says that C. G. Meriweather, superintendent of the southern division of the Western Union Telegraph company, located at Mobile, Ala., died Saturday.

Mr. Meriweather held this position for many years, and is well known throughout the telegraph fraternity.

Sisters to Teach in Public Schools.

Austin, Tex., Aug. 31.—The board of education has granted certificates to 21 sisters of charity to teach in the free public schools of Texas. This is a new feature, and is in accordance with a late ruling of the attorney general that they are entitled to certificates as long as they do not teach the doctrines of their church in the school.

RAISED THE WAGES.

The New Schedule on the Lake Erie Road.

The Strikers' Demands Acceded to—The Promulgation Made Yesterday.

Indianapolis, Aug. 31.—The Lake Erie & Western management promulgated its new wage schedule Sunday, which was sent to the various division headquarters at once.

The new scale gives the local freight conductors 40 cents additional per trip in districts of three crews, and where two crews run in a district the conductors are to receive an advance of 25 cents over the old schedule.

The brakemen in those classes respectively receive 15 and 10 cents more than under the old arrangement.

On work or wreck trains the conductors and brakemen are granted an advance of 10 cents a trip. No advances are made to through freight men.

Overtime beyond 12 hours and 16 hours in the two classes is paid to conductors at the rate of 30 cents per hour and brakemen 20.

The same overtime is allowed to trainmen on through freights where there is an excess of time necessary to complete the run at a 10-mile an hour speed.

At the same rate on work trains overtime above 12 hours will be allowed. It is expected that this schedule will be satisfactory, as the overtime allowed is based upon the schedules now in vogue here. Overtime is what the strikers demanded.

IMPROVE THE LAKES.

Some Work for Congress to Do.

The Congressional Visit Will Yield Fruit.

An Interesting Review of the Trip Just Closed by Newspaper Men and Legislators.

Washington, August 31.—The commerce of the great lakes is a subject which will probably receive more attention during the next congress than has ever before been devoted to it.

The fact that already a steamer laden with upwards of 2,000 tons of grain has made a successful trip from Duluth to Liverpool adds greatly to general interest in the matter.

With a view of personally inspecting the requirements necessary for successful navigation of these vast inland seas a number of congressmen and Washington correspondents have visited the waters during the summer as guests of the Vessel Owners' Association, of Cleveland, Ohio.

A party of correspondents has just returned from a tour of the American chain of lakes from Duluth to Buffalo, taking in lakes Superior, Michigan, Huron, St. Clair, and Erie, a distance of 2,617 miles.

A newspaper representative who accompanied the party writes of the commerce and its needs as follows:

There are now engaged in commerce on the lakes more than two thousand vessels representing an investment upwards of $50,000,000. The average carrying capacity of the steamers plying these waters is about 2,500 tons. Owing to the dangerous obstructions over which the vessels have to pass double bottoms are being put in all new ships to obviate their total loss in case they strike the rock.

Not long since one of the new steamers picked up a boulder from the bottom and carried it several hundred miles without further injury than an immense hole in her outer or protective bottom.

At present it is not possible for the vessels to load to their full carrying capacity on account of dangerous obstructions in the lakes and rivers. The "Soo" Canal at Sault Ste. Marie, through which all commerce for the Northwest has to pass, will only permit a draught of fifteen feet and five or six inches, there being but sixteen feet of water in the great lock at that point.

Nearly all the coal transported to the northwest passes over that route, and should anything serious happen to a single lock now in use a coal famine would probably follow.

The present lock has been in operation since September 1, 1881. A second lock is is course of construction on the American side and another is being constructed on the Canadian side of the river. When these are completed facilities for the passage of vessels will be more nearly in accord with existing requirements.

There is great need of immediate dredging and blasting along the routes of vessels in the lakes and rivers. On the route from Cleveland to Duluth, at Point Pelee, and on the Canadian side of the Detroit river, there are a number of dangerous boulders, and at Colchester, on the Detroit river, there are dangerous reefs and rocks.

At Bar Point, at the mouth of the Detroit river, the obstructions are numerous, consisting principally of sand and mud. At these points vessels ground frequently, especially in the autumn, when the water is more shallow than during the summer months.

At Lime Kiln Crossing, and thence to Ballard's reef, there are about four miles of rocky bottom, and the water is very shallow. From Ballard's reef to Gross Point there is good water.

Beyond Gross Point, however, in Lake St. Clair, about five miles from the mouth of the St. Clair river to St. Clair Flats, obstructions of sand and mud render navigation extremely dangerous.

The striking of all loaded vessels crossing there is very perceptible. Congress, it is said, will be urged to dredge the course without further delay.

Opposite Port Huron the sandbar caused by the Grand Trunk railroad dredges has formed into a dangerous one and great care must be exercised in passing it. At Stag Island, above St. Clair, the American channel is in such bad condition that all vessels are compelled to travel through the Canadian channel.

At Ft. Gratiot rocks and old wrecks abound to the discomfort of mariners, while off Sailors' encampment, "Soo" river, navigation is perilous. The absence of lights and buoys in that locality renders running at night so dangerous that it is seldom attempted.

Vessels reaching either end of the river at dusk tie up until daybreak. The masters claim that there is nothing like the draught of water given on the charts to be found off the encampment.

The government work of cutting through a new channel off Sugar island is considered of great importance and when completed will greatly facilitate navigation. The new channel will shorten the present course by about fifteen miles.

The slow progress which is being made, it is claimed, is due to insufficient appropriations, the work accomplished one year being destroyed before the next year's work can be begun.

At Duluth the magnificent basin between that city and Superior cannot be utilized to any great extent on account of its extreme shallowness. Small tugs are continually running hard aground there. The bottom is composed almost entirely of mud and could easily be cleaned by dredgers.

At South Chicago, Lake Michigan, dredging is very badly needed in the vicinity of the great iron ore wharves. At Peninsula Point, about ten miles southeast of Escanaba, there are two shoals running out into the lake. Especially at night, while avoiding one, a vessel is very apt to strike the other, owing to the entire absence of lights.

Off Gravity and Poverty islands there are bad shoals, neither of which is visible on the charts. Stake buoys at these points, which cannot be seen at night, are all mariners have to guide them.

The course runs to the south of Beaver island, is extremely rough in bad weather, and a light is needed on Squaw island, in order that the northern passage may be followed and the roughness thereby avoided. At White Shoal the lightship (which it is claimed is often adrift in bad weather) should be replaced by a light. Other points where the masters are anxious to have lights are Round island and Middle island, the turning point between Presque Isle and Thunder Bay islands. In Lake Huron several wrecks now lie along the route of navigation which the masters claim are entirely due to the lack of lights.

The Martinique Disaster.

Paris, Aug. 31.—The official estimate of the damage done by the recent cyclone which swept over the island of Martinique places the amount at $10,000,000 and says that 378 people lost their lives.

President Carnot has signed a credit of $200,000, which sum is to be used to assist the Martinique sufferers.

Changed His Residence

Columbus, O., Aug. 31.—Frank Patton, a 19-year old boy, sent to the penitentiary from Van Wert county for 10 years for horse stealing and grand larceny, has been transferred to the Boys' Industrial school by order of the governor.

EXCITEMENT IN A CONVENT.

Dominican Sisters Subjected to Gross Indignities.

New York, Aug 31.—The Dominican sisters, of the convent situated at the corner of Morgan avenue and Harrison place, Williamsburg, were subjected early yesterday morning to one of the most atrocious indignities on record.

Six sisters, together with the mother superior, occupy the building. At 1 o'clock yesterday morning one of the sisters, who is described as 19, but whose name is withheld, was suddenly awakened.

She felt herself in the grasp of a powerful man. It was some time before the sister recovered from her surprise and shrieked for help. She struggled with the brute, and finally escaped into the hall.

By this time her associates had rushed from their bedrooms into the hall. The fellow, who continued his pursuit of the first sister, suddenly turned his attention to the others.

He grasped several who managed to escape and rushed down stairs, followed by the wretch. Assistance arrived at this time, but the wretch took the alarm in time and fled through a back window, making good his escape.

WAR ON BLIND TIGERS.

Vigorous Temperance Crusade in Missouri.

Ladies March on the Dram Shops and Empty the Liquors Into the Gutter.

Seneca, Mo., Aug. 31.—A temperance crusade is in progress here, with odds in favor of the crusaders. Col. C. J. Holt, the great temperance lecturer of Decatur, Ill., under the auspices of the W. C. T. U., has for ten days been stirring the people up by a series of brilliant and forcible lectures.

For three or four years there has been running in this city three "blind tigers," where intoxicants have been openly sold in violation of the law. To these illicit dram-shops the attention of the crusaders was directed, and on the third day a petition, signed by 125 adults, was presented to the mayor, asking that the "blind tigers" be closed.

No action being taken by the officials of the city the ladies took matters in their own hands and notified the proprietors that their places must be closed or they must abide by the consequences.

At an early hour Saturday morning the ladies met at the M. E. church.

They formed in a procession and marched into the "blind tiger" kept by Jake Anderson, armed with hatchets, claw hammers and nail pullers, and demolished the contents. The whisky, beer, wine and alcohol were spilled in the streets.

They next marched to the place of Mart Sherer, who, upon being apprised of their approach, closed his doors. The crusaders, 20 in number, held a prayer-meeting in front of the building, after which they left and will await results.

Their leaders, Mrs. J. C. Allen, of this city, and Mrs. John Hall, a missionary to the Modoc Indians, exhibited a coolness which is seldom displayed by their sex.

Col. Holt was egged Sunday night and is now guarded when on the street, but is displaying his usual courage and proceeding with his work as though nothing had happened. He goes from here to Neosho to open war on the "blind tigers" of that place.

HAVE CAUGHT AN ELEPHANT.

England's Peculiar Situation Discussed.

Leading Papers Claim the Government Has Another Alabama Affair on Hand.

London, Aug. 31.—The Globe this afternoon, commenting upon the capture of Valparaiso and the consequent utter downfall of Balmaceda, says that the congressional victory gives the Espiegel affair a much more serious complexion, adding: "Had Balmaceda won, no diplomatic dispute would have followed; but England will now have to explain what appears to be a flagrant breach of neutrality. England is answerable for her agents, and if the congressional party claims damages, John Bull will find himself in another Alabama imbroglio, of far less excusable character, on his hands. If the case is as bad as it appears to be the soundest policy would be to frankly admit the blunder and come to be some friendly arrangement about compensation. Unless we have a good defense to resort to international arbitration is strongly to be deprecated."

The Espiegel affair is the outcome of the action of the commander of her majesty's Espiegel in conveying $1,000,000 in silver, intrusted to him by President Balmaceda, to Montevideo for shipment to Europe.

Knocked Out His Eye.

Portland, Ind., Aug. 31.—Robert Garringer, a farm employe residing two miles south of this city, met with a terribly painful accident late yesterday evening. He was repairing a fly-net, and had his knife in hand to sever a knot. When he made the cut, the weapon slipped and split his eye-ball completely in twain. The sight is completely destroyed.

ABOUT WEATHER SIGNALS.

Locomotives to Toot Out a Warning to Farmers.

Far Better Would it be to Have Light and Fog Houses Warn the Men Who Go to Sea.

Washington, Aug. 31.—The weather bureau is endeavoring to establish a novel system of weather forecasts. Already the principal railroads of the country have adopted the plan of disseminating weather predictions by displaying signal flags on trains and the bureau hopes to extend this system by having locomotives give the signals by means of their whistles. Prof. Harrington, the chief of the weather bureau, has arranged a system of whistle combinations by means of which persons living at a distance from the railroad can receive the forecasts.

By repeating each combination a few times with an interval of ten seconds between, possibilities of error in reading the forecasts will be avoided, such as may arise from variable winds or failure to hear the warning signal.

As the weather forecasts are telegraphed daily to a large number of stations of the weather bureau, to railroads, etc., in various sections of the country, there are many small towns which may obtain them by telephone, free of expense; they may also be obtained from the daily newspapers. Those desiring to display or sound the signals, and who are not able to obtain the forecasts as above, should communicate direct with the director of the state weather bureau; and if it is impracticable for the United States to bear the expense of transmision they will be furnished at the regular commercial rate and sent "collect."

BRYAN BUDGET.

Picnics and Re-unions the Order of the Day.

Bryan, O., Aug. 31.—A number of the Sabbath schools of Williams and Defiance counties met at Farmer, Saturday, where a convention was held. There was a good turnout. Basket dinner was served.

The old settlers of Williams and adjoining counties will hold their annual meeting in Bryan on September 10.

The annual reunion of the thirty-eighth O. V. V. I. will be held in Edgerton tomorrow. Hon. M. M. Boothman will address the meeting.

T. J. Coslet, Striker, was in Bryan Sunday.

The new U. B. church here is ready for plastering.

Miss Jennie Harris leaves this week for East Liverpool, O. to engage in Evangelistic work.

Bryan schools open next Monday.

T. O. Williams has brick on the ground for his new hotel.

Mrs. Otho Willett and daughter Mrs. Anna Adams, left last week for an extended visit through the west.

Alex. Fether will not give up but what there is gas or oil in Bryan, and can be found in paying quantities. He is making good progress on the well he is now engaged in putting down. The well is down more than 1,400 feet.

Howard Cotterman was in Bryan Saturday. "Hod" has a good position in a boot and shoe store in Cleveland, and it is learned that he is doing quite well.

Sandusky Co. Pioneers at Fremont

Fremont, Aug. 31.—The annual reunion of the Sandusky County Pioneer society was held here Saturday with a large attendance. The principal addresses were delivered by Gen. R. B. Hayes and Gen. W. H. Gibson. The oldest woman present was Mrs. Sarah Allen, aged 96; the oldest man Alvin Anderson, aged 91. During the past year 61 pioneers of the county have died—33 males and 28 females. The program was an interesting one and much enjoyed by all present.

Gave Up the Ghost.

Elyria, O., Aug. 31.—The One-Year Mutual Benefit association of this place, a company that proposed to pay its members $100 at the end of one year by an expenditure of about $40, has thrown up the sponge. It was organized last January and has 125 members here. There are several other lodges in this state. They offer to settle with the membership at 50 cents on the dollar.

DOWN GOES THE WAGES.

How Protection Aids the Workingman.

A Striking Case Presented in Columbus.

A Big Manufacturing Concern Makes a 25 Per Cent. Cut to Even Up on the Tariff.

Columbus, Aug. 31.—(Special)—Protection is a two-edged sword, smiting for the most part the wage and agriculturist classes.

These classes pay for protection and get none of it. The protective robbery policy of the republican party compels them to pay tribute to a privileged class, the money-bags, and is nothing more nor less than affirming in effect the principle of human slavery, of socialism and communism.

The falsity of the position of the republican party, so far as it relates to the laboring man, is aptly illustrated and conclusively demonstrated by a recent occurrence in this city.

The Columbus Bolt works, which is one of the largest manufacturing establishments in this city, has made a cut in the wages of their employes ranging from 10 to 25 per cent., all of which was brought about by the high protective tariff, as will be shown farther on.

This company is a heavy importer of Norway iron upon which the McKinley law imposes a heavy duty. This firm has for some time past been looking out to find some way to even up the additional duty imposed by the McKinley law, so as to be able to sell their productions at the old price.

As is always the case when retrenchment is the order, the first place they looked was among their working men.

The general cut made in the wages of their employes has done more than anything else that has happened here recently to open the eyes of the laboring men of this city, and will prove a most effective weapon with the laborers here against the high protective policy of the republican party.

The policy put into execution by the bolt works of this city is but a forerunner of what has or is to take place in every manufacturing establishment in the state of Ohio.

If the workingmen of Ohio can see a sunny-faced blessing in this, then indeed there is little hope of annihilating the false ideas of antagonism and selfish isolation constituting the protective theory.

The Columbus Bolt works have never been noted for their liberality toward their employes, and the cut made has placed many of their men at the point of starvation wages, when it should be just the opposite, if there is anything in the protective scheme to better the condition of the laboring classes, as it would be hard to find a more thoroughly protected industry than this.

THE WORLD'S GRAIN.

A Large Shortage Figured on Wheat and Rye

Vienna, Aug. 31.—The Hungarian government has issued an estimate of the world's grain harvest based upon consular reports from all parts of the world.

The yield of wheat is estimated at from 725,000,000 to 736,000,000 hectolitres, and rye at from 350,000,000 to 560,000,000 hectolitres, being from 44,000,000 to 50,000,000 hectolitres below the average for wheat, and from 90,000,000 to 100,000,000 hectolitres below the average for rye.

Austria requires to import from 10,000,000 to 12,000,000 hectolitres of wheat, and 6,000,000 hectolitres of rye; Germany 10,000,000 hectolitres of wheat, and from 23,000,000 to 26,000,000 hectolitres of rye; and France 30,000,000 hectolitres of wheat. Hungary has a surplus of 12,000,000 to 13,000,000 hectolitres of wheat, but in rye there is a large deficit. In Russia the wheat surplus amounts to 16,500,000 hectolitres, and the rye deficit amounts to 40,000,000 to 45,000,000 hectolitres.

SHAMEFUL NEGLECT.

More Bodies Found in the Park Place Wreck

New York, Aug. 31.—Mayor Grant this morning visited the scene of the ruins in Park place, and found the ghastly remains of one body and probably two under the sidewalk. Louis Rosenfeld, of Rosenfeld & Co., identified one of the bodies as Abraham Divervitch, aged 17, and the leg, for there is only a leg to tell the story, as that of another employe named Samuel Blitz. The rest of Blitz' body is supposed to be in the vault where the remains were found, and search is now going on for them.

Made an Assignment.

Milwaukee, Aug. 31.—Moritz Meissner, wholesale dealer in boots and shoes, made an assignment to-day to Wm. Bloodgood. Assets, $60,000. The amount of liabilities is believed to exceed the assets. There are no preferred debts.

RIOT RULES IN CHILI.

The Rabble Causes a Night of Terror.

Two Hundred Persons Shot Down by Officers.

Fourteen Incendiary Fires Kindled and Damage to the Extent of $2,000,000 Caused.

New York, Aug. 31.—The World's Valparaiso special says: At sundown a riotous mob of laborers, occupied with nothing better than mischief, united with a rabble of deserters from the government and set on fire and looted many buildings on the outer ends of the city belonging to Balmaceda's partisans. Fourteen fires raged all night long, but are now under control.

Two million dollars' worth of property was destroyed by the incendiary mob.

The city rang all last night with rifle reports, and this morning the bodies of about two hundred rioters and pillagers littered the streets.

American, British, French and German marines form strong guards at the foreign residences.

BURGLAR REARRESTED.

James Anderson, Escaped Cincinnati Jail Bird, Caught at Cleveland

Cleveland, Aug. 31.—James Anderson, the notorious burglar, whose escape from jail at Cincinnati six weeks ago created such a sensation at the time, was arrested here Sunday morning by Detective Kelly, of Columbus.

Anderson had been hiding here for two weeks. His wife and children came on to join him. Detective Kelly heard last night that the woman had left Cincinnati.

When the train reached Columbus Kelly boarded it. Mrs. Anderson and the children alighted from the train here Sunday morning and were soon joined by Anderson, whom Kelly then arrested. The prisoner made no demonstration. He was taken back to Cincinnati.

Hog Cholera at Clifton.

Springfield, O., Aug. 31.—The farmers living south of the city, near Clifton, are heavy losers from hog cholera, and the dreaded disease is increasing. John B. Sparrow lost over fifty this week, John Hinkle, William Kelly and John Davis quite a number. Bert Holeman and E. Knott have each lost 25 head. Farmers are also complaining about worms destroying the pear crop.

Destroyed by Fire.

Norwalk, O., Aug. 31.—(Special)—Lyman Jenkins' carriage repository and blacksmith shop at Berlin Heights, Erie county, was destroyed by fire last night. Loss, $2,500; insurance, $1,500.

Spencer Stahl's feed store and feed mill was also consumed. Loss, $2,800; insured, $1,600.

THE KITE BOYS RETURN.

Strange Things Brought Back From Greenland.

Vegetation Thrives There, But Does Not Grow Over Six Inches High—Peary's Intentions.

Halifax, N. S., Aug. 31.—Nine members of the Kite Arctic exploring expedition arrived here last night and will leave for New York to-day. The party consists of Prof. Angelo Heilbrin, Prof. F. J. Holt, Dr. R. N. Keeley, Dr. W. E. Hughes, L. Mengel, Benj. Sharp, Dr. W. H. Burke, Frazer Ashurst and A. C. Kennedy.

They went as far north as 77 degrees 43 minutes, west 70 degrees 20 minutes, where they found rocky country, but where flowers were growing luxuriantly, although vegetation did not reach a greater height than six or eight inches.

They bring immense collections of various plants, flowers, herbs and butterflies, some being previously unknown specimens.

They found that all published charts of Greenland are incorrect. They left the North Greenland expedition under Lieut. Peary at Melville bay, 2,500 miles north of Halifax.

Those left behind are Lieut. and Mrs. Peary, Langdon Gibson, John M. Hedkoff, Dr. J. F. Cook, Evind, Astruyi, and Matthew Henson, the colored man.

Next spring Peary will start farther north on snow shoes to determine, if possible, the boundaries of Greenland. The party has built a house in which to winter and Mrs. Peary will remain there during her husband's expedition.

The scientific specimens left at St. John's weigh 13 tons. They will be sent by steamer to Philadelphia. Prof. Heilbrin made new charts of Murchison sound, and located Herbert and Northumberland islands.

BLAZE IN FINDLAY.

Valuable Residence Entirely Destroyed.

Findlay, O., Aug. 31.—(Special)—The residence of Wm. Thompson (colored), in the Fourth ward, was completely destroyed by fire this morning at 3 o'clock with all its valuable contents.

The flames started from the lace curtains catching fire from a lamp.

The loss will be about $3,500, nearly covered by insurance.

There was a great delay in sending in the alarm.

QUITE A PICKLE

In the Lake Shore Yards—A W. & L. E. Wreck—Railroad Cinders.

It is doubtful if Toledo was ever more full of pickles at any time in its existence than on yesterday when a train of 15 cars loaded with this fruit lay in the Lake Shore yards. This big shipment is from H. J. Heines & Co., Allegheny, Pa., and is en route to St. Paul, Minn.

A Miraculous Escape.

Yesterday morning a Wheeling & Lake Erie freight train ran into a B. & O. excursion train at Lodi, O., throwing a B. & O. sleeper from the track. There were 28 passengers in the coach but fortunately none were killed, which is almost miraculous, as the coach was thrown over on its side. The W. & L. E. engine and several cars were demolished.

A Few Cinders.

Division Freight Agent J. M. Osborn, of the Wabash, is out on the line.

General Superintendent T. M. Peelar, of the T. & O. C., is down the line today.

General Passenger Agent J. M. Hall, of the Wheeling & Lake Erie, is in Chicago.

The passenger department of the Central Traffic association meets in Chicago Wednesday.

O. L. Kapp, night operator of the Toledo & Ohio Central at Fostoria, has resigned that position and will enter the employ of the Lake Shore at Toledo.

Traffic Manager A. G. Blair, of the Wheeling & Lake Erie, and Commercial Agent C. T. Wight, of the B. & O., are at Cincinnati to-day attending a meeting of the Middle States Lumber association.

CONSTANTLY

Adding new goods. Our purchases of Diamonds, Watches and Jewelry during this month has exceeded any purchases of any previous years in the same month, consequently we are able to show the very latest novelties, and will make prices as low as high grade goods can be sold.

J. J. FREEMAN,
We close at 6:30, except Saturday. 313 SUMMIT STREET

THE HEART OF THE CITY

Draper & Nugent's
Mammoth Furniture Store!

THE LARGEST STOCK OF
Furniture, Carpets, Stoves, and House Furnishings!
IN OHIO.

Everybody Buys of Us on Our Easy Payment System.

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OF COURSE ITS WET

When it rains, and we still sell our Wall Paper cheap to make our improvements.

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BE WISE

Found and Inspect Our Stock of
FURNITURE

Before placing your orders. We can unquestionably save you money—there is no doubt of that. Give us a few moments of your time and we will readily convince you. Our assortment is unusually large and comprises the newest and neatest things to be found—be wise.

THE CONANT BROS.' FURNITURE CO.
Summit, Adams and Water Sts.

CHILDREN'S CARRIAGES at low prices; Wooden and Willow Ware, Baskets of every variety, Rattan and Reed Rocking Chairs, Boys' Express Wagons, Velocipedes.

LIPSCOMB & CO., 510 & 512 SUMMIT

THEY LOVE ONE ANOTHER,

Much Like the Old Lady in Kansas Kept Hotel.

Interesting Situation Among Ohio Republicans.

The Sherman-Foraker Fight Growing Warmer—Squire Won't Be Squelched by Hahn—Political Gossip.

Columbus, Aug. 31.—(Special)—While Toledo is an enterprising city, and has within its limits wealthy citizens who are always eager to work for its benefit and to enhance its standing in the financial, social and political world, there is always found among such men some one who will try to bring odium upon the city by making it prominent in a fight that will be of no interest to anyone except the party with personal aims in view.

The person referred to is no less a personage than W. I. Squire, the president of the republican state organization of republican clubs, who a short time ago lost his pocketbook, and is now seeking to gain notoriety, in a political sense, by establishing what he alleges to be the headquarters of the republican clubs of Ohio in a little six by ten room on East State street in this city, the next door west of the magnificently furnished rooms of the republican state central committee.

The last named have been fitted up in grand style by the tariff barons of Pennsylvania, so that when McKinley and his cohorts meet here for consultation they can have cushioned seats to lounge upon while discussing the best means to employ to defeat the democratic candidate at the election in November.

Without any authority from the executive committee of the republican clubs or from any other recognized authority whatsoever, Squire has opened these headquarters and intends to run a campaign, the end of which is personal to himself, or, in other words, he must have a pledge from Major McKinley before a great deal of work is done, that he shall be appointed commissioner of railroads and telegraphs.

He is not likely to get from McKinley the promise of this position, as he (McKinley) owes much to other men who have and are doing more for him than Squire can possibly do.

Squire's opening of headquarters has cost Mr. Hahn considerable uneasiness, as it is believed that Squire is here in the interest of Foraker and to watch the movements of the republican state executive committee, which, it is alleged, and truly so, is working, through the chairman, in the interest of John Sherman and McKinley.

Everybody knows that Hahn is a fellow citizen of Sherman, and it will be his object every day that he remains in charge of the campaign to further the interests of John Sherman and McKinley and, if by any chance McKinley is elected and Sherman sent to the United States senate, William H. Hahn will receive the appointment of insurance commissioner. The anxiety of a large number of politicians, who are desirous of having their board and expenses paid during the campaign, are well aware of the fact that there is a bountiful supply of funds already in the hands of the treasurer of the committee, some $65,000 having been received, it is alleged, within the past three days, which was raised within the borders of the state of Pennsylvania, from which state it is said that $125,000 will be furnished the committee to aid in the election of McKinley and the return of John Sherman to the United States senate, one of the barons himself, saying that his share should be spent in the nomination and election of senators and representatives who favor the return of the Mansfield statesman to the senate.

The Sherman men are not on top in central Ohio, and it can be said from a careful examination of the members already nominated for both branches of the legislature that Sherman has the majority of them up to this time, and it is expected that a hand to hand contest will be made in Cuyahoga and Lucas counties at the coming county conventions.

It is said that Griffin has made a deal with the Foraker men to receive their united support for anything he may desire before the convention, and the successful carrying out of all plans in the event of his election.

While this fight is being kept up a great deal of talk is being indulged in by different members of the different clicks in this city, and the Foraker men positively say that if Foraker is not to get a fair show, they will see that Foraker, Sherman and McKinley receive black eyes elsewhere.

The expresses and drays of this city are having quite a harvest in driving to and fro from the different townships with Glascow tin, which has been washed and stamped as American tin, all of which emanates from the red brick block on East State street.

Last night it was stated on pretty good authority that Hahn read the riot act to some of the Foraker men telling them that he knew enough to attend to his own business without their assistance, which is true, as he is and always has been an a No. 1 business man.

The Tariff Ghost Won't Down.

While the republicans are manipulating and forming plans for the coming campaign it can be said with a certainty that the republican state executive committee intend to put the tariff to the rear and push the silver question for all it is worth, but in this they are being blocked by a large number of leading republicans, headed by Gen. John Beatty and others, who addressed a communication to Capt. Alfred E. Lee, asking him at what time he could address the people of this city on the subject of tariff; or, in other words, would he not tell the people how they had been robbed and taxed for the benefit of a few barons who have within the past few years become richer while the poor have become poorer.

Capt. Lee is well known to the people of Ohio. He was a brave soldier in the late war, private secretary to President Hayes, and by him appointed counsel to Frankfort-on-the-Main, and at the present time a member of the board of trustees of the Soldiers' and Sailors' Orphans' home at Xenia.

Capt. Lee last fall, at the east front of the state house, made one of the ablest tariff speeches that was made during the campaign. He also made an able tariff speech during Gov. Campbell's first contest for the governorship. The meeting will be held Friday night at the east front of the state house, and every person interested in its success and who are making preparations for the same are leading republicans of the city and business men of the first caliber, and it may be said that each one of them are independent so far as this world's goods go. It is said that Gen. John Beatty will preside at the meeting.

Cincinnati Dems. in Line.

Cincinnati, Aug. 31.—The democratic executive committee met at the Duckworth club Saturday afternoon and re-elected Louis Reemelin chairman of the committee. The meeting was animated and Reemelin made a speech in which he declared that the democratic outlook in Hamilton county was bright and that he would work for the united ticket from Governor Campbell down. Mr. Reemelin's remarks were greeted with immense cheering.

Fairfield Farmers in the Field.

Lancaster, O., Aug. 31.—The Farmers' alliance of this county met in this city at the rooms of the Fairfield Democrat, nominating W. T. Betz, of Pleasant township, for representative, and David Pence for county commissioner. Both are well known and popular farmers of republican proclivities. The democratic candidate for county treasurer, Wm. L. Zeigler, was practically indorsed. No other nominations were made.

Madison Democrats.

London, O., Aug. 31.—Democrats of Madison county met in convention Saturday and selected an excellent ticket. For representative, Howard C. Black, of Darby township; treasurer, E. R. Florence, Union; sheriff, Alvan Loofborrow, of Fairfield; commissioner, M. L. Ray, Oak-; prosecuting attorney, John A. Lin-, Union; infirmary director, Wm. Eucas, of Stokes township; coroner, Michael Fraher, Union.

Mahoning Farmers.

Youngstown, O., Aug. 31.—The people's party of Mahoning county held a convention at Canfield Saturday, nearly every Farmer's alliance sending delegates. Following ticket was selected: Representative, Robert Messner, Milton; county commissioner, T. W. Kobler of Springfield; infirmary director, Thos. P. Decamp, of Youngstown; surveyor, Daniel Richard, of Milton.

They Stand By Sherman.

Akron, O., Aug. 31.—The republican senatorial caucuses to elect delegates to convention of joint twenty-fourth and twenty-sixth districts, to be held in Cleveland to-morrow, were slimly attended. Of 27 delegates elected in this city all but two are said to be favorable to the re-election of Senator Sherman.

Morrow Prohibs.

Mt. Gilead, O., Aug. 31.—The prohibitionists of Morrow county nominated this ticket: Prosecuting attorney, H. H. Harland; commissioner, A. J. Balty; infirmary director, Robert Mosher. The convention of the people's party was also held to-day with this result: Prosecuting attorney, H. D. Weaver; commissioner, Ezra Liggett; infirmary director, Frank Lefever.

Morgan County Democrats.

McConnelsville, O., Aug. 31.—The democrats, in a big convention here, nominated the following ticket: Representative, E. M. Kennedy; sheriff, John Connor; commissioner, Jas. Balling; prosecuting attorney, L. J. Weber; infirmary director, J. V. Conn; coroner, G. W. Huffman.

Van Wert Republicans.

Van Wert, Aug. 31.—Van Wert republicans nominated the following county ticket Saturday, all by acclamation: For representative, E N Runnion; for treasurer, Joseph Boltzem; for sheriff, O W Johnston; for commissioner, J C Robinson; for prosecuting attorney, Guilford L Marble; for infirmary director, D H Edwards; for coroner, Dr Morgan.

Foraker Victory.

Zanesville, Aug 31.—The republican central committee met here Saturday and elected the following committee after an all day's session: Geo R Clements, W H Johnson, A A Frazier, C U Shrylock, Frank M Ford, S A Baldwin, John A Evans, John Hargraves, N L Grant, Wm Miller, Fenton Bagley, David Zimmer, H C Lindsey and W R Mathews.

The delay was caused by a fight between the Foraker and Sherman adherents, and the discussion was very bitter. Colonel Hovey and Red Arled led the Foraker forces, and succeeded in downing the Sherman men to the tune of electing nearly all the committee.

Seneca Republicans.

Tiffin, Aug. 31.—The republicans have nominated the following ticket: Representative, Dr. Wm. Harmon; auditor, W. H. Sclosser; commissioner, David Peters; treasurer, Byron Rule; infirmary director, Eli Spitter; coroner, J. B. Miller.

Opening Place.

Columbus, Aug. 31.—Gov Campbell will open the democratic campaign at Shelby, Thursday, September 17. A joint debate between the two gubernatorial candidates is being arranged for.

Cox Has 'Em in His Pocket.

Cincinnati, Aug. 31.—Ever since the republican county convention was held there has been much speculation as to the preferences of the legislative nominees for United States senator. They are, of course, mum on the subject, and confine themselves to the general statement that the senatorial question can be settled when the republicans get the legislature.

There is a story, however, which, if true, effectually disposes of the matter.

It is said Boss Cox has the written pledges of the republican candidates for the legislature that they will vote for any person be may name for United States senator, and that such a pledge was a condition precedent to their nomination.

This arrangement gives "Coxie, Old Boy" a wide field for operations. Sherman and Foraker are already in sight as senatorial aspirants should the legislature be republican, and there is no telling how many additional entries there will be before the list is closed.

This little arrangement has another advantage in that it enables the republican legislative nominees in the county to say, truthfully, too, that they are not pledged to Sherman, Foraker, Foster or any other man for United States senator. This, of course, tends to preserve harmony in the ranks of the "g. o. p.," and at the same times leaves Boss Cox master of the situation, as far as Hamilton county is concerned, when it comes to the election of United States senator.

Made a Fizzle.

Tiffin, O., Aug. 31.—On the 8th of the present month the people's party of Seneca county met for the purpose of naming a county ticket, but found it expedient to adjourn until Saturday without taking action.

They re-assembled in mass convention at the pavillion in Highland park to the number of less than one hundred. The ticket nominated was as follows: Representative, O. J. Fry; auditor, E. D. Williams; treasurer, James Wilcoxson; commissioner, Jacob Armstrong; infirmary director, Jeremiah Blossom; coroner, Rudolph Emerson.

Mississippi Prohibs.

Jackson, Miss., Aug. 31.—The Mississippi prohibitionists have issued a call for a state convention on September 9.

Williams County Republicans.

Bryan, Aug. 31.—(Special)—Williams county republicans met in convention at Montpelier Saturday and placed the following ticket in the field: Dr. J. W. Williams, Superior township, representative; John C. Bailey, Pioneer, sheriff; George Elliott, West Unity, treasurer; J. U. Bratton, St. Joseph township, commissioner; A. K. Brown, Bridgewater township, infirmary director, John C. Grim, Bryan, surveyor.

Interesting Insurance Case.

Columbus, Aug. 31.—The Dwelling House Insurance company against Edward Avers, error to the circuit court of Sandusky county, is the style of a case filed in the supreme court. Avers insured his barn in the company for $850, which was destroyed by fire. The company set up that Avers had failed to furnish the required proof of loss within 30 days and the common pleas rendered a verdict in their favor.

The circuit court reversed the decision and ordered a new trial which is now sought to have reversed by the supreme court.

Prominent Odd Fellow Dead.

Keokuk, Ia., Aug. 31.—Erie J. Leech, past grand sire of Odd Fellows in the United States, died here Saturday after an illness extending over several years. He was 65 years old.

FELL FROM HIS BALLOON.

Prof. George Hogan Killed in Detroit.

He Lost His Hold When a Thousand Feet High and Was Crushed to a Shapeless Mass.

Detroit, Aug. 31.—The balloon ascension at the exposition grounds Saturday afternoon ended in a frightful tragedy.

Prof. George Hogan, the Jackson, aeronaut, made the ascension, performing the while on the trapeze.

He had reached a height of probably 1,000 feet, and was preparing to cut loose for his descent in the parachute when he lost his hold and fell, striking without the grounds.

Thirty thousand people were witnesses of the horrible spectacle, but no one seemed to comprehend the accident to the doomed man until he had nearly reached the earth.

The body shot through the air with frightful velocity and struck a plank sidewalk head downward. So great was the force that the two inch planks were broken and splintered.

Blood spurted 100 feet from the corpse. Not a bone in the body escaped being broken, and the head was mashed beyond recognition.

Prof. Hogan was about 40 years old and a most daring fellow. He was very skillful in making ascensions, and although he has made a great many has never met with any serious accident.

He was a brother of Prof. Ed Hogan who made the trial trip of Campbell's air ship, two years ago.

The air ship was subsequently found stranded on the Atlantic shore of Long Island, but Hogan was never after heard from, and it is supposed he was drowned in the ocean.

Prof. Geo. Hogan leaves a wife and two children.

MUST SHOW THEIR CARDS

Noble at Last Takes Action in Raum's Case.

The Pension Commissioner Has Been Suspended.

The Secretary of the Interior Has Shielded the Administration Scandal as Long as He Can.

Washington, Aug. 31.—There are some interesting rumors coming from the pension bureau. There are always rumors more or less interesting coming from that source, but the one of particular interest to-day is that Raum has been temporarily suspended by Secretary Noble pending the arrival of the president in Washington. There is no doubt that all the business of the pension bureau has been done for the past month or so by the "acting commissioner."

It is equally certain that Raum has been in town a considerable portion of that time, which is somewhat unusual, and that he has spent much of his time in the bureau and in conference with the chiefs of divisions and politicians, but still the business was officially transacted over the signature of Lincoln, "acting commissioner."

Three or four days ago an old soldier, with a good record, who is also a Grand Army man, made an application for reinstatement in order to be transferred from the pension bureau to some other department of the government.

This man was dismissed about a month or six weeks ago because it was charged that he was unfaithful to Raum or his interesting son, Green B., Jr., who, notwithstanding his dismissal and disgrace, is still a very prominent personage at the bureau. The allegation, of course, was insubordination, but nothing was alleged to bear out the charge.

This is the case of an old soldier of the name of Faucett from Illinois, who was dismissed by Raum more than a month ago. His record in the public service is good. He applied in another department of the public service for employment and was informed that if he could be reinstated in the interior department and get a transfer he could again receive public employment.

This is the only way that old officials get around the civil service regulations. If they are dismissed without adequate cause and can make arrangement to get employment in another arm of the public service within a certain time, if the department in which they were originally employed will reinstate them for a moment the transfer can be made.

Now it happened that Faucett has a splendid record as a clerk in the public service, and also a splendid record as a soldier of the union. He made application for a clerkship in the war department, proved his record and was informed that if he was reinstated by the interior department, which means the pension bureau in his case, he could be transferred without prejudice to immediate service in the war deparment.

It seems that Faucett made an enemy of young Green B. Raum in some way or another, and that interesting young reprobate, who will be indicted by the next grand jury that convenes in this city for a criminal offense, interested himself in defeating the re-employment of the old veteran in the public service.

How it came about, of course, cannot be made clear at this time, but suspicions are strong that young Raum signed his father's stamped signature to the order refusing a recommendation for reinstatement. At any rate, for two weeks previous the signature Lincoln, "acting commissioner," was the general order in the pension bureau, and five minutes after the signature of G. B. Raum, commissioner, was signed to the refusal to recommend the transfer, or rather reinstatement of Faucett, the official orders were again pouring out signed by Lincoln, "acting commissioner."

This suggests a little trickery, and perhaps may be interesting enough to cause an investigation. The report here is that Raum has been suspended by Noble pending the return of the president, and that his interesting son, having a special grievance against Faucett, upon seeing the latter's application for reinstatement lying on his father's desk, without authority of law or of his parent, stamped his father's signature on the document disapproving it.

The circumstances attendant on this case are very suspicious to say the least. Perhaps there is some injustice to people in the suspicion, but everybody in Washington is telling it and talking of it, and it is high time that some responsible official for the interior department took the pains to investigate the matter and make an official denial or send young Raum where he has properly belonged for some time back, that is to jail.

ALL IS NOT HARMONY.

Wood County Repuublicans on the Outs.

The Machine Politicians Ignored the Will of the People and They Will Resent the Action.

Perrysburg, O., Aug. 31.—(Special)—There is an undercurrent of dissatisfaction among the republicans in this township over the result of the recent conventions so far as the candidate for representative is concerned.

It is well known that a large majority of republicans here are hostile to the departure—that of a delegate convention.

It is also a well-known fact that at least four-fifths of the republican voters of this township were favorable to the nomination of Mr. O. P. Norris for representative, because he has grown up with the county and is thoroughly identified with the interests of Wood county people.

To see him set aside for one whose arrival in the county has been of recent date and who is still young in years, is not received with supreme satisfaction.

They argue that Mr. Norris was regularly nominated at a mass convention of republicans, and to repudiate his nomination in the delegate convention is regarded as ignoring the voice of the people, and characterizing the first convention simply as a piece of machine politics.

It is a significant fact that the candidates of the first convention and their supporters took as active a part in the delegate convention as they did in the mass convention, showing that they cared but little as to the method of getting there, so they got there. They cared nothing for the principle involved or the proprieties of the occasion—that was a secondary consideration altogether.

Republican politicians and republican newspapers may claim that all is lovely in the party and that all differences are healed, but those who quietly observe the trend of public opinion know that such is not the case. Dissensions in the party have not been healed, and with this disorganization the ultimate success of the republican ticket in Wood county is not of the most assuring character.

If the democracy of old Wood in their convention make careful and judicious selections and place a strong ticket in the field there will be a good chance of electing their representative and probably a good portion of the county ticket.

It is well known that the republican majority in Wood county is growing smaller year after year, and who knows but that this year may witness the revolution complete.

Headache, neuralgia, dizziness, nervousness, spasms, sleeplessness, St. Vitus dance cured by Dr. Miles' Nervine. Samples free at druggists; by mail 10c. Miles Med. Co., Elkhart, Ind.

IN A MILKY WAY.

Cincinnati People Get Into Trouble by Working the Pump.

Cincinnati, Aug. 31.—Some time ago a friend of Health Officer Pendergast said to him: "Say, doctor, I have a relative who is a milk-wagon driver, and he tells me that the drivers have a picnic on Sundays in the way of watering milk. There is no inspector out that day, and they use water pretty freely."

This little hint was acted upon very promptly by the health officer.

Milk Inspector Hart and his assistant, Sunday, a week ago, started out bright and early and took 18 samples. These were given to a chemist, who Saturday morning reported that of the 18 samples 11 were watered.

The chemist, in making his report, said: "Why, some of those fellows must have simply colored the water, so thoroughly was the milk adulterated."

One driver made the remark that he had made on one Sunday $3.20 for himself by watering his milk. The milk inspector acting upon the report of the chemist swore to warrants for 11 milkmen.

AT A CATHOLIC PICNIC.

Fr. McGuire's Popularity Continues to Grow.

A Reporter Put in a Pleasant Day at One of His Popular Outings.

Wauseon, Aug. 31.—(Special)—Away over in the north-east part of Fulton county is a cross-roads called St. Mary's. On one corner is a fair sized store, on the opposite a handsome brick and stone Catholic church that would be a credit to many large towns.

The community, owe not only this, but also the large increase in the number of parishioners and the good feeling that exists between the different denominations to the indomitable energy of one man.

Some eight or ten years ago Father McGuire was given charge of the parish, he found it weak and struggling hard to maintain an existence.

Rival factions were arrayed against each other and barely enough money could be raised to keep a priest, while the church was a small frame building in the greatest need of repairs which could not be made on account of the scarcity of funds.

Father McGuire immediately set to work healing the dissensions among his followers and among other things instituted an annual Catholic picnic.

These picnics have so grown in popularity that the attendance has sometimes reached as high as 4,000 and receipts have been as high as $1,200.

Father McGuire's personality is such that not only Catholics but members of every Protestant denomination attend these picnics, enjoying themselves equally as well, no distinction being made on account of religious belief.

The good father has succeeded in erecting one of the finest churches in the county, five miles north of Swanton, and has started another at Swanton. He has a full brass as well as a string band, and above all he has the entire confidence and respect of every one with whom he comes in contact.

It was the reporters' good fortune to attend one of these annual picnics, and although it looked very much like rain and in fact did sprinkle several times, the attendance was fully 2,000.

This picnic was held for a splendid good time. The dancing stage was filled during the day; the merry-go-round was kept busy. The lemonade and ice cream stands took in large sums of money, while the contests for the gold watch, the 2-year-old colt, etc., were well patronized.

The dinner, well, that was indescribable; 150 plates spread upon clean cloth covered temporary board tables, beneath the finest trees in the grove, with everything at hand you desired. It was no wonder that hundreds availed themselves of the opportunity and the waiters looked tired and worn.

After music by the brass band Hon. E. H. Saulsbury, of Adrian, Mich., was introduced by P. J. Chase, prosecuting attorney of Fulton county, who, in a neat little speech, asked the audience to excuse the absence of L. M. Murphy, of Toledo, who was to have made the first speech, and stated that Mr. Saulsbury would endeavor to occupy the time allotted to Mr. Murphy as well as his own.

Mr. Saulsbury upon opening stated that he was surprised to be called upon to address a meeting of farmers, as they usually found lawyers' talk about the most expensive kind of wind there was, without perhaps the preacher.

He then paid an eloquent tribute to the soldiers of the late war—described his sensations while visiting the great national cemetery at Gettysbury—and stated the nation owed to them more than it could ever repay.

He blessed the old pioneers present and eulogized them for the legacy they are handing down to posterity in the shape of improved farming lands.

He advised the boys to stay upon the farm as it was the foundation of national prosperity and was the noblest occupation he could find.

In closing he stated that we were about entering upon a great campaign and although he himself was a democrat he advised every one present to read not only his own party organs but those of the opposition; to study the question well and vote conscientiously, whether it be republican, democratic or something else.

Mr. Saulisbury sandwiched in some very witty stories every few minutes and was frequently interrupted by hearty applause.

Mr. Saulsbury is a ready speaker and adapted himself to his mixed audience with the utmost facility.

Among the expected guests whose absence was much regretted were Hon. D. D. Donavan, Hon. Jno. Ryan and L. M. Murphy.

May Father McGuire's picnics grow in popularity is the wish of all who attended, as a more decorous gathering with a splendid good time, it would be impossible to find.

It will also be hoped by every one who knows this indefatigable priest that he will be as successful in building his church at Swanton as he has been off here in the country at St. Mary's Corners.

CHARGED WITH EMBEZZLEMENT

Dayton Man Must Answer to the Courts for His Deeds.

Dayton, O., Aug. 31.—John Wells, who up to March last was the cashier and paymaster at the knife and bar works at Anderson, Ind., was arrested here late Friday night on a charge of embezzlement, preferred by the officers of the works.

Wells was taken to jail and will have a hearing before the common pleas court pending his extradition. The prisoner is a native of this city and son of Rev. W. G. Wells, a highly respected minister of the United Brethren church. The amount of his alleged embezzlement from the Anderson establishment is fixed at $600.

Wells denies any knowledge of any shortage that can be credited to his administration, and says he is innocent of the charge.

On the other hand the officers of the institution say that he manipulated the funds in such an adroit manner that it was only recently that they discovered crooked work and that they are now on the books in expectation of finding other evidences of peculation.

Wells, it is said, is fond of whisky and poker, and his friends say that if he had misused funds the cause can readily be determined.

Tax Settlements.

Columbus, Aug. 31.—The following counties have settled with the auditor of state for the August collection of taxes:

Butler county—Total collections $248,166.57, state's portion $41,163.41.

Henry county—Total collections $62,381.13, state's portion $6,620.70.

Adams county—Total collections $63,348.46, state's portion $7,801.28.

Fairfield county—Total collections $131,906.65, state's portion $26,161.81.

Champaign county—Total collections $145,882.95, state's portion $27,508.51.

Lucas county—Total collections $651,356.41, state's portion $52,979.77.

Putnam county—Total collections $80,910.53, state's portion $10,069.38.

A Collector Short.

Springfield, O., Aug. 31.—Dispatches from New Albany, Ind., stated that James Townsend, agent for Harder, Bushnell & Glessner, has been collecting money and failed to remit. Townsend has skipped. The firm will not state how much he has stolen, but it is expected to run into the thousands.

WHY SHERMAN DODGED.

The McKinley End of the Battle Was Loaded.

Republican Party Figures Condemn the Measure.

An Interesting Review of What Protection Has Done for the People of Ohio in Past Years.

Cincinnati, Aug. 31.—W. A. Taylor sends the Enquirer the following interesting story, which every reader of the public press should carefully study and then argue with himself whether or not he will vote for the author of the famous bill which has made such a state of affairs possible.

During the week the republican press of the state has been publishing the comparative figures of the census bureau, showing the increase in wealth in Ohio from 1860 to 1890.

This increase, it is claimed, is the direct and sole result of protection and McKinleyism during the past thirty years. For the sake of the argument, let us admit it.

But at the same time let us give the figures, not in a meaningless aggregate, but more analytically, taking not the census bureau figures, which for 1890 are notoriously incorrect and incomplete, but those in the annual reports of the secretary of the state of Ohio, which are much more reliable.

Population, wealth and social conditions are so intimately connected that the statisticians always group them together. What affects one must affect the other. This being admitted, the following statistics are worth studying:

1. Population of Ohio, 1860, 2,339,511; 1870, 2,665,260; 1880, 3,198,062; 1890, 3,672,316. Increase in thirty years, 1,332,805, or 60 per cent., being 2 per cent. each year.

2. Total wealth of all kinds: 1860, $888,302,601; 1870, $1,167,731,697; 1880, $1,558,215,965; 1890, $1,778,138,477. Increase in thirty years, $889,825,876, or 100 per cent., being 3 1-3 per cent. a year.

3. Values of city real estate: 1860, $147,147,218; 1870, $329,106,448; 1880, $412,683,314; 1890, $506,663,058. Increase in 30 years, $359,521,840, or 243 per cent., being 8 1-3 per cent. each year.

4. Values of farm lands: 1860, $486,068,529; 1870, $684,338,058; 1880, $648,826,516; 1890, $725,642,254. Increase in 30 years, $239,573,726, or 48 per cent., being 1 1-2 per cent. each year.

5. Total state, county and local taxation: 1860, $10,817,676; 1870, $23,463,331; 1880, $29,092,048; 1890, $37,637,940. Increase in 30 years, $26,820,264, or 265 per cent., being 8 6-6 per cent. each year.

6. Total state taxes: 1860, $3,503,713; 1870, $4,666,42; 1880, $4,513,240; 1890, $1,798,635. Increase in 30 years, $1,,294,922, or 37 per cent., being 1 1-4 per cent. each year.

7. Paupers supported at public expense: 1860, 14,103; 1870, 21,256; 1880, 35,878; 1890, 44,306. Increase in 30 years, 30,203, or 214 per cent., being 7 1-7 per cent. each year.

8. Criminals confined in jail: 1860, 3,122; 1870, 5,603; 1880, 7,263; 1890, 9,461. Increase in 30 years, 6,339, or 230 per cent., beng 7 1-3 per cent. each year.

Assuming that the tariff affects the aggregate wealth of the state it is equally true that it effects all the other subjects enumerated.

The foregoing statistics disclose these facts, that during the 30 years, from 1860 to 1890:

1. The population increased 2 per cent. annually. 2. Wealth of all kinds increased 3 1-3 per cent. annually. 3. City real estate increased in value 8 1-3 per cent. annually. 4. Farm lands increased in value 1 1-2 per cent. annually. 5. Taxes for all purposes increased 8 5-6 per cent. annually. 6. State taxation increased 1 1-4 per cent. annually. 7. Paupers increased 7 1-7 per cent. annually. 8. Criminals increased 7 1-3 per cent. annually.

How has the farmer fared during the thirty years in which the aggregate wealth of the state has doubled itself?

During that period real estate has appreciated 300 per cent. in round numbers. The farmer gets 50 per cent. of the increase and the owner of city property gets 250 per cent.

The increase of his state taxes is equal almost to the increase in his farm values. His total taxes are 7 per cent. annually in excess of the percentage of increased value of his farm.

Where he formerly had to support one pauper he must now support three and a fraction. While population has increased at the rate of 2 per cent., pauperism has increased at the rate of 7 1-7 per cent. annually.

Criminals have increased at the same rate.

It is hardly to be wondered that Senator John Sherman absolutely refuses to discuss the tariff issue with the farmers, when the very figures presented by his party in behalf of protection prove conclusively that it robs the farmer of his share of the increasing wealth of the state and trebles pauperism and crime.

The senator evidently knows a back-action argument when he see it, and he prefers to rail at the silver dollar rather than champion land piracy.

In 1860 the value of farm lands was 300 per cent. greater than the value of city real estate. In 1890 it was but 70 per cent., a loss of 230 per cent.

If the tariff caused the increase in the wealth, it regulated the distribution, logically causing the heavy loss to the farmer and increasing pauperism.

That it regulated the distribution is beyond cavil.

But what does it profit the farmer and the workingman if the tariff turn out millinaires by the gross, if they lose every thing and gravitate into pauperism in the end?

Be Sure

If you have made up your mind to buy Hood's Sarsaparilla do not be induced to take any other. A Boston lady, whose example is worthy imitation, tells her experience below:

"In one store where I went to buy Hood's Sarsaparilla the clerk tried to induce me buy their own instead of Hood's; he told me their's would last longer; that I might take it on ten

To Get

days' trial; that if I did not like it I need not pay anything, etc. But he could not prevail on me to change. I told him I had taken Hood's Sarsaparilla, knew what it was, was satisfied with it, and did not want any other. When I began taking Hood's Sarsaparilla I was feeling real miserable with dyspepsia, and so weak that at times I could hardly

Hood's

stand. I looked like a person in consumption. Hood's Sarsaparilla did me so much good that I wonder at myself sometimes, and my friends frequently speak of it." Mrs. Ella A. Goff, 61 Terrace Street, Boston.

Sarsaparilla

Sold by all druggists. $1; six for $5. Prepared only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass.

100 Doses One Dollar

Legal Notice.

Jane M. Kellogg, who resides at No. 702 Post street, San Francisco, California, will take notice that on the 11th day of July, A. D. 1891, in the court of common pleas of Lucas county, Ohio, where the action is now pending, the undersigned, John T. Kellogg, filed his petition against said Jane M. Kellogg, praying for a divorce from her.

The said Jane M. Kellogg is required to answer the petition in said action not later than six (6) weeks after the 13th day of July, A. D. 1891, the date of the first publication of this notice, or such divorce may be granted.

JOHN T. KELLOGG.

mon jy13,20,27aug3,10,17

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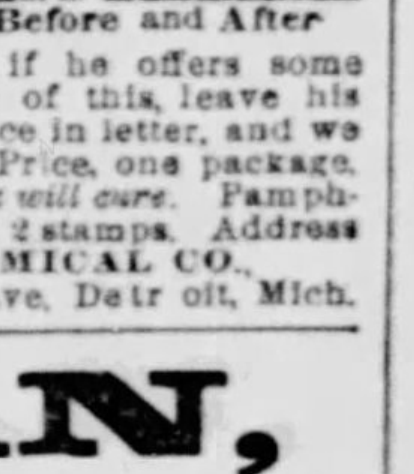

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If from self abuse while young, or over indulgence in later years you have become sexually weak, and would be made strong—if you are strong but would be more vigorous, send four cents in stamps, for our Medical Book, and List of Questions, which will be sent free, sealed, and in a plain envelope, secure from observation. Address, THE EVANS MEDICINE CO., Cleveland, Ohio.

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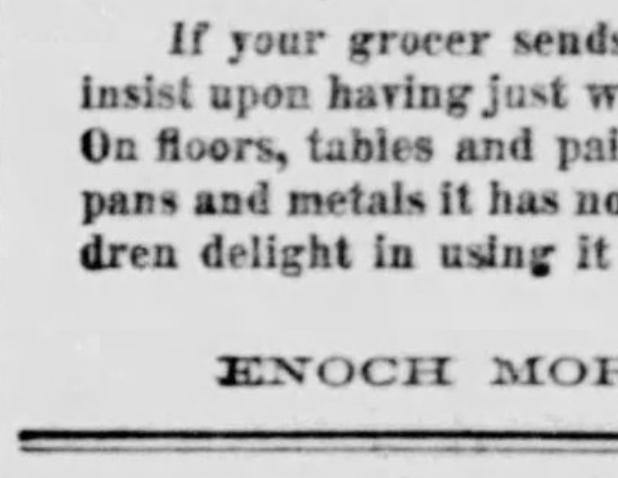

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We will sell one wringer to one family at one-half regular price. Cut out this notice and bring it with you. Wringer fully guaranteed. Money returned if not satisfactory.

HOOD BROS. CO., 616 ADAMS STREET

HARBOR AND LAKE NEWS

Some Information as to Light Houses.

Another Whaleback Launched—Some Changes in Captains—General and Local Marine.

Special marine weather bulletin, compiled from the agricultural department weather map, observations taken at 8 a. m.:

Port.	Bar.	Tem.	Wind. Dir.	Vel.	State of We'r.
Oswego	30.12	62	SE	8	clear
Buffalo	30.10	64	SE	lt	cloudy
Cleveland	30.14	58	S	lt	clear
Toledo	30.18	58	NW	lt	cloudy
Port Huron	30.16	56	SW	lt	cloudy
Alpena	30.22	56	NE	lt	cloudy
Green Bay	30.24	54	N	12	cloudy
Milwaukee	30.16	56	NW	18	cloudy
Grand Haven	30.14	52	NE	6	cloudy
Chicago	30.14	60	NE	10	clear
Sault Ste. Marie	30.22	56	NE	lt	clear
Marquette	30.22	56	NW	lt	clear
Duluth	30.24	56	E	lt	cloudy

Lake Region Forecasts for Western New York—Some cloudiness and local showers; variable winds; no decided change in temperature; continued cool and fair weather is probable Tuesday.

For Ohio—Generally fair, except scattered showers in northern part; fair and slightly warmer Tuesday.

For lower Michigan and Indiana—Continued cool, generally fair weather; fair and slightly warmer Tuesday.

For upper Michigan and Wisconsin—Continued cool and fair; variable winds; warmer and fair Tuesday.

For Illinois:—Slightly warmer and generally fair Tuesday.

Changes in Captains.

Captain Herrick, of this city, having resigned command of the steamer A. L. Hopkins, his place is filled by Captain Frank Stanton, formerly of the Saginaw Valley. The Valley will be commanded by Captain Steve Chatterson, formerly of the Badger State. The change was at Port Huron Saturday morning. Captain Herrick is now at home in this city.

Lighthouse Matters.

The lighthouse construction steamer Warrington left Detroit Saturday for Seul Choix Point, Lake Michigan, with a lot of building material for the new lighthouse to be erected at that point. Superintendent Todt is aboard and will look after the work, which will be commenced inside of a week. The cost of the lighthouse, which will be a brick structure with stone trimmings, will be about $15,000. The light will be a permanent fixed red of the third order.

Proposals are about to be advertised for the construction of a lighthouse on Old Mackinaw Point, Lake Michigan. This will also be a brick building with stone trimmings, to cost about $18,000. The light will be of the fourth order flashing red every ten seconds. There will also be a double dwelling house to accommodate the two keepers. This light may not be ready before next spring, while the Seul Choix light, it is thought, will be in operation before the close of the season.

Two fog signals are now in course of construction in this city for the Point au Bees Scies light. They are ten-inch steam whistles with a five-second blast alternating every ten and forty seconds. It is thought they will be put up before the last of September.

Another Whaleback.

West Superior, August 31.—Steel barge 116 was launched at the American Steel Barge company's shipyards at 3 p. m. Saturday. The docks are now all clear except that the keels are laid for Nos. 117 and 118. Eight more of the whaleback type will be on the ways before December 1.

Snags.

The schooners Hallaran, Davis and yesterday with a load of hard coal.

The M. B. Grover has been chartered to carry coal from Toledo to the head of Lake Superior at 50 cents.

The schooners Hallaran, Davis and Houghton, light, were brought in from the lake this morning by the tug Schenck.

A pile driver belonging to Rooney being taken up Swan creek Saturday afternoon by the tug Rooney was damaged somewhat by striking the Perry street bridge.

The work of raising the sunken Pontiac is progressing most favorably at the Soo and it is expected to start her for Cleveland with her own power before the week is ended.

The schooner Canton is at the Ohio Central docks with a cargo of ore. She arrived here in a somewhat damaged condition, her bulwarks being stove in and her mainboom gone.

A BRIDE OF A DAY

Left to Mourn the Loss of Her Husband.

Suicide of Orin Wisely at Findlay Under Peculiar and Distressing Circumstances.

Findlay, O., Aug. 31.—(Special)—Marion township, east of the city, has a very sad sensation this morning, which has thoroughly stirred up this usually quiet neighborhood.

Orin, the eldest son of George W. Wiseley, was married yesterday to a young lady by the name of Marvin, living near his father's residence.

This morning he was found fatally shot and in a dying condition in the barn at his home.

His parents and his bride for a day are nearly distracted over the sad affair.

The young man was about 25 years old and was well thought of, although inclined to imbibe too freely.

It is thought to be a deliberate suicide and no good reason can be given for it.

The sad event has cast a gloom over the entire neighborhood.

PERSONAL MENTION.

L. C. Snyder, of Whitehouse, is in the city.

Mrs. Deutschmann has gone to Chicago for a two weeks' visit with friends.

Mr. and Mrs. L. C. Cole and Mrs. J. R. Haskey, of Bowling Green, are in the city to-day.

Mr. and Mrs. H. V. Shulters, Summit street, have returned from their visit at Painesville.

Mrs. E. T. Waite, Prescott street, has returned with her family after a pleasant visit at the islands.

Miss Lena Glick, of Cleveland, is in the city visiting with friends. Miss Glick formerly resided in Toledo.

Mr. Chas. Cefel and wife have returned from Battle Creek, where they have been for some time for the benefit of Mrs. Cefel's health.

Mrs. James Dority is contemplating removing to Brooklyn, N. Y., for the benefit of her daughters who wish to still further pursue their studies.

Masters Thomas Redding, Charles Herr, John Shannon and Frank Jacobi left Saturday evening on the Russell Sage for Buffalo to attend college.

Mrs. F. L. Gregory who has been in Europe the past month has returned. She was met on her return by Mr. Gregory and they are spending a couple of weeks at Ocean Grove, N. J.

The Misses Emma Nicklet, Alta Beard, Jennie Jones and Carrie Beatty have returned from a three weeks' trip to Montreal, Quebec and other points. The young ladies report a delightful time.

The friends of Mrs. Henry Roe, of 226 Beacon street, will be pleased to learn that she is making an excellent recovery from the operation performed Wednesday last, in which an ovarian tumor weighing 30 pounds was removed.

Double Murder.

Hartford, Conn., Aug. 31.—A double murder was discovered in Bloomfield this morning when the bodies of a German farmer and his wife were found in a well. It is supposed that they were killed by Italian laborers, who have been employed in the vicinity of their home.

CURTAINS AND DRAPERIES | We are arranging a most extensive department of Draperies, embracing all styles of Lace Curtains. Come and inspect the line. Special prices to make the effort a success. STOLBERG & PARKS.

The will of Magdelena Hazlesmith was presented for probate to-day.

ROBINWOOD AVENUE.

Handsome Buildings Going up Along the New Thoroughfare.

While great improvments have been the order of the day in the Seventh ward for a year or more past in the way of new residences, there is no street probably that will forge to the front more rapidly or see as great improvments in the next year or two, as will Robinwood avenue.

As showing to some extent the way the building boom is striking Robinwood, the following improvements, already in progress and soon to commence, may be noted: Wm. H. Boos is building two nice residences; Mr. E. O. Paddock has broken ground for a $14,000 home. Mr. J. E. Parsons will soon build near the corner of Bancroft a fine home for his own occupancy. Mr. W. H. A. Read and Mr. B. G. McMechen will both soon build on Robinwood avenue. Clifford Lamb will build this season, as will also Mrs. S. H. Ayres. Another fine residence is to be built adjoining that of Mr. Paddock, and this will be entirely of stone, costing upwards of $40,000. Several more improvements are contemplated but these are assured.

ON BOARD THE CHICAGO.

Blaine Attends a Social Gathering.

Harrison and Company Will Have to Take New Tack to Keep the Secretary Sick.

Bar Harbor, Me., Aug. 31.—At last after waiting patiently all summer Bar Harbor has had the pleasure of seeing Secretary Blaine at a social gathering.

The reception Saturday on board the Chicago was honored by his presence, and for that fact if for no other was the event of the season.

The ship was converted into a bower of bunting. Flags of all nations were displayed in elegant profusion and flowers and evergreens were in abundance.

Admiral Walker received the guests, assisted by the captains of that and the other ships. The band discoursed excellent music, and there was dancing.

Mr. Blaine and his party were the center of attraction.

BULLY FOR THE SHAMROCK.

Return of the Yacht With a Party of Toledoans.

A merry party has just returned all covered with glory from a two week's cruise on the yacht Shamrock. The party consisted of Vice Commodore Ed Mitchell, of the Toledo Yacht club; Capt. C. F. Curtis, of the Fanchon; Jethro Mitchell, Fred Gruber and C. W. Klauser. In response to an invitation from Algonac, Mich., to the Ohio Yacht club, to be represented at the races at that place, the Shamrock first turned her nose in that direction. The Shamrock was entered against 18 boats in a race of 12 miles, and came out victorious with a 20 minutes lead. The Shamrock's principal opponent was the Ethel, of Marine City, a first-class boat, 41 feet on the water line, thought to be invincible.

The Ethel is an eastern boat of some note and the work of the Shamrock was an eye-opener to the natives. The Lulu B and the Aldena were also in the race. The first money was $50.

The party then proceeded to St. Clair, having a tilt with everything they met and coming out winner in every instance. They beat the Albroak, a crack boat, owned by the Mayor of Windsor, and performed other feats that will be the talk in northern waters for some time to come.

WILL THEY EVER QUIT?

Another Parachute Jumper Fatally injured.

Prof. Hart Gets Tangled Up With the Trees in Chicago and Falls to the Ground.

Chicago, Aug. 31.—Prof. Hart, a parachute jumper, was fatally hurt yesterday afternoon at Spring Grove park, near this city, while attempting to make an ascension. The balloon had risen about 30 feet when the rope became entangled in the branches of a tree. Hart was on a trapeze and when the balloon began swaying lost his hold and fell to the ground. He received injuries which will cause his death.

LOCAL HAPPENINGS.

Two cases of lunacy are pending in probate court to-day.

To-night at Odeon Hall Prof. Williams' Dancing Academy opens; $6 per term.

The cases against Kate Evoy and her girls are being heard in police court this afternoon.

Rev. A. G. Jennings preached yesterday morning on the evils of gambling before a large congregation.

The Kumler family held a reunion at the Butler county fair grounds Saturday. There were 200 persons present.

The county auditor to-day issued a warrant for $257,231.87, the balance due the city from the June collection of taxes.

Several cases of saloons being open yesterday were reported at the police station this morning, and a few arrests will follow.

While Toledo has had many heavy years in the laying of new pavements, it is known that the present year will exceed any of the past.

The county commissioners this morning acted favorably on the ditch petitioned for by L. Strong, et al., and the day of sal fixed September 10.

Chas. Cefel, the Jefferson street hatter, is back again to business, and those wishing the latest styles of fall hatwear, should not fail to see Mr. Cefel.

Waterworks trustees hold their monthly session to-morrow, and will decide on the question of moving into the office now occupied by Auditor Walker.

The charters for the Lumber and Tallymen's union and Blacksmith's union arrived this afternoon. The lumber and tallymen will meet to-night.

Street Commissioner Bowers has put a good force of men at work on Dorr street, to improve its condition before the opening of the exposition next week.

About 300 Toledo drummers attended the Detroit exposition Saturday. John Gunckel went along to see that the "innocent men" were not imposed upon.

Jerome Arkenburg, Hugh Smith, Joseph Corway and John Leggs were arrested yesterday by Detectives Duffy and Gilroy for breaking into Bell's soap factory.

A number of Toledoans will go over to the Detroit exposition this week, and of course it is expected that the Detroiters will return the compliment next week.

A movement is on foot to remodel the Hotel Industry with a view to greater usefulness, and a meeting for this purpose will be held on Wednesday night in the Darst block.

The republican convention next Saturday will be called on to act on the recommendation of the county committee fixing future mode of selecting delegates and nominating a ticket.

The attention of the health officer is directed to the alley north of the Boody house. The odor arising therefrom is very loud and indicates an exceedingly unhealthy state of affairs.

The time is at hand when Methodist preachers generally are figuring as to where they will reside next year. Methodist appointments as a rule are mighty uncertain, since the old pates have been left.

The following drunks were disposed of in police court this morning: A. J. Parker, $10 bail forfeited; August Ehrhardt, costs; James Grady, costs; Joseph Roder, $5 and costs; James McCaffery, $5 bail forfeited; Baxter Davis, $5 and costs; Joseph Snyder, Costs; Frank McDonald, costs.

Anna Blackstone, of Auburndale, was found by Officer Gilroy early yesterday morning in an unconscious condition on St. Clair street. She was taken to the police station and medical aid was called. The woman was suffering from an attack of convulsions, and after a little rest and sleep she was able to go home.

SOME SPICY CURRENT TOPICS

Of Local and Neighborhood Interest.

Notes and Comments on Incidents Occurring Daily—Prepared for Readers Who are Hustled for Time.

CENTRAL AVENUE STONE ROAD.

The county commissioner, Deputy Auditor Ely, Prosecutor Barber, the surveyors interested, and a committee of citizens will go out and inspect the stone work of the Central avenue stone road, which has been uncovered.

STILL INVESTIGATING.

Detective McLaughlin spent Sunday in the neighborhood of Carey and Columbus Grove and thinks he has gained some valuable information concerning the actions and whereabouts of James Roberts on the day of the murder.

ANNUAL PIONEER MEETING.

The Maumee Valley Monumental association will hold its annual meeting at Put-in-Bay September 10, which is the anniversary of Perry's victory. Hon. Cassius M. Clay will be the orator of the day. A big time is anticipated.

WILL HAVE A CHANCE TO REPENT.

John Isenhardt, who was sent to the stoneyard last week for abusing his family, escaped, but was re-arrested and brought back to the police station. An additional 40 days was added to his sentence, which will keep him at the works until winter.

YOU CAN REGISTER TO-MORROW.

The board of elections will be formally ensconsed in headquarters at 318 Summit street on and after to-morrow. Registration books will be opened for the accommodation of voters who will not be able to be in the city on regular registration days.

SUIT AGAINST THE CITY.

John Bayer instituted proceedings in common pleas court to-day against the city of Toledo, to enjoin the city clerk from certifying to the county auditor assessments for the paving of Bancroft and Warren streets, abutting lot 133, Hill's addition. Judge Lemmon granted a temporary restraining order.

DON'T WANT TO LET THEM GO.

The village of Maumee began action in common pleas court to-day against Max Carl and James Van Deventer to procure an injunction restraining the defendants from tearing down or removing any part of a building on the property of the plaintiff, which was formally occupied by the defendants in the manufacture of window glass.

THE INFIRMARY DIRECTORS.

The infirmary directors held their quarterly meeting at the farm Saturday. They made the usual customary tour of inspection and audited a schedule of bills. A report of disbursements was submitted to the county commissioners to-day. It shows the city expenses for the month of August to be $1,000.98; township, $342.11; infirmary, $1,000.63, which includes $646.45 salary for the quarter.

BOND SALE TO-NIGHT.

The ways and means committee meets at 7 o'clock to-night to receive bids for the following bond issues: Improvement of Washington street from Seventeenth to Collingwood avenue, $8,034; Superior street from Cherry to Elm, $14 729.56; Illinois street from Washington to Division, $11,037.23. The bonds bear interest at the rate of 5 per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually.

THE CITY HAD NO CASE.

The case of George Fedderkam, charged with keeping a house of ill-fame, and his wife Lena and Mrs. Sada Kerney, charged with residing in the same, came up again in police court this morning. Attorney Parks Hone appeared for the defendants this time. No additional evidence as to the place was introduced, and the defendants were discharged.

ST. JOHN'S LUTHERAN CHURCH.

St. John's German Lutheran church on Erie street was filled at all of the services yesterday, on the occasion of its rededication. Sermons were delivered by Revs. Bauer, of Ida, Mich.; Leading, of Perrysburg, and Sschmeltz, of Toledo. The pastor, Rev. Proettinger, performed the service of dedication in an impressive manner. The church was beautifully decorated in honor of the occasion.

PREPARING A LUNCH STAND.

The non-partisan W. C. T. U. met with Mrs. J. L. Watson on Franklin avenue Saturday evening with a good attendance. In the absence of the president, Mrs. J. M. Mixer presided. The principal business of the meeting was to complete arrangements for a lunch stand which the ladies are to conduct at the fair next week. Mrs. Mixer, Mrs. McGlone, Mrs. Wilson and Mrs. Farrar were appointed a committee to prepare the booth, and they will get it in shape for business by next Monday. Another meeting will be held at Mrs. Watson's on next Saturday evening.

Y. M. C. A. TENNIS TOURNAMENT.

In the tennis tournament at Y. M. C. A. outing grounds Saturday, Fred D. Tracy and J. M. Osborn, jr., won doubles from Burton Waldorf and N. B. Goodnow in best two out of three sets. First two was 6-2; second, 6-1. In singles Fred D. Tracy won from B. Waldorf, best two out of three sets. First set 6-2; second, 6-0. Singles between N. B. Goodnow and Jesse Young to be finished in a few days. Those who wish to enter the tennis tournament commencing Thursday should leave their names at the Y. M. C. A. office.

A HARD LOT.

Wm. Johnson, his wife Anna Johnson, and Anna Driscoll, all old timers and J. J. Coffee, were arraigned in police court this morning charged with disturbance, and Johnson was charged with keeping a disorderly house. They were a most depraved and vile-looking crowd and the testimony showed that Johnson's house is a bad place. His family have only been out of the work-house one week, but they became so noisy about 2 o'clock Sunday morning that the officers arrested them. Coffee was discharged, Johnson was fined $15 and costs and 10 days. The women were fined $10 and costs each.

A GENUINE BABEL.

Earnest Glassner and Joseph Albrecht were arraigned in police court this morning on a charge of disturbance. The men are brothers-in-law and each claimed that the other was at fault. Neither could speak English and Deputy Clerk Tanner was obliged to act as interpreter. The wife of Albrecht could speak nothing but Polish and Officer Powder acted as interpreter for her. It developed to be a family row and all commenced scolding in their several tongues in the police court and a most amusing scene ensued. Each defendant was let off with the costs.

SUIT AGAINST "CITY OF TOLEDO."

Lillian F. Jameson brought action in common pleas court to-day against the owner of the steamer City of Toledo, to recover $5,000 damages for injury.

It seems that she was stewardess of the boat, and on July 16, at 10 p. m., she boarded the boat, but in doing so was compelled to clamber over the side, the gang plank not being out. In doing so, she states that she jumped on a ballast cask and sustained serious and permanent injury. She charges the management of the boat with criminal careless and neglect in not having the plank out and the lights burning.

PRESQUE ISLE CLOSED.

Presque Isle park, Toledo's popular resort, closed a trifle earlier than usual this season, yesterday being the last day. Large crowds paid a farewell visit to the park, and a big day's business was done. The past season has been a good one, though no wonderful boom has taken place. Immense numbers of people have visited the pretty park, and they have been transported to and from the city by the steamers without any accident or injury of any character, and there have been but few delays. During good weather the Pastime will continue to run excursions down the bay, both in the afternoon and evening.

STREET CARS AND THE PERRY STREET BRIDGE.

The street railway companies are still having a hard time on the Perry street bridge. On Saturday afternoon an electric car jumped the track and traffic was blockaded for half an hour, which is a most serious matter at this place. Some new rail was put on the Ottawa street curve at the end of the bridge yesterday. This has a high guard and will assist the cars, but it has made a bad place for wagons. The Robison company is to-day placing a box-like trough over the trolley wire, and while the work is going on the electric cars are being pulled across the bridge with horses.

OFF FOR A NEW FIELD.

Col. James M. Wells, special examiner of the United States pension bureau, has been transferred from Toledo, O., to Laporte, Ind. He started for his new post of duty this morning. The veterans of northwestern Ohio will learn of the colonel's transfer from among them with sincere regret. He has been stationed at Toledo for five years, and the old soldiers have come to regard him with genuine affection and esteem. Their best wishes will go with him and his good wife in his new field of labor. His work among the veterans here is everywhere appreciated, and they look upon him as emphatically their friend. He is a charter member of Volunteer post, G. A. R., of this city. He goes to Laporte, Ind., because the special work here is practically finished. It is hoped that he may return to become a citizen of Toledo, to which it is well known he has become strongly attached.

IS PLAYING IN LUCK.

Fortunes Drifted Away Like Summer Sigh,

But When One Was Gone Somebody Was Kind Enough to Leave Him Another.

New York, Aug. 31.—Constantine Ashargan, once a millionaire, now a $10-a-week clerk, called upon Inspector Arberdy, ex-consul to Jerusalem, at the barge office to-day.

Constantine inherited a million dollars upon the death of his father, a wealthy manufacturer of Athens, whose only son he was, and he proceeded at once to take all the enjoyment he could out of it.

He built a large amphitheater in the suburbs of Athens, and besides introducing all the sensual revelries of eastern continental cities he tried to revive the games known to his ancestors.

His money went in streams, and one morning, after a week's debauch, and when he was about 25 years old, he came to his senses, a penniless bankrupt.

Shortly afterwards his mother died and left him another million dollars. It took him seven years to squander the first; it took him eight years to squander the second.

He purchased a costly steam yacht, furnished it gorgeously, employed, employed a retinue of servants, and preceeded to Constantinople, where he emulated his career in Athens.

He fought a duel with a young Russian Nobleman, and then tiring of Constantinople, he went to Rome.

His money finally ran out, and he came to this country, landed at San Francisco, and "beat" his way to New York, where, after roughing it for awhile, he secured a position as a clerk.

He came to see Interpreter Arberdy to-day with regard to a third fortune which an uncle of his in Alexandria has left him.

Mr. Arberdy will assist him to return to his native land, and if the fortune shall materialize Constantine says he intends to settle down to a serious life, for he has learned a lesson by his experience in this country which he will not forget.

LUCAS COUNTY TEACHERS

Meet in Institute This Morning—What Is Being Done.

The Lucas County Teachers' institute began at the High school building this morning, and will continue until Friday night.

The instructors are Prof. M. T. Brumbaugh, of Huntington, Pa.; Prof. Adams, of Toledo, and Miss Anna M. Osgood, of Columbus.

Prof. Brumbaugh opened the exercises with instructions on geography, which was followed by Prof. Adams on history and Miss Osgood on primary reading.

The program this afternoon was: History, Prof. Adams; language, Miss Osgood; theory, Prof. Brumbaugh.

The following is the program for tomorrow: Arithmetic, Prof. Adams; primary reading, Miss Osgood; geography, Prof. Brumbaugh; numbers, Miss Osgood; United States history, Prof. Adams.

Affairs in Hayti.

New York, Aug. 31.—The World's special from Kingston, Jamaica, says: I have today had an interview with Managat, Legitime, Prophete, and Piquant. There has been a fusion between Manigat and Legitime on one side and Prophete and Piquant on the other. Manigat is opposed to Hippolyte chiefly because he claims that the president desires to cede Mole St. Nicholas to the United States government.

Legitime indorses the views of Manigat, and accuses Prophete of attempting to poison him in July. Prophete denies this strenuously. The time of the departure of the rebels for Hayti is uncertain.

Sprecklesand the Sugar Trust.

Paris, Aug. 31.—The Herald's European edition published yesterday the following:

"I mean to paddle my canoe to the end of the chapter," said Mr. Claus Spreckles, the California sugar king, when I showed him a report cabled from New York that he had joined the sugar trust. "No, I have not joined the trust, nor will I do so, and any Wall street speculator who allows himself to be gulled by the reports that I have, does not know me."

Tear Down the Stone Wall.

St. Petersburg, Aug. 31.—The committee of the Nijni-Novgorod fair will request the minister of finance, M. Vishnegradski, to come to a speedy solution of the question of instituting export bounties for cotton products. A wholesale dismissal of Russian workmen must follow a failure to find new outlets for Russian manufactures.

Why Rudolph Took His Life.

New York, Aug. 31.—The World publishes a letter from an "Austrian ex-diplomat," stating that the Baroness Marie Vetsera, who perished with the crown Prince Rudolph, was an illegitimate daughter of the Emperor Francis Joseph. It was on learning this fact that Rudolph decided to commit suicide together with the girl.

Russian Moves.

London, Aug. 31.—The Constantinople correspondent of the Standard says: "The sultan has yielded to all Russia's demands respecting the Dardanelles which henceforth will be opened to Russian vessels when closed to others. The sultan has abjectly apologized for the recent detention of a Russian vessel; he has dismissed the officers responsible therefor and has promised an indemnity forthwith."

Back from France.

New York, Aug. 31.—Among the passengers who arrived on the steamship La Normandie, from France, yesterday, was Mrs. Levi P. Morton and Miss Morton. The vice president went down to the bay in a revenue cutter to meet his wife and daughter at quarantine.

Latino Caelho Dead.

London, Aug. 31.—A Lisbon dispatch announces the death of the celebrated republican leader and poet, Gen. Latino Caelho. The king of Portugal has expressed his sympathy with the bereaved family.

Fatally Injured in a Fight.

New York, Aug. 31.—Jacob Meyers, a farm contractor, was probably fatally beaten yesterday by John Hoffman, at Jamaica, L. I. Hoffman was formerly proprietor of the Hoffman house at Richmond Hill. There has been trouble between the men for some time.

IN TRADING CIRCLES

Both at Our Home and Abroad.

Wheat Quotations for the Day—Prices Current for Produce and Other Articles.

The market quotations in the BEE are compiled from United Press special dispatches and from reports received by the Toledo Produce Exchange, and specially arranged by Mr. Denison B. Smith, secretary of the Exchange.

OFFICE OF THE TOLEDO BEE,
TOLEDO, O., Aug. 31.

London wheat and corn markets steady to stronger; corn quiet. Weather unsettled. Liverpool wheat firm and ½ pence higher. Corn improving.

The receipts of wheat at seven principal western points to-day are 1,449,025 bu, compared with 400,668 bu on the same day last year.

Shipments of wheat from India last week equaled 720,000 bu. Previous week, 1,440,000 bu. From April 1, the commencement of the crop year, to August 29, 30,660,000 bu, compared with 12,280,000 bu in the corresponding period in 1890.

Bradstreet's Report of Exports—Exports of wheat (and flour as wheat) from both coasts of the United States equaled 6,348,000 bu this week, 587,000 bu more than in the preceeding week, and more than 1,200,000 bu in excess of the total for the second week of August. In the fourth week of the month, 1890, the total exported was 2,562,000 bu (including Montreal); in 1889 it was 3,088,000 bu; in 1888, 2,983,000 bu, and in 1889, 4,010,000 bu.

In Kentucky late threshings develop poorer yields, poorer quality. In Kansas the wheat is not grading nearly as well as was expected. In Missouri the crop is unsatisfactory in north-west parts, and yields from 8 to 20 bu, and grading 3 to 4. Plowing is fairly under way in Ohio, Michigan, Indiana, Illinois, Missouri, Kentucky, Tennessee and Texas.

The Minneapolis Market Record says: The amount of wheat left in these three states, after throwing out all that has been injured in the least by freezing, will probably exceed any crop ever raised before by 25,000,000 bu. The quality of the 125,000,000 bu not hurt is better than any general result before reached.

Business failures in the United States and Canada for the week were 226, against 216 the previous week, and 189 for the corresponding week in 1890.

A private cable to the Chicago Daily Trade Bulletin estimates the wheat crop of the United Kingdom at 64,494,000 bu, and says the United Kingdom will require 15,000,000 bu more wheat than last year.

British crops under water.—London, August 28.—The news from all parts of England and Ireland is to the effect that the results of long sustained heavy rains is distressing. The crops are all under water, and will be spoiled unless sunshine comes speedily. In some sections the potato disease has made its appearance.

In England the damage done is almost equally disastrous, although Ireland breaks the force of Atlantic storms, and their fury is somewhat abated by the time they reached England. The grain crops are laid over large areas, and the yield will be lessened by many million bushels. Rains have been continual and copious, even for England, during the past fortnight. The land is saturated and in many places flooded and farmers declare that what little was left of the crops is now nearly ruined.

The receipts of wheat to-day at seven principal western points are 1,038,357 bu in excess of the corresponding Monday in 1890.

The export clearances Saturday from three Atlantic ports were 541,760 and flour to aggregate of 600,000 bu.

English markets as reported herein are firm to strong and higher.

The late rains have benefited crops in Michigan, but it came too late to restore corn to an average crop.

Our extracts and cable dispatches herein, develop a result to the crop of wheat in the United Kingdom much worse than has been supposed. In England alone the loss is estimated at fifteen millions of bus, and potatoes are also beginning to decay. Poor Ireland suffers still worse in wheat, potatoes and all crops.

The cable dispatch concerning German crops, printed herein, is a practical verification of all that has been said heretofore of their deficiency. A summary of these deficiencies in England, France, Germany and Russia, gives an enormous aggregate, besides the loss in the smaller European states. It will more than absorb the American surplus, and yet the very happiest condition of the average dealer's mind is when he is selling it right and left. They were awfully jolly last Friday and Saturday, and all the while they were fooling with a buzz saw.

In connection with all this it is well to remember, that at greatly enhanced prices, great numbers of the foreign population will restrict their consumption of bread or resort to other kinds of food.

To-day the buzz saw noted above has been making reprisals and getting in its work, and faces erstwhile wreathed in smiles are now clothed in sadness, "'Twas ever thus."

Vienna Grain Congress.

Since writing the above we have a brief report from the Vienna congress on crop deficiencies. It states the world's wheat deficiency at 91,000,000 bu, and of rye at 331,000,000 bu. It will be unprofitable to comment on the report without its details. To call the world's deficiency of wheat 91,000,000 would be to deduct from a much greater deficiency the grain in this country, and leaving the above result without provision. How much have they deducted for the gain, over average, in this country? We must wait and see.

The wheat markets on this side have been treated to the unexpected to-day. On increased receipts and without increased exports dealers expected lower prices, but the weather abroad, with its further damage to crops was too much for them. Prices opened about 1c up and advanced almost steady until about 3½c east to 4½c west had been reached.

The fields of corn have also been asserting themselves and prices are higher.

In New York September wheat closed at $1 09½, a gain of 3c; December at $1 13¼, a gain of 3¼c.

In Chicago September wheat closed at $1 02¾, a gain of 3⅝c; December at $1 04⅛, a gain of 4¾c. September corn at 64c, a gain of 1¼c.

In Toledo business has been very active, and the dealings in wheat futures very large. Opening sales showed an advance of ½c, but the market steadily advanced and closed at the highest prices of the day. August and Sept closed at 3⅝c and Dec 4¼c higher. On the call Sept sold at $1 00¾ to $1 00 and Dec at $1 03¼ to ⅜c. After call August sold at 99¾ and closed at $1.02¾; September sold at 99⅞c and closed at $1.02¾; December sold at $1.03 and closed at $1.06½; October sold at $1 02¾.

Cash wheat was very strong and active. Sales of 400,000 bu No 2 soft red sold at opening at 99⅝c, and at close $1 02¾ was the price, a gain of 4⅝c; No 3 soft at 97½c to 98⅝c; No 4 soft at 94c; rejected No 1 at 86c; No 1 white at 99½c; No 3 white at 97½c.

Corn—No 2, 65½c; No 3 at 65c; October ber at 58½c. Oats—No 2, 32c; No 3 at 30½c; No 2 white at 34c. Rye was lower and less active. No 2 for September at 90¾c to 89½c; No 3 at 87½c; No 2 for cash, small sales at 90½c. Clover seed—On the call October sold at $4 80 and December at $4 85. After the call September sold at $4 80; October at $4 80; December at $4 85 to $4 87½c.

Freights.

	Wheat.	Corn.
Lake freight to Buffalo	2c	..c
Erie Canal, including charges	4¾c	..c
Toledo to New York	6½c	..c

Grain in Store in New York.

	Aug 29, 1891.	Aug 22, 1891.	Aug 30, 1890.	Aug 31, 1889.
Wheat bus	2781054	1804523	1231599	15 8161
Corn, bus	219900	165768	6708209	314 14
Oats, bus	346054	153250	[illegible]	297051

Grain in Store at Toledo, Week Ending Saturday Last.

No 1 White	1713	Previous week	104116
No 2 White	5137	Last year	509033
No 3 White	2610	OATS.	
No 1 Red Soft	..	White	
No 2 Red Soft	514219	No 2 White	11864
No 3 Red Soft	114549	No 3 White	2076
No 4 Red Soft	12995	No 2	9944
No 2 Hard		No 3	4330
No 3 Hard		Rejected	1771
Rejected White	126	Oats	..
No 1 Rejected	29821		
No 2 Rejected	6834	Total Oats	33090
No 2 R & W m'd	3008	Previous week	38122
No 3 R & W m'd	711	Last year	45948
Wheat and Rye	1150	RYE.	
Wheat	416458	No 2	115775
		No 3	15073
Total Wheat	1231983	No 3 White	
Previous week	1074161	Rejected	1574
Last year	154677	Rye	24159
CORN.			
No 2 Yellow	10201	Total Rye	157376
No 3 Yellow	106	Previous week	208773
No 2 White	1120	Last year	57028
No 3 White	3226	BARLEY.	
No 2	1763	No 2	
No 3	8724	Barley	
No 4			
Corn afloat		Total Barley	
Corn	12158	Previous week	
		Last year	
Total Corn	939 3[illegible]		

Daily Movement of Grain.

	RECEIPTS. Wh't	Corn	Oats	SHIPMENTS. Wh't	Corn	Oats
N. Y.	687700	167500	105000	324237	47732	4155
Balto	196881	1168	25000	209920	....	....
Phila	144161	9897	37263	7603	13967	36788
Boston	....	....	....	....	....	....
Toledo	272522	29465	49308	194660	4150	....
Chicago	232151	497495	419253	187608	381416	397074
Milw'ee	28850	500	16000	....	....	200
St. L	221000	35000	109000	29000	8000	24000
Detroit	67856	2.40	5194	23992	2158	2247
Duluth	75326	....	....	189800	....	....
Minne	512180	....	....	100100	....	....

Markets by Telegraph.

London, Aug. 31.—1 p. m.—Wheat cargoes off coast at opening steadily held; maize nothing offering. Wheat cargoes on passage and for shipment steady to strong; maize quiet.

Mark Lane—Wheat at opening quiet and steady, maize steady. English country markets steady. Weather unsettled.

Liverpool, Aug. 31.—1 p. m.—Wheat market firm; holders offer sparingly. American mixed corn firm; demand improving. Red western spring wheat, No 2 to No 1, 8s 11 d@8s 11½d; California wheat No 2 to No 1, 9s 1½d@9s 2d. Wheat off coast demand poor. Corn demand improving.

New York, Aug. 31.—Cotton firm; middling uplands 8 5-16. Futures firm: September, $8 35; October, $8 55; November, $8 66.

Chicago, Aug. 31.—Opening: Wheat—September, 99⅝c; December, $1 01. Corn—October, 56¼c. Oats—September, 27⅞c; October, 28¼c. Pork—September, $10 05; October, $10 20. Lard—September, $6 55; October, $6 70. Ribs—September, $6 65; October, $6 77½.

New York, Aug. 31.—Money at 2½@3 per cent. Exchange steady; posted rates, $4 83@4 85½; actual rates, $4 82 for 60 days, and $4 84½ for demand.

Governments steady; currency 6s 109 bid; cuopon 4s 117¾ bid; 4½s do 101 bid.

The stock market opened very active this morning. There was good buying of L. & N. Union Pacific, Atchison, R. I., Burlington, and the opening prices were generally ⅛@1¼ per cent. higher, the latter in Union Pacific, but the advance was lost before the end of the first hour under a free selling. After 11 o'clock the pressure to sell slackened and D., L. & W. took the lead. It was freely purchased and advanced from $1 40½@1 41⅝. Sugar was the next strongest advancing 1 per cent. There was an active trading in the general list, but the changes in values were only slight. At noon the market was strong with prices generally ½@1½ per cent. higher than they closed Saturday. At this writing the market is dull but steady. The sales amounted to 279,000 shares.

New York, Aug. 31.—Flour dull, with prices unchanged; superfine, $3 50@4 15; fine, $3 00@3 85; city mill extra, $5 20@5 30 for West Indies; Minnesota extra, $3 80@6 00. Wheat opened strong at ⅝c advance and further advanced 1⅝c by midday; No 2 red winter, cash, $1 10½; September, $1 08⅞; October, $1 9½; December, $1 12¼; May, $1 17⅝. Corn opened weak and declined ⅝c in the first hour. From this there was a recovery of ⅜c; No 2 mixed cash, 76¼@77c; September, 69c; October, 66¾c; December, 59¼c. Oats dull and irregular; No 2 mixed, cash, 35½c; October, 35¾c; December, 35¼c. Rye and barley neglected. Pork dull; mess, $11 50@12 00. Lard steady; October, $6 99; December, $7 20. Molasses dull; 25@35c for good to fancy. Turpentine firm at 36½@37¼c. Rosin dull; strained to good, $1 35@1 40. Petroleum nominal. Freights quiet at unchanged rates. Butter dull; western extra, 23½c. Cheese quiet. Eggs quiet but steady; western fresh, 17½@18c. Sugar, refined in good demand; cut-loaf and crushed, 5½c; mould A, 4 7-16c; confectioners A, 4 11-16. Tallow dull; prime city, 4 13-16c. Coffee steady; fair Rio cargoes, 19c.

TOLEDO PRICES CURRENT.

Poultry—Springers, 20@30c a piece; old 7c per lb; ducks, $2 00@3 50 per doz; geese, $3 00@4 00.

Provisions—Pork, better; mess, $11 50 per bbl; short, $13 00; clear, $13 50; short clear, $14 00 pounds. Hams, 18 lbs and over, 11c; 15 lbs, average 11½c; 12 lbs and under, 12c. Shoulders, 8c. Breakfast bacon, clear, 9½c; rib, 9c. Smoked beef, 12c. Lard—Kettle rendered, 8c; by barrel, 8⅛c; 50 lb tin kettle lard, 8¼c; refined, 7¾c; 50 lb tins, 8c. Bacon sides, 8c. Bologna, 6c. Barrell meats dull and a little lower at times.

Butter—Gathered creams, 17@20c; fancy Ohio creamery, 26c; fancy northwestern creamery, 27@28c; fancy dairy, 18@20c; prime to choice, 14@16c; medium, 10@12c; common, 7@8c per pound. The market is dull for all grades, and lower prices on choice stock are looked for.

Calves—Choice, 6½c; medium, 6c per pound.

Tallow—City, 5c per lb; country, 4c¼. Market strong.

Hides—Kip skins, 5c; calf skins, 6c; light hides, 4c; heavy steers, 5¼c; No 1 green, 5c; No 2 do, 5c; No 1 wet salted, 5c; No 2 do, 4c; No 1 bull, 3½c; No 1 dry flint, 10c; No 2 do, 7c; dry-salted, 6@7c per bbl; sheep pelts, full wool, $1 00@1 50; glue stock, 2c. Market dull and quiet.

Wool—Unwashed—Medium clothing, 18@23 per lb; combing and delaine, 24@25c; quarter blood, 23@24c; fine merino, 18@19c; burry and cots, 12@15c. Fleece-washed—Medium clothing, 27@30c; combing and delaine, 30@31; fine merine, X and XX, 28@29c; burry and cots, 18@2c. Tub-washed—30@35c; pulled, 25@29c. Market firm and very quiet.

Grapes—4@6c per lb.

Peaches—$1 50@3 00 per bu.

Oranges—$4 00@4 50 per box.

Lemons—$4 00@5 00 per box.

Pears—Large 50@75c per bushel.

Watermelons—15@20c.

Plums—$2 00@2 50 per bushel.

Peppers—40c bushel.

Nutmeg Mellons—$2 00 per barrel.

Blueberries—$4 00 per bu.

Apples—40c@50c per bu.

Celery—25@30c per dozen.

Vegetables—Potatoes, 35c per bu. Sweet potatoes $4 per bbl: Jersey $5 per bbl. Cabbage home grown, 50c per bbl. Onions, home grown, $1 00 per bushel Cucumbers 5c per dozen. Squash, 50c per doz. Corn, 8@10c per doz. Peas, 75c per bu. Tomatoes, 25@40c per bu. String beans, green, 40c; wax, 40c. These are growers' prices obtained at the market.

Eggs—Quiet but scarce and firm at 14@15c per dozen.

Hay—Choice timothy, $11 00@12 00; No 2 do $10 00@11 00; mixed $9 00@10 00. Straw, $6@7 00.

Seeds—German millet, $1 15 from store: Hungarian and common millet, 85c@$1 00 from store; flaxseed, $1 15@1 20 per bu on arrival.

Millfeed—Bran, $18 00 in bulk on track; shipstuff, $20 00; middlings $22 00 and $1 00 more in bags.

Flour—Spring patent, $6 00; spring family $5 75, winter patent, $6 50@7 00; fancy $5 75@$6 25, winter family, $5 75@6 00; extra, $3 75@4 50; low grade, $4 00; northwestern rye, $6 00@6 25 per bbl.

Salt—85c per small bbl; large, 90c per bbl, Michigan, on track, 75c.

Beans—New York marrows, $2 50@2 60; navy and medium, $2 30@2 40 per bu.; western navy, $2 50@2 75.

Maple Sweets—Syrup, pure, $1 00@1 10 per gallon; manufactured, 75@90c.; sugar, 11@12½c, per lb.; Common, 8@10c. Market quiet.

Sorghum—Medium to choice, 34@36c per gallon. Market dull.

Dried Fruit—Apples, 9@10c per lb; evaporated, 12@13c; peaches, 7@8c. Market dull.

Cheese—New York full cream, 10@11c; Michigan full cream, 9½@10c; Young America 9@10c; fancy Schweitzer, 14¼@15c; twins, 11¼@12c per pound. Stocks are light and the market is firm.

Fish—Mackerel, No. 1 large shore, per bbl, $18 00@30 00; No. 1 shore, $26 00@27 00; No. 1 medium, $20 00@21 00; No. 2 shore, $17 50@18 50. White fish, No. 1, per half bbl, $7 50; No. 2, $5 00@5 25; Lake herring, $3 00 per half bbl; No. 1 box herring, 25c per box. Very quiet.

Oils—Ohio, Kentucky and Indiana standard car lots, 6½c; water white 150 headlight, 8⅝c; lard oil, 52@53c; linseed oil, 54@56c.

Turpentine—Dull at 39@40c per gal.

Feathers—Prime live white geese, 43c and scarce; old and mixed, 38@40c per pound on arrival. Market firm.

Hops—New York, 30@32c; Western, 28@33c; foreign, 60c per lb.

Peanuts—Farmers' rough, 3@3¼c per lb; do screened, 3¾@3½c; recleaned and hand-picked, 3¾@4½c.

Groceries—Coffee, common, 19½c; ordinary, 19@19½c; low fair, 20@20½c; fair, 20¾@21c; prime, 21½c; choice, 21¾@22½c; yellow, 23@24c; Caracas, 23@24½c; Javas, 27@30c. Mochas, 27@30c. Sugars strong; cutloaf, 5⅝c; powdered 4⅝c; granulated, 4⅜@4½c; confectioner's A, 4 5-16c; mould A, 4¼c; off A, 4⅛@4 3-16c; extra C, 3⅜c; yellows, 3⅛@3⅜c. Demand fairly active for all grades. Molasses firm; centrifugal, 15@25c per gallon; open kettle, 30@45c; syrup, 27@35c. Rice firm; fair to choice Louisiana, 5¼@6¼c per pound; Japan, 5¼@6c. The foregoing are wholesale, not jobbing prices, which are fractionally higher.

Dry Goods.

Prints—Allen's fancies, 5c; Allen's pinks, prints, 6c; Allen's robes, 6c; Allen's staples, 5c; American shirtings, 3¾c; American ¾ indigos, 5¼c; Arnold B indigoes, 10c; Arnold C indigo, 8½c; Arnold Gold Seal, 10c; Berlin solids, 5¼c; Charter Oak fancies, 5¼c; Cocheco fancies, 5¼c; Hartel fancies, 5c; Lodi fancies, 4c; Merrimack fancies, 5¾c; Merrimack pinks, 6½c; Merrimack tartan reds, 6½c; Merrimack cretonnes, 11¼c; Pacific fancies, 5¾c; Pacific mournings, 5¾c; Simpson mournings, 5¾c; Simpson silver greys, 5¾c; Simpson zephyrs, 5¾c; Washington X oil reds, 8c; Martha Washington oil reds, 7c; Melrose oil reds, 6c; oil green, blue and orange, 6½c; Windsor fancies, 5¾c.

Ginghams—Amoskeag checks, 7c; Amoskeag teazel cloth, 10½c; Amoskeag A F C, 10½c; Criterion cloth, 10½c; Everett classics, 8¼c; Lancaster, 7c; Normandie 8c; Renfrew dress, 8½c; Renfrew novelties, 10½c.

Cambrics—Kid cambrics, 3¾c; XXXX selisias, 12½c; XXX silisias, 10c; XX silisias, 8c; Conestoga sateens, 6½c; Victoria sateens, 7½c.

Brown Sheetings—Great Falls E, 7c; Piedmont, 6½c; De Witt W W, 6c; North Star L L, 5½c; Norwood XX, 5½c; Lawrence L L, 4½c; Indian Queen, 5½c; Diamond B, 5½c; Household L L, 5½c; Windsor R, 4¾c; Henderson A, 5½c; Henderson C, 4¾c; Elberon L L, 5½c; Constitution 4-4, 6½c; Constitution 9-8, 7½c; Lawrence 9-8, 6½c; Dwight Star, 7c; Atlas O N B, 7c; Cambria, 6c; Good Value, 6c; New Market B, 5c; Scotia O M, 5c; Great Falls N, 4¾c; Household G G, 5¼c; Niobe R, 5½c; Grafton A, 4c; Burlington A, 4c; National, 5¼c; Wassuc, 3¾c; Tennis, 4c; Boston 9-4, 20c; Boston 10-4, 22½c; Columbian Tower sheetings 6¼c.

Bleached Sheetings—Sunlight, 4c; Middlesex B B, 5c; Oak View, 6c; Harvest E, 6½c; Golden Rod, 7c; Senator, 7¼c; Pennant, 7½c; Fearless, 7c; Fearless, half bleached, 7c; Lawrence, 7c; Rosalind, 7¼c; Fauntleroy, 8¼c; Lonsdale, 8¼c; Fruit 4-4, 8¼c; Silver Queen 8¼c; Ellerslie Cambric, 10c; Lonsdale Cambric, 10c; Boston 9-4, 22½c; Boston 10-4, 25c; Newmarket, 42 inch, 10; Newmarket, 45 inch 11c; Pepperell 6-4, 15c.

Denims—Andover, blue and brown, 12c; York blue and brown, 12c; Everett, blue and brown, 12½c; Everett, 8 ounce, 15c; Arazona, blue and brown, 10c; Mystic fancies, 12c; York ancies, 12½c.

Shirtings—Household checks, 8c; Coronet checks, 7½c; Sibley, 7½c; Alabama, 6¼c; Eagle, 6¼c; Southern, 4½@5¼c.

Tickings—Amoskeag A C A, 12½c; Falls 32, 12½c; White Horse B, 10c; White Horse 10, 9c; White Horse 30, 8c; White Horse 40, 10c; White Horse 50, 8c; White Horse 60, 9c; White Horse H C, 13c; Lewiston 30, plaid, 11½c; Lewiston 30, stripe, 11½c; Zephyrs, 17c; Royal, 6¾c.

Crash—Cotton twill, 3¾c; Windsor twill, 4c; B T 14 in linen, 5c; B T 17 in linen, 6c; A 17 in linen, 7c; P 18 in linen, 8c; N 19 in linen, 9c; S K T 21 in linen, 12c; bleached huck, 4½c; Windsor bleached, 5c; Pemberton bleached stripe, 5c; [illegible] plaid linens, 10c; twilled linens, [illegible]

Satteens—B C Henrietta satteens, 10½c; A Henrietta satteens, [illegible] D Henrietta [illegible] teens, [illegible]

Warps—White rose white, 18c; white rose colors, [illegible] 25c; [illegible] $15 50; [illegible]

Mine Explosion.

London, Aug. 31.—A terrific and fatal explosion occurred at the Malago colliery at Bodminster, Somersetshire, to-day. Seven persons [illegible] are [illegible] serious[illegible]

So great was the force of the concussion that many of the houses in the vicinity were shaken, while all their windows were [illegible]

To-morrow

We want you to see our display of Fall Dress Goods and get our prices.
CONNOLLY BROS.

CURTAINS AND DRAPERIES | We are arranging a most extensive department of Draperies, embracing all styles of Lace Curtains. Come and inspect the line. Special prices to make the effort a success. STOLBERG & PARKS.

GOOD TIMES | For Furniture buyers. Our stock is very large and complete. We propose to make business hum this fall and have concluded to sell very cheap. Call and see. STOLBERG & PARKS.

YOUR ATTENTION | Is called to one of the most extensive lines of furniture ever shown in Toledo. Prices lower than ever. STOLBERG & PARKS.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

FINE FRUIT.

Forty bushels of choice Pears, Bartlett, Clapp's Favorite, Flemish Beauty, Howell's Sheldons and Louisa Bons' varieties; also 25 bushels of choice Crawford Peaches, both Delaware and home grown; 20 bushels of choice Lombard, Green Gage and Egg Plums. The finest and largest assortment of Fine Fruit ever shown in one store in Toledo, to-morrow, Sept. 1, at E. A. Rood's new store, 625 St. Clair, opposite Steadman monument.

WE shall receive to-morrow (Tuesday) morning, 150 baskets of choice Island Peaches direct from the grower at
E. A. ROOD'S New Store.

PREMIUM Flour is the best flour you ever used; try one sack and let me prove what I say.
E. A. ROOD.

DIED.

TOLE—Mrs Margaret Tole, August 30, 1891, at her late residence, 209 Maumee ave, aged 61 years.

Funeral from Immaculate Conception church September 1, at 9 a m Friends invited. p

LATE ADVERTISEMENTS.

ROOMS—For rent, nicely furnished rooms; also rooms for light housekeeping, with use of bath. Apply at 28 Ontario st, between Monroe and Washington. 31aug6p

WANTED—You to try the Mexican cockroach destroyer; warranted to kill roaches and water beetles in every instance. For sale at Richmond & Strong's, druggists, 601 Monroe st, Toledo. 31aug6p

WANTED—To purchase stock of groceries in good location with established trade; down town preferred. Address C 101, Bee. 31aug2p

BARBER—Wanted, barber at 112 Bridge st, East Toledo. 31aug6p

WANTED—A girl for kitchen work. Call at No 10 Market Space. 31aug2p

WANTED—Boy who has had some experience in barber business. Call 315 Monroe st John Stahl. 31aug2p

LADIES
Who Value a Refined Complexion
MUST USE
POZZONI'S
MEDICATED
COMPLEXION
POWDER.

It imparts a brilliant transparency to the skin. Removes all pimples, freckles, and discolorations, and makes the skin delicately soft and beautiful. It contains no lime, white lead or arsenic. In three shades; pink or flesh, white and brunette.

FOR SALE BY
All Druggists and Fancy Goods Dealers Everywhere.
BEWARE OF IMITATIONS.

$2.45
Buys a Good Screen
SOLID OAK, FIVE FEET HIGH,
Filled complete with Handsome Filling.
Now is the Time!
$2.45
BRIGGS & LEIBIUS, YELLOW FRONT 307 Summit St.

Mid-Summer .....
BARGAIN SALE
.. Extraordinary Cuts!

1,200 Pairs Ladies' $2.50, $3.00 and $3.50 French and Dongola Kid Oxfords and Slippers, your choice for $1.75.

Our Men's and Ladies' Shoes at $1.75 and $2.25 cannot be duplicated at a much higher price.

L. Strasburger, 341 Summit St.

How to Get to The Exposition Grounds.

The Dorr Street Cars go direct to gate entrance.

Lake Shore will run passenger trains from Union depot every fifteen minutes, or oftener if necessary.

Those who have their own conveyances will find it a pleasant drive to go out Monroe St. to Oakwood Ave., Oakwood Ave. to Detroit Ave., then to Dorr St., direct to grounds.

Other conveyances will be on hand and everything done to care for the vast crowds possible.

EXPOSITION AND INTER-STATE FAIR, SEPT. 7 to 12
ADMISSION, 50 CENTS.

OUR SPECIAL RATE
OF $3.00 PER DOZ. FOR
FINE CABINETS!
(To School Children)
Closes this Month. Do not miss the Opportunity.
SECURE A SITTING AT ONCE.
VAN LOO & TROST,
PHOTOGRAPHERS,
328 Summit St., Toledo.

IT WILL PAY YOU TO TRY
WEBER
WHEN IN NEED OF
S-H-O-E-S,
837 SUMMIT ST.

SYRUP of FIGS

ONE ENJOYS

Both the method and results when Syrup of Figs is taken; it is pleasant and refreshing to the taste, and acts gently yet promptly on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels, cleanses the system effectually, dispels colds, headaches and fevers and cures habitual constipation. Syrup of Figs is the only remedy of its kind ever produced, pleasing to the taste and acceptable to the stomach, prompt in its action and truly beneficial in its effects, prepared only from the most healthy and agreeable substances, its many excellent qualities commend it to all and have made it the most popular remedy known.

Syrup of Figs is for sale in 50c and $1 bottles by all leading druggists. Any reliable druggist who may not have it on hand will procure it promptly for any one who wishes to try it. Do not accept any substitute.

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.
LOUISVILLE, KY. NEW YORK, N.Y.

WE
R
IN IT

Our present assortment of Overcoatings, Suitings, Trouserings, which we have received this week for this coming fall and winter trade, excels all others. Our variety is larger than all the Toledo merchant tailors combined. We are THE originators of low prices and will at all times keep a good guard over our well earned reputation by giving you, always, honest goods, A1 fit, fine workmanship, at rock bottom prices.

Fine Kerseys, Meltons and Beaver Overcoats, to order, $10 up; Fall and Winter Suits to order, $12 up; Fall and Winter Pants to order, $3 up.

ATLANTIC PANTS CO.,
344 SUMMIT ST., TOLEDO, O.

P. S.—On application we will mail FREE to any address, samples of our fall and winter goods; also tape measure and self-measurement guide. Send all communications to our headquarters. Atlantic Pants Co., 250 Bowery, N. Y.

The Bee.
BY THE TOLEDO BEE CO
ELMER WHITE, G. G. HADLEY, F. P. CHAPIN

ESTABLISHED 1876.

The BEE absorbed—
Daily and Weekly Times, February 15, 1881.
Daily and Weekly Post, February 25, 1886.

ONLY 14 years old, and the leading paper of Northwestern Ohio. It is the pioneer low priced paper, is *always* for the people and is read by the great masses. For these reasons THE BEE has always enjoyed the largest circulation, and is consequently the best advertising medium.

OFFICE 136 AND 138 ST. CLAIR ST

THE BEE is regularly placed on file and may be seen at the BEE'S New York Office, Room 206 Potter Building, opposite Postoffice, New York City.

TOLEDO, OHIO, AUGUST 31, 1891.

DEMOCRATIC STATE TICKET.

For Governor,
JAMES E. CAMPBELL, Butler County.
For Lieutenant Governor,
W. V. MARQUIS, Logan County.
For Auditor of State,
E. E. PECKINPAUGH, Wayne County.
For Attorney General,
JOHN P. BAILEY, Putnam County.
For State Treasurer,
C. F. ACKERMAN, Richland County.
For Judge of Supreme Court,
GUSTAVUS H. WALD, Hamilton County.
For Commissioner of the Public Schools,
CHARLES C. MILLER, Erie County.
For Member Board of Public Works,
JOHN McNAMARA, Summit County.
For Food and Dairy Commissioner,
A. J. TRUMBO, Lawrence County.

JUDICIAL TICKET.

For Common Pleas Judge,
GRAYSON MILLS, Erie County.

The total gain of population in the United States in the decade 1880-90 was 24.85 per cent. Of this 10.45 was by immigration, leaving the natural increase only little more than four per cent. greater.

The benighted capitalists who are organizing to form a whalebone trust have not heard of the Chautauqua dress reform movement. There will be a limited market for whalebone when that reform is fairly started.

The sick man of Bar Harbor is able to attend a public reception and do a general hand-shaking business. This indication of the returning vigor of the secretary of state will of course be highly gratifying to President Harrison.

Walt Whitman may not be the poet his admirers claim he is, but for good, hard, sound common sense nothing can be better than the sentiment he expressed on the occasion of his last birthday celebration when he said: "All that goes to boost up, and wall up, and wall out, and protect out, is wrong."

Consul McCreary telegraphs Secretary of State Blaine confirmation of the news of Balmaceda's overthrow and flight. Where is Minister Egan? Has he accompanied his friend, the dictator, or have the congressionalists already kicked him into the sea, in appreciation of his unwarrantable and officious intermeddling with Chilian affairs?

We Americans are not as materialistic as the world asserts and as we sometimes believe ourselves. The shower of congratulations which descended on the "Poet of the Breakfast Table" as he entered on his 83d year last Saturday demonstrate our recognition of our great men who have neither wealth nor great social or political influence.

With the appearance of the Freeman's Journal of Dublin as an anti-Parnell organ may be set down the elimination of that leader from all influence on current political events in Ireland or England. But Mr. Parnell still retains a firm grasp upon his end of the string that ties up the funds in a Paris bank.

The painful duty lies before President Harrison of appointing a member on the interstate commerce commission who is of the democratic camp. The act creating the commission provides that no more than three of the five members shall be of one political party, and there are three republicans now serving. Consequently the present vacancy must be filled by a democrat. The appointment is for five years, the salary $7,500 and traveling expenses.

As the Bee predicted, the census figures on the increase of national wealth in the last decade augment the universal dissatisfaction with general conditions. Pauperism and crime trebled, wealth concentrating in the hands of the few, the value of farm property decreased 230 per cent. in thirty years—these are the characteristics of the era of protection. Small wonder the most brazen upholders of the iniquitous system dare not defend it upon the platform in the present campaign.

It it very necessary for the congressional party of Chili to carry itself straight now in the hour of its victory, in order to verify its protestations made in the time of its adversity. Its army is in possession of Santiago, and should keep the peace there. Mob violence and riots are too common incidents of civil war, but if the marine of other nations must keep the peace in Chili's capital it does not speak well for the strength or good intention of the army in possession.

It is earnestly to be hoped that Mayor Vincent Emmick is carefully studying the plans by which Emperor William II. expects to suppress drunkenness in Germany. The kaiser proposes to put all habitual tipplers under the care of guardians. If the ruler of the city on the Maumee should think well of adopting the same course, think how many fat jobs it would give "the boys," and what an extra pull the reform mayor appointing them would have.

The tenth census cost $4,794,093, and was both elaborate and satisfactory. What the eleventh census is going to cost before Mr. Porter gets through with it, is one of the things no man can find out, but the latest estimate from the department figures it at $7,943,994, and when it is completed no man will be satisfied with it. Next to Messrs. Tanner and Raum none of the appointees of this administration are likely to come so high to the country as Mr. Robert P. Porter, superintendent of the eleventh census.

Is it to be Harrison-Foster-Wanamaker against the republican field next year, and the federal machine against the republican national committee? The circular of the postmaster-general, sent out last month, providing for a "general plan of visitation" gives color to the rumor. The most innocent tyro in political manipulation can see the underlying purpose of it, and how effective it can be made. Truly, there will be some political corpses laid out in 1892, but the democrats will not be in the funeral procession.

The smouldering scandals of the pension department blaze up again over the report of the unlawful discharge of a worthy old soldier employe, told in our to-day's advices. If Raum, jr., is guilty of the act charged against him he should be sent to the penitentiary. Just why he is allowed the run of an office from which he has been removed as an employe does not seem clear. If the patience of Secretary Noble has been exhausted, and the report that he has suspended Pension Commissioner Raum is confirmed, the secretary of the interior will have the support of popular approval in what he has done. How President Harrison may view it, and what his course will be, remains to be seen. The day of investigation of the frauds and scandals of the pension department will come, and it will be a sorry day for responsible parties. Should President Harrison and Secretary Noble take the initiative, and not give the Fifty-second congress the opportunity to begin the work, they will be taking the best course possible to them in a bad situation.

Among the important topics discussed by the International Congress of Hygiene in the London convention, none was of more importance, from its influence upon the present and the future, than the conditions of healthy childhood and the bearing of school-life upon the same. Professor Burgenstein, of Vienna, who has been making a study of over-pressure of brain work among children, gave it as his conclusion, based upon a variety of experiments, that continuous mental labor for children of thirteen years and under should never exceed forty-five minutes. It is well that the attention not only of physicians but of parents should be given to earnest study of this question. If there is one danger more than another attending the present public shool system in America it is the danger of overdoing the business of imparting knowledge. Just as far as the cramming system has become a part of the school curriculum, just so far there should be reform.

The congressional committee has returned from its tour around the lakes, and is prepared to make a report at the next session recommending many improvements on the inland seas. It will be cheering news to Toledo mariners to know that at last the national legislature has become impressed with the magnitude of the lake traffic and proposes to do something to aid it. Toledo could follow suit in a very becoming way by dredging the shoal spots in the river where hundreds of dollars have been lost to the marine interests in delays this summer.

The world's fair commissioners report that they have had to meet and overcome objections raised against co-operation in Germany, Russia, and Belgium, the objections being of course against the operations of the McKinley tariff. Doubtless the task of the commissioners has been made easier by the knowledge the protesting countries have that the popular feeling in America is also against the existing tariff, and that therefore some of its most obnoxious features will be repealed before 1893.

A Strange Fancy.

While Major McKinley is painting the blessings of protection, preaching political virtue from the housetops and attempting to demonstrate to the people of Ohio how his beautiful tariff "securely shields American labor from the degrading competition of the old world," the Trades and Labor Assembly, of Chicago, are publishing the shameful fact that many men and women in that city are working 12 and 13 hours daily for the miserable pittance of $1.50 per week. The factories and workshops of New York can tell a similar story. Fancy a republican orator trying to thrust the beauties of protection down the throats of these people.—New York Daily News.

Nearer Being Certain.

Messrs. Sherman and McKinley have changed the subject from the tariff to silver; and Mr. Campbell has changed the subject from his platform to something less than his platform. If Mr. Campbell braces up and fights his campaign on the lines of his platform, Messrs. Sherman and McKinley will be beaten by 10,000 majority. If he does not, he will be beaten by more than that. Politics are rather uncertain this year, but this is nearer being certain than anything else in this year's politics.—St. Louis Republic.

Not Susceptible.

There is a silvery note running through republican music in Ohio, by which it is sought to lure attention from the real issue of the campaign; but the farmers do not appear to be very susceptible to the strains of the lascivious lute.—New Orleans Delta.

Cannot Afford It.

Ohio farmers cannot afford to fritter away their suffrage this year. They can virtually kill their greatest enemy, the McKinley bill, at the polls this fall by voting the democratic ticket.—Newark Advocate.

Proper Point of Attack.

Major McKinley does well to say as little as possible in his Ohio campaign about the prohibitive tariff policy which is identified with his name. That is his, and his party's, weakest points.—New York Telegram.

Is He Ashamed of It?

McKinley upon the Ohio stump says very little about the tariff, but devotes his attention very largely to the silver question. Can it be that McKinley, too, is ashamed of the Mc bill?—Boston Globe.

Speak Right Out.

Did you ever know of a manufacturer, who, as the selling price of the article he manufactured decreased, increased the wages of his employes? If so, who, when and where?—Sunday Shield.

Or His Props.

It is remarked just now out in Ohio that Foraker's saying nothing, but is busy sawing wood. It may be the wood is in the legs of Sherman's senatorial chair.—Philadelphia Times.

Whitewinged Peace.

Hamilton county democrats will not fight against the governor. Whitewinged peace has been soaring above and now has settled over all the camp.—Youngstown Vindicator.

Calls It a Dust Storm.

The average g. o. p. organ will insist that Sherman's Paulding speech is unanswerable. The organ will be right. No argument will reach a dust storm.—Cleveland Press.

Agreed as to That.

Though there are many sides to the silver question, the advocates of each call for an "honest dollar."—Wheeling Register.

Are Progressive.

It is noticeable that the young men of the country are allying themselves with the democratic party.—Dayton Times.

Will Be Pigeon Holed.

Harrison will not be shelved in '92. His size will make it more convenient to pigeon-hole him.—Atlanta Journal.

They Keep Quiet.

Ohio republicans don't like to talk of the bill that Bill built.—Chicago Times.

Putnam Republicans.

Ottawa, O., Aug. 31.—The republicans have nominated the following ticket: For representative, J. G. Jones; clerk of court, Jacob Werner; sheriff, Sol Heasley; prosecuting attorney, E. R. Eastman; commissioner, S. W. Kerins; infirmary director, John W. Shamberger; coroner, W. R. Bacon.

THE MACHINE AT WORK.

Harrison to Snub the National Committee

And Run a Gigantic Scheme of His Own.

Federal Office Holders Will See to It That the Present Incumbent is Renominated in '92.

Washington, Aug 31.—There are indications that the administration is organizing its machine to give battle in due time to Quay, Clarkson, Dudley and company and the anti-renomination ring of the national committee.

When the executive committee of the national committee met here a few weeks ago and it was stated authoritatively that only one member of the executive and only five of the national committee as a whole favored the renomination of Harrison, Charley Foster winked knowingly and remarked to his friends that a well-organized machine of federal office-holders would be as potent in selecting delegates as the members of the national committee.

It is evident that, on this general theory the administration is preparing with minute detail a renomination machine for Mr. Harrison. The machine is to be organized by counties. The postmaster at the county seat is to be the commander-in-chief in each county, subject, of course, to the advice, suggestion and direction of the bosses at Washington.

The postmaster of the county seat is to visit in person all the postoffices and postmasters in the county and then and there give directions for the conduct of precinct and town primaries for the election of delegates.

This was Foster's plan. He organized the scheme and Wanamaker, of course, contributed his good offices towards making the plan effective. Here is a circular letter that has been issued by the postmaster-general over his own autograph to every postmaster in the United States:

Wanamaker's First Letter.

Office of the Postmaster-General, Washington, D. C., Aug. 15.—To all Postmasters in the County of ——, State of ——: In the general plan of visitation to the postoffices of the United States, the postmaster at your county seat visits your office, in connection with all others in your county, to gather, with your assistance information in regard to the postal service in your locality.

This visit is for general inquiry and suggestion only, and it is in no sense an inspection. The postmaster-general believes all of the officials of the postoffice department will welcome closer connection with the executive department in Washington, and that they will enter heartily into every measure to elevate and improve the service.

As this call at the request of the department is a voluntary service on the part of the gentleman presenting this letter of introduction, I commend him to your courtesy and prompt attention, that no more time may be occupied than is absolutely necessary in getting answers to the questions he is expected to ask in my behalf. Yours very truly,

JOHN WANAMAKER,
Postmaster-General.

It is hardly probable that anybody will be humbugged by the shallow pretense of Mr. Wanamaker that it is the postal service that is to be investigated. "Calico Charlie," who is the commander-in-chief of the renomination forces, invented the scheme, drafted the circular, and all that Wanamaker had to do was to attach his signature.

Every postmaster in the United States has already received this circular. In a few days the county seat postmaster will begin to make his visits. The chances are that he will ask some questions about postal affairs as a blind, but his real business will be to do what the recognized agent of Charlie Foster in the region where he lives will direct him.

The county seat postmaster will instruct the postmasters of the county whom to support for delegates to the state conventions and delegates to the national convention. He will give them their cue so that they can all act in harmony and without any mistake. The county seat postmaster has also received his "blind" instructions. He has got to produce some credentials, of course, to the smaller postmasters in the rural regions, and here is the document that Mr. Wanamaker has sent to him:

To The County-seat Postmaster.

Office of the Postmaster-General, Washington, D. C., Aug. 15.—To the Postmaster at ——, County-seat of —— County, State of ——: Dear Sir: The great desire I have to improve the postal service leads me to ask your assistance in a plan to acquaint the department with the condition of each postoffice in the United States. I am asking the postmaster at each county-seat to visit each postoffice in the county in which he lives to gather the information indicated in the questions enclosed.

If, for the sake of the service generally and the good of the offices of your county particularly, you can help me I will be much gratified. Of course, it will be best if you can make these visits personally; but if not, your assistant can represent you, and that neither of you may be absent for any length of time continuously I will not expect a report earlier than the 15th of October, though I would like it as soon as possible. If for any reason you cannot do this service, you will promptly give me suggestions of how to get it done.

I must explan to you that the department has no means at its disposal to meet any expense and that your work must be your voluntary offering for the good of the postal service, and it will be so recorded on the docket of your office in this department. As at present organized, without this help from you, the department cannot make any general examination of the business of the offices because the inspection division is fully occupied with cases of depredations, frauds on the government and the public, insufficient sureties, missing mail matter, lottery cases, etc.

I am persuaded that great good must follow proper efforts to encourage and instruct postmasters by interchange of experiences and opportunities to acquaint the department with the wants of each locality. I would rather assist postmasters by informing them of postal laws and regulations than censure them for neglect or failure.

I propose to give to each postoffice a standing on the records of the department according to the marking you put on the accompanying paper. There will be five grades of offices—perfect, excellent, good, fair, poor—and at the end of each fiscal year the postmaster-general will report to the president those who rate the highest for such honorable mention as he may see fit personally to make.

If we can all become better officials the country will quickly feel the effects of the improved service. However much we have done, there are none who cannot do still better. It is my purpose to find out and help each man who wants his town or neighborhood to have better postal facilities. Very truly yours,

John Wanamaker,
Postmaster-General.

What it all Means.

Of course, the cross-roads postmaster, or the little town postmaster who is not for Harrison, who prefers Blaine or Alger, or who is not seriously interested in politics anyway, will be rated as "poor;" the fellow who is for Blaine first, but is open to conviction and may be brought around to Harrison, will go down on the report as "fair;" the man who would as soon have Harrison as anybody else, but has no strong prejudices in his favor, will doubtless get a rating as being "good;" the man who is for Harrison openly and above board, but has not his local machine well in hand, will be rated as "excellent;" the man who is openly, notoriously and blatantly in favor of Harrison and bosses his machine with precision and power will be rated as "perfect."

Never before, perhaps, in the history of the government has such a shameless effort at prostituting the public service been attempted. The holy Mr. Wanamaker is acting as the tool of Charlie Foster, and the postmasters of the county seats throughout the country are in turn acting as the tools of Wanamaker. Postmasters will receive their private instructions verbally later on. The chances are that most of them have received them already. It is a clear case of debauching the postoffice department and the country in the interests of Harrison's renomination, and it is entirely safe to say that the postmaster who does not fall into the scheme easily, pliably and earnestly will receive his walking papers. It would be too much, of course, to expect that Mr. Theodore Roosevelt and his interesting little commission of civil-service reformers will pay special attention to these interesting circulars; yet if the civil-service commission is good for anything, and no doubt it is, here is a splendid opportunity for demonstrating it.

W. L. SCOTT DYING.

He Has Taken a Sudden Turn for the Worse.

Erie, Pa., Aug. 31.—Ex-Congressman W. L. Scott is rapidly sinking. Dr. Pepper, of Philadelphia, was summoned on Friday.

After a consultation with Dr. Brandes and the members of the family it was decided as the last resort to start with Mr. Scott for Newport in the hope that the change of air might benefit him.

President Newell, of the Lake Shore, has kindly placed his private car at Mr. Scott's disposal. The cottage of Dr. Mitchell, of Philadelphia, has been secured, where the sick man will be placed under the care of Dr. Pepper on his arrival at Newport.

For the past two weeks Mr. Scott has been growing steadily worse, and is now a very sick man. To add to the alarming features of his case, he has for the past few days been suffering great mental depression, and to the members of his family he has expressed himself as having given up all hope of his recovery.

THE PINE NUT REGION.

The Governor of Colorado Not Enthused Over It.

San Francisco, Aug. 31.—Governor Colcord, of Nevada, is in this city. He desires to warn the public against rushing into Nevada to work the Pine Nut mines.

He says that while Senator Haines is undoubtedly honest in his opinion of the mine he is not a practical miner and is too enthusiastic. Governor Colcord says he has been over the Pine Nut region and saw no indication of rich mineral strikes.

The claims at Pine Nut are all taken up, and it is useless for people to go there now. Governor Colcord will leave at once for Pine Nut and after investigating will announce definitely whether or not the report of rich finds is correct.

RESULTED IN A SHOOTING.

A Labor Discussion Ends in Bullets.

Zanesville, O., Aug. 31.—George A. Lemmon, president of the Trades Council, is in jail, charged with shooting with intent to kill. At the Trades Council meeting Sunday, when President Lemmon entered the room he observed William F. Mair, the delegate from the Carpenters' union.

He at once began to abuse Mair, calling him a scab, etc., and finally declared that he would not sit at a meeting at which Mair was present, and started to go down stairs, calling on Mair to come out.

Mair and other members went to the head of the stairs, when Lemmon turned and shot at him with a revolver, the ball going wide of the mark.

Weather and Crops.

Washington, Aug. 31.—The weekly weather bulletin contains the following:

Ohio—Corn was improved by rains, but needs warmth to ear. Oats are still in shock, owing to the rains. Buckwheat promises a large yield. Plowing is progressing finely.

Michigan—Well distributed rains have been very favorable to all crops; corn and potatoes much improved; the ground is in good condition and fall seeding is progressing.

Illinois—Light frosts occurred in Lasalle county on the 28th; no damage reported; corn is generally in fine condition, but has been retarded by cool weather; the yield will be immense and with favorable weather the crop will be ready to harvest in a few weeks.

Indiana—A cool and cloudy week with bad distribution of rainfall; corn promises an excellent yield everywhere, and with warm, dry weather will mature faster and thus be safe from frost in a few days.

Benjamin Noyes Dying.

New Haven, Conn., Aug. 31.—Benjamin Noyes of this city, who was president of the National Life & Trust Co. during its existence, suffered a stroke of paralysis yesterday. His condition is critical. Mr. Noyes has been bank commissioner, insurance commissioner and lieutenant colonel of the Second Connecticut infantry.

Black Diphtheria.

Niles, O., Aug. 31.—Black diphtheria is prevailing here to an almost alarming extent. Two children of Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Thomas have died with it since Saturday, and a number more are afflicted. Scarlet fever is proving fatal in many instances.

McKINLEY'S MODEST PEACH.

"A little peach in an orchard grew,"
And "the young winds fed it with early dew,"
The smiling sun on its downy cheeks
Painted a color man vainly seeks;
Now the fruitful earth that had given birth
Blossomed and burgeoned for weeks and weeks,
'Till millions of peaches were born and grew
In the warm embrace of the sun and dew.

Those little peaches grew rosy and round,
And the farmers gathered them safe and sound
And shipped them carefully, packed by hand,
To the market of an expectant land;
And the prophets who loved to prophesy
That without "protection" the crops would die,
Laughed out in glee such sight to see—
For the peach crop turned out amazingly!

Now this little peach had heard it said—
Or it somehow got into its downy head—
That these blessings of sun and rain were due
To the fact that McKinley's bill went through;
And that harvest and wages and blessings galore,
And a peach crop never surpassed before,
Came down from a high protective sky—
And thus the truth high-taxers teach
Softened the stony heart of the peach.
—New York World.

JOHN SHERMAN AT PAULDING

It is dollars to cents that Senator Sherman will use the silver and not the gold dollars to keep his republican henchmen in line.—Plain Dealer.

John Sherman is not making any play for the alliance vote in Ohio. His speech at Paulding was in the nature of a notification to Peffer, Simpson & Co. that if they want anything out of him they can come on.—Kansas City Star.

It was a pretty shrewd scheme to get Sherman on the Ohio stump to run the anti-silver part of the McKinley campaign. McKinley himself has rather too shaky a record on the point to deal very effectively with it.—Detroit Free Press.

The Paulding speech was no exception to previous efforts of a similar character, and the only qualification that has to be made to a complete approval of it is found in the necessity Senator Sherman was under of indorsing the silver legislation of the Fifty-first congress, and of holding in respect the questionable silver plank of the Ohio republican platform.—Boston Herald.

The speech with which John Sherman formally opened his campaign for reelection as senator from Ohio shows that he is still, as he has been for 20 years, the most useful servant of plutocracy. It was as able an argument as could be made at all from the side of those who insist that the government must delegate to private corporations the sovereign prerogative of the people—the control of the money supply, which belongs only to the sovereign and which vests with sovereignty whoever exercises it.—St. Louis Republic.

Senator Sherman says that silver production is "one of the most profitable industries in the world," and asks "why should the people of the United States be called upon to pay for this favored commodity more than it is worth in the markets of the world?" Will the senator answer the equally pertinent question why the American people should be called upon to make a steady market for all of this favored commodity which the mine-owners can produce? A republican congress made this purchase compulsory, and the Ohio republican convention approved the policy. Senator Sherman is floored by his own argument.—New York World.

Miss Hattie J. Chipps, who lives near Budd's Lake, N. J., has fashioned portions of hair from the heads of over 2,000 individuals into a large wreath of over 1,000 flowers and leaves. This unique oddity is composed of hair of every shade and color known to the anthropologist. The young artist spent over a year in collecting the locks of hair before commencing work on the wreath.

CASTING 12-INCH MORTOR.

How a Government Gun is Made at South Boston.

Twenty-two Tons of Molten Iron Required—Boiling Process—Pouring Into the Mold—Cooling Core Barrel—Cost of Ordnance.

There is a theory in the minds of some scientists that a man can thrust his hand into a mass of molten iron, and not be burned—that the moisture will for a moment prevent injury. But, according to the statement of a gentleman in the service of the United States, yesterday afternoon, the news up to date contains no account of an experiment on the part of these scientific gentlemen to prove the theory.

The occasion of the statement was a glance into one of the huge furnaces in the ordnance department of the South Boston Iron works, where 22 1-2 tons of molten iron was boiling and bubbling with the gay abandon of a kettle of carefully watched jelly over a kitchen range.

A reporter was present by invitation of Mr. William P. Hunt, president of the South Boston Iron company, and his son, Mr. Arthur P. Hunt, superintendent of the foundry. The visit was made about 1 o'clock, and the inspection continued until the last drop of the sun-colored liquid had been poured into the huge mold, 16 1-2 feet long and 35 inches in diameter.

The iron is melted in a furnace 35 feet long, 8 feet wide and 5 1-2 feet in height, constructed with thick walls of fire bricks. The iron, in pig, is piled "criss cross" within the furnace in a section nearest the huge chimney and occupying about two-thirds of the length of the furnace. This is separated from the big firebox by a bridge some 20 inches in height, built of fire brick, to keep the iron flowing out. The iron when melted covers the bottoms of its own chamber to the depth of about 12 inches. Between the iron chamber and the chimney is an arch or wall, near the bottom of which are apertures for the passage of the smoke and flame to the chimney, the arch serving as a damper to prevent the waste of heat through the chimney.

Fires were lighted at 4 o'clock yesterday morning, and the stalwart stokers shovelled in a ton of gas coal every hour thereafter until the metal began to run—twelve very long hours.

The iron was all in liquid form by 1 o'clock, and the heat was from that time on something about 4,000 degrees F. But it boiled and bubbled for three hours and a half longer, so that the sulphur and carbon should be removed, or in other words to refine the iron. The government requires a tinsile strength of over thirty thousand pounds to the square inch for the iron in these guns, and although the best Muirkirk and Richmond iron is used, there are frequent tests during the boiling process, in order to find out when it is fit for pouring. Not that it is subjected to any scientific trials. But every few minutes small bars are cast, and after cooling naturally for a short time, they are further cooled by water, and then broken. An experienced eye examines the color and texture shown in the fractures. Thus the superintendent judges when the iron is of the proper heat to be poured into the huge cylinder, whose lower end now contains what will be the breech of a 12-inch mortar, while the top represents the muzzle.

This mold is placed in the center of a pit some seven feet in diameter, and is covered by a heavy iron jacket to support the sand which composes the mold itself, which is some six inches in thickness. Through the entire length of this is a channel to convey the metal down to the bottom, and communicating with the cylindrical interior by means of apertures on opposite sides, about a foot apart, through which the metal flows, first through the lower one and then the next one above, and so on to the top.

By this means the strong blows of the heavy metal in the mold are avoided, as well as the splashes and spluttering which would be consequent.

The core is about ten and three-quarter inches in diameter. It is constructed around an iron core barrel, grooved on the outside and bound with small ropes to keep the sand and clay out of the grooves. When this rope burns off, as it does instantly when the hot iron begins to fill the big cylinder, the gasses escape by the grooves.

At 4:26 o'clock the order was given by the superintendent, the little dam which covered the aperture in the side of the big furnace was removed, and the pent-up mass of sun-colored iron burst out in a stream the size of a man's arm, and leaped through the narrow channel which conveyed it to a ladle about the size of a barrel, into which it plunged with the glad gurgle of a brook of running water into a pool beneath the fountain spring. This was tipped slightly forward, and from its further edge the molten iron leaped into troughs, through which it ran to the channels in each side of the mold.

Each cascade threw off sufficient myriads of sparks, tiny but brilliant, like the drops from a spraying fountain, or the sparks which fly from the burning of a pile of dry jute bags; so plentiful was the pyrotechnic display as almost to obstruct the vision across the room.

Down the stream plunged out of sight, and then the pool below, looking like a mass of molten lava, crept upward in the mold, its surface stirred constantly with long poles in the hands of brawny men, to keep bits of dirt from clinging to the sides of the mold and core.

The smoke from the burning rope and bits of greenish flame from the gases, generated in the suddenly heated clay, rose through the top, while the weird figures of the workmen made a picture to be remembered.

In twelve minutes the mold was filled and contained a liquid mortar. The embryo will not be born for several days. During the first twenty-four hours a stream of water—twenty gallons per minute—will flow through the core barrel from the bottom upward. The cooling is always from the inside outward, so that the process may shrink the iron gradually from the outside. At the end of twenty-four hours the core arbor will be removed and the water let directly into the bore of the gun at the bottom, and overflowing at the top. The water is fed from a tank to keep the pressure equal and the supply regular, which could not be done if it were taken direct from the street mains.

At the end of four days the casting will be taken from the pit by means of powerful cranes and laid down in the foundry building, where the sand will be beaten off. This becomes as hard as granite, and adheres to the iron with such tenacity that sturdy blows with a heavy steel hammer must be employed to remove it.

Next it will be taken to the machine shop, which is under the superintendecy of Mr. William P. Hunt, Jr. The first process will be to turn the outside in a huge lathe, and when this is done so that centers can be obtained it will have its first boring. Again it will be turned and its muzzle tapered.

Then it will be ready for the steel hoops. These are about eight inches wide and three inches thick. They must be finished to a nicety, for they receive outside of them another similar re-enforcement, the second layer overlapping the joints of the first. These are costly affairs, the government having to pay 30 cents per pound to the Midvale company, of Philadelphia, for them.

They are expanded by heating, forced upon the gun and shrunk on by quick cooling. After this the final boring and the rifling is done. It could not be done before, because the pressure of these steel bands in shrinking so compresses the iron that the size of the bore is reduced. Then the breech mechanism is fitted and the mortar is ready for inspection and delivery.

When finished the gun will weigh 14 1-2 tons. Its height will be 11 feet, its outside diameter at the muzzle 22 1-2 inches, and at the breech about 41 inches.

The cost to the government is about $1,800 for the cast iron work, $3,500 for assembling and finishing the steel work, and between $4,000 and $5,000 for the purchase of the steel forgings. This independent of cost of carriage and mounting.

These mortars are for vertical firing from land batteries and forts as a defense against approaching hostile vessels. The elongated shell weighs about six hundred pounds, behind which is an eight-pound charge of powder, sufficient to send the projectile six miles, with a degree of accuracy which is astonishing. Experiments last year in this mode of firing showed that out of 26 shots, 20 would have struck the deck of a vessel two and a-half miles away, and since then even greater accuracy has been attained.

The South Boston Iron works has a contract to make 36 of these guns and to deliver them at the rate of one every two weeks. It takes six weeks to so far finish one that it is ready for the steel hoops, but such is the capacity of the machine shop that half a dozen can be forwarded at once, so there will be no difficulty in fulfilling the contract.

The greatest perfection is insisted upon by the government in the making of these guns. A specimen of each casting is sent to the Cambridge arsenal for inspection, and if it does not exceed 30,000 pounds to the inch in tensile strength, or if it falls below the standard given in the specifications in any other particular, the casting must be rejected.

But in the matter of dimensions the acme of nicety is demanded. The measurements must be exact, only 3-1000 of an inch deviation being allowed in what is termed "tolerance."

Thus, while the machinery is all of a ponderous character, it must be adjusted as finely as that in which the smallest pinion of a lady's watch is produced, while the workmen employed must be skilled, watchful and patient to the highest degree.

All the processes are interesting, from the building of the fire to melt the iron to the final inspection and tests by the government officers, and almost every one of them shows a revolution in heavy ordnance within the last 20 years which is as complete as the improvement in any other branch of science.—Boston Herald.

COMMON SENSE QUESTIONS.

TO THE EDITOR: And still another instalment of queries for our McKinley neighbors, friends and advocates and "co-protectionists" to explain, when they have sufficient time to do so, in a straight-out and satisfactory manner to any honest and well-meaning person.

Do you know whether Vice President Morton keeps his great aristocratic whisky-selling den open on Sundays or not? or is he under the influence of "protection," protected from prosecution as a violator of law or good morals in running this popular "drunken den" anywhere or at any time exempt from interference by "law and order societies?"

Do you think that Capt. Bennie Harrison, who when at the head of a volunteer company of volunteers to shoot railroad men who in 1877 in Indianapolis in the great strike said that "one dollar a day was enough for a workingman" would say the same thing in a similar emergency again?

Do you recollect when in the first week in September, 1889, the pious Postmaster General Wanamaker and Ben Harrison planted a "chestnut" tree in Philadelphia as a very religious tree near the celebrated "old Keystone bank?" where the pious Bardsley, Wanamaker & Co. did their little funny, fianancial, fancy figuring? You doubtless know how those very funny fellows do such things —— on the plan of "now you see it and now you don't see it" do you?

Do you notice the awful agony of the protectionist pencil-pushers of the papers preaching this "protection nonsense," especially those of our "trooly grate and good nooz-papers," and particularly where democratic speakers of the Campbellite persuasion mention the items of McKinley—tin, wool and artificial teeth—how they fly off with a flourish of their pencil, with a lingo characterized by the free use of such words as l-i-a-r, c-r-a-n-k, and so forth and so on, don't you think such sights are truly heartrending?

Do you give the proper attention to the various modes of our "protectionists" in shunning the all absorbing topic of the day—tariff—and that they have abandoned the use of their old pet word, "P-r-o-t-e-c-t-i-o-n," and mumble and stammer something about some kind of "c-o-i-n-a-g-e," codfish war—seal fishery war with Great Britain and r-e-c-i-p-r-o-c-i-t-y with some of the South sea islanders or the importation of the Hottentots of South Africa to squelch, kill, and clean out one Jno. M. Langston, who wants to be a —— judge? What do you suppose is the cause of all this?

Do you notice the "combination" or "trust" recently entered into by and between the "protectionist" papers and talkers on the systematic "saying" they are going to fire at "Campbell" and the democratic party generally, and the farmers and the people's parties in particular, and to make it easier for the chief necromancers, they have dropped the great questions, such as "tariff," "protection," and what caused the great shipment of gold out of our coffers and into free trade Great Britain, and why a list of business failures, continually increasing, has been inaugurated in this, our once happy land—and in place of an honest discussion of the aforesaid subjects commence an incoherent howl about silver, silver, s-i-l-v-e-r!

Do you give the proper attention to that important single item in what is commonly known as the McKinley outrageous bill, free trade in sugar the great eye-opener, as it shows in grand contrast the difference between 10 pounds of sugar for $1 and 20 pounds of sugar for $1 on the plan of free trade? But what did these astute and asinine specimens proceed to do in that sugar connection? Why, of course, come in with a robber attachment and give a subsidy of 2 cents on each pound of every kind of sugar raised out of the public plundering quarters—the United States treasury—and where do they raised the extra funds to pay that subsidy or compensation to the sugar raisers. Why, just put on a heavy additional tariff tax on every woolen garment you wear or plush cloak or all your false teeth and article made of tin—"Rob Peter to pay Paul."

Do you in short see that the McKinley load of corruption manufactured in that thing called "The Billion Dollar Congress" is too much for the fellows who have attempted to shoulder the concern, and consists chiefly of tin, wool, and all kinds of woolen goods, plush, manufactured, and not manufactured, and including "farmers' binding twine," and every article on which a tariff tax has been added, not for one moment forgetting or omitting false or artificial teeth, which are increased in cost for the same five cents each. Now tell us why this addition of tariff-tax on false or artificial teeth, and has raised the price of all the teeth you buy and repealing or taking off all the duty from "sugar," and adopting practically the free trade plan on "sugar" by making it free has now given you 20 pounds of sugar for one dollar, instead of the old plan of "tariff protection," which only gave you 10 pounds of sugar for one dollar. Which do you prefer? Eh! Can't you speak right out and answer this plain, knock-down question?

Do you know why the clothing and plush cloak manufacturers of this and other cities will not give the public a schedule of the prices paid by them to their employes for the making of various garments. Are they, the said manufacturers, ashamed of the outrageous and disgraceful low prices by them paid? Don't you know that in many of the manufacturing concerns of this, our great land of "protectionists," the employes are really more servile and abject slaves than were the old colored slaves of the old southern rice plantations?

Do you like the logic of the McKinley cranks who argue that it is a grand thing to have "protective" tariff to reduce the national debt, even though it should bankrupt and pauperize every farmer, wage worker and business man in our nation, and it has already made bankrupt the treasury of the United States, and ask the farmers throughout the land what the old tariff machine has done with them up to this writing? Please tell us candidly just what you think of the old robbery institution considering the whole thing in a candid, cool and manly manner from an unprejudiced standpoint and give us your verdict in November in the ballot box, will you?"

Do you recollect hearing or seeing one word in that wonderful great "campaign opener" at that "Bethleham" of Ohio, "Niles," where one certain "tin tariff tinker" was born and talked a long time recently, and failed to say a word about the cause of the general drop in nearly all kinds of wages, and a drop in the price of wool? Did you hear one word on any of these points, or why all and every kind of business is obstructed and a general depression is seen and felt in every class of business all over the land, and that, to an extent unprecedented in the history of this country, and especially in such a year, 1891, when we are blessed with a general crop of everything from the soil unequalled at any time since the attack on Fort Sumpter. What's the matter with this curious creature, can't he explain these causes or has he become a monomaniac on this infamous mass of villainous matter contained in his b-i-l-l?

Do you see the continued opposition on the part of the entire g. o. p. to the new election law recently enacted in this state to regulate and control the voting at all coming elections in our state! Can you say why it is that every law tending to curb [illegible] is frowned upon, sneered at and condemned loudly by the chief evil doers of that party [illegible] conduct of [illegible] political [illegible]

Do you know that through and by the independent journal known as the "National Provisioner," of New York, and from all other reliable sources, it is conclusively shown that the alleged American tin-plate industry in this country, and that glittering display of Shi—ny tin labeled "American tin," is Welsh tin placed upon the market to swindle American consumers, by and with the assistance of that consummate piece of robbery known as the McKinley bill; and as we near the election in November, you will doubtless, see reports made to order for campaign purposes, of the amount of imported goods shipped in this present year, to try and establish the fact that importation of foreign goods is still going on apparently unmolested and that all kinds of goods are "cheaper" and notably "sugar," but not one word in those ridiculous statements will be said about the kind of goods imported and that the article of "sugar" did not come in free till April 1, 1891, and that "tin" came in free from the McKinley addition of tariff tax until July 1, 1891. O, ye deceitful vipers!!! and still you continually harp about the democratic tin and tariff tax. "L-i-a-r," when will that brimstone boss come and claim his own?

August 29, 1891. M. O. WAGGONER.

AFTER THE MILLIONS.

Young Hopkins Not Alone in the Contest.

Twenty-one New Applicants for the Money Left by the Millionaire Widow.

New York, Aug. 31.—Edward F. Searles will not be allowed to enjoy Mark Hopkins' millions without a struggle. Twenty-one new claimants to Mrs. Hopkins-Searles' estate have appeared and a notice of contest was sent last week to Great Barrington. Several of the claimants have joined hands with Timothy Hopkins. Lawyer Frank Rogers notified Mr. Searles' lawyers last Thursday of his intention to contest Mrs. Searles' will on the ground of insanity and undue influence by her husband. He represented the Hebbard family, second cousins of Mrs. Searles.

The Sherwood family, also cousins, are among the contestants.

LABOR NOTES.

Work is reported scarce by the German Carpenters' union.

The prizes offered will undoubtedly induce a large number of entries.

The painters have secured the services of a drum corps to head them in the procession.

Besides the Toledo bands, several from out of the city have been engaged for Labor Day.

Trinity Cadets have decided to turn out next Monday, and they will be given a place in the parade.

Toledo's pavers will turn out in a body in the Labor Day parade, it being so decided Saturday night.

Mr. J. W. Youngs has gone to Omaha to represent the local branch of the stationary engineers in the international convention.

Arrangements are almost completed for the Labor Day parade and picnic. A meeting of the committee will be held to-night at Carpenters' hall.

The Lozier & Yost strike is under way for settlement. Propositions have been made, and it is probable an agreement satisfactory to both sides will be reached.

A meeting of the iron machine hands was held Saturday night for the purpose of forming a union, and the temporary organization effected will likely be made permanent to-morrow night.

Phil Keep, Charles Minke and Joseph Wiskenhuber will make all arrangements for a proper display by the German Carpenters' union in next Monday's parade. The members will have an elegant new badge.

IN THREE GREAT STATES.

OHIO.

New London is to have a new jail.

A vat in a Cincinnati brewery exploded.

Michael Haney fell from a roof at Zanesville and was instantly killed.

The Ohio Agricultural Experiment station is to be located at Wooster.

The pollution of water in the Sandusky river is to be investigated.

W. S. Payne, of Fostoria, who was fired from the Sons of Veterans, has been reinstated.

Several million dollars worth of stocks at Cincinnati, upon which no taxes have been paid, have been unearthed.

MICHIGAN

Kalamazoo has a game and fish protective association.

Dr. Watling of Ypsilante was dangerously hurt in a runaway.

Kelsey Chubb, an old resident of Ionia died very suddenly.

A farmer in Coss county threshed 950 bushels of wheat from 20 acres of ground.

A man s[illegible] a falling trolley wire at Grand Rapids.

James Spencer, a Van Buren county farmer lost his barn by fire recently under very peculiar circumstances. He was threshing, when a dynamite cartridge [illegible] the machine and setting fire to the straw carrier and [illegible] Some of the men had difficulty in escaping from the barn, which [illegible] to the ground.

INDIANA.

Colored people will soon hold a big picnic at Bellamy.

Harrison county's recent fair was the most successful in its history.

The total valuation of Shelby county property is $15,757,385.

Wm. H. Vanderbilt has heavy real estate holdings in Lake county.

It is said that 10,000 people attended the reunion of Wilder's brigade at Worthington.

The beautiful shade trees fronting two sides of the Floyd county court house are being cut down in order to lay a stone pavement.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—U. S. Gov't Report, Aug. 17, 1889.

Royal Baking Powder
ABSOLUTELY PURE

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

FOR SALE
—BY—
I. H. DETWILER & CO.

IMPROVED PROPERTY.

$ 800..Cottage, Dexter st near Lagrange.
900..Hoag st near Dorr, cottage.
1,800..Fourth st near Elm, East Toledo, 2 story frame.
1,700..Erie st near Chestnut, 1½ story frame.
1,350..Dorr st near Junction ave, 2 story.
1,100..Franklin ave near Cherry, cottage.
1,050..Tecumseh st near Division, 1½ story frame.
1,100..Lorain st near Broadway, cottage.
2,800..Bartlett st near Collingwood, 45 ft lot and building.
1,050..Missouri st near Clark, new cottage.
1,320..Brick cottage, Ontario st near Bush.
1,275..Wakeman st near Oak, 2 story frame.
1,500..Missouri st near 15th, 2 story frame.
900..Indiana ave near Lenk, 4 rooms, new.
1,250..Sherman st near Elm, cottage.
1,500..Lagrange st near Bancroft, 2 story frame.
850..Orchard st near Hawley, cottage.
4,000..Huron st near Elm, large modern dwelling.
2,000..Bartlett st near Lawrence ave, new 2 story frame.
1,250..Bloomfield st near Union depot, cottage.
4,500..Collingwood ave cor Bartlett, new dwelling.
1,250..Tecumseh near Collingwood ave, 2 story frame.
2,200..Erie st near Galena, new 2 story frame.
6,000..Modern frame dwelling 21st st near Jefferson.
1,000..Niagara st near Galena, new cottage.
1,500..Franklin ave near Cherry, 2 story frame.
1,250..East Broadway, E T, new cottage.
1,000..Navarre ave near E Broadway, dwelling.
700..1½ story frame house, Seaman st.
1,850..Wade st near Union depot, cottage.
750..Charles st near Curtis, cottage.
1,700..Congress st near Orchard, frame dwelling.
850..Ewing st near Blume, cottage.
1,275..13th st near Illinois, 2 story frame.
650..Nebraska near Junction ave, cottage.
1,550..Sumner st near Middle, cottage.
2,200..Huron st near Buffalo, 2 story frame.
3,000..Warren st near Floyd, 2 story frame.
16,000..Jefferson st near 17th, large modern dwelling.
1,800..7-room cottage, Charles st near Curtis.

VACANT PROPERTY for sale in all parts of the city. Houses built to order on long time and easy payments. Don't fail to see us before you buy—it will pay you.

I. H. Detwiler & Co.
Cor. Summit and Jefferson Sts.
OPEN EVENINGS.
Branch Offices—Dorr st, cor Detroit ave; Moore st, cor Chestnut; Junction ave, cor Nebraska ave.

L. A. & A. A. BROWN
COAL
Sewer Pipe and Fire Brick.
Phone 302 —22 Bridge st., near T & O C Depot

Notice.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has this day been appointed and qualified as administrator of the estate of Margaret Jordan, late of Lucas county, Ohio, deceased.
GOTTLIEB STROBEL, Administrator.
Dated at Toledo this 23d day of July, 1891.
first pub f-1 aug21,28sep4

DRINK
LION COFFEE
FOR BREAKFAST. IT IS A TRUE
MIXTURE OF MOCHA, JAVA AND RIO.
A DELICIOUS DRINK
A BEAUTIFUL PICTURE IN EACH PACKAGE.
WOOLSON SPICE CO.
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Bronchitis and Consumption.
Here is a Fact:
Nothing has ever succeeded like Angier's Petroleum Emulsion in the treatment of all diseases of the throat and lungs. The cough is controlled. Recuperation is rapid.
SENT FREE! "Petroleum: Its Mission." An interesting book.
Sold by all Druggists.
ANGIER CHEMICAL CO., Boston, Mass.

Fire and Burglar Proof
SAFES
H. M. PIXLEY & SON
Are in position to furnish promptly anything from a small office safe to a
BANK VAULT
WITH
TIME LOCK.
PRICES RIGHT.
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106 SUMMIT STREET.
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CHEATING IN HORSE BLANKETS

Nearly every pattern of 5/A *Horse Blanket* is imitated in color and style. In most cases the imitation looks just as good as the genuine, but it *hasn't the warp threads*, and so lacks strength, and while it sells for only a little less than the genuine it isn't worth one-half as much. The fact that 5/A *Horse Blankets* are copied is strong evidence that they are THE STANDARD, and every buyer should see that the 5/A trade mark is sewed on the inside of the Blanket.

Ask for 5/A Five Mile, Boss, Electric, Extra Test, Baker HORSE BLANKETS ARE THE STRONGEST.
100 5/A STYLES
at prices to suit everybody. If you can't get them from your dealer, write us. Ask for the 5/A Book. You can get it without charge.
WM. AYRES & SONS, Philadelphia.

NEXT MONTH
Will see the arrival of an endless variety of
NEW GOODS
Which will put us in splendid shape for
FALL BUSINESS.
We have found that the combination to your pocketbook--and ours--is
THE BEST QUALITY FOR THE LEAST MONEY.
And the best lock to a sale is
SATISFACTION!
We hold these three Keys. Are they correct?
L. HASSENZAHL,
232 and 234 Summit St.

"WE ARE IN IT"
That is, in OUR NEW STORE with the
LATEST PATTERNS AND BEST DESIGNS!
IN
FURNITURE.
HILLEBRAND BROS.
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TOLEDO
WIRE & IRON WORKS
MANUFACTURERS OF
FIRE ESCAPES
BRASS AND IRON RAILINGS,
Roof Crestings! Flower Stands!
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GRILL WORK.
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General Storage, Trucking and Hoisting of Machinery and Safes.
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Covered Vans for Furniture!
FREIGHT AND BAGGAGE
Delivered to and from Depots, or any part of the City.
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Brewers of Genuine
Pilsener, Export and
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EDGE TOOLS!
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The Mormon Elders' Book on Sexual Strength, mailed free to married men, address F. B. Crouch, 202 Grand St., New York

Baron Liebig
The great chemist pronounced the well known Liebig Company's Extract of Beef made of the finest River Platte cattle, infinitely superior in flavor and quality to any made of cattle grown in Europe or elsewhere. He authorized the use of
His well known signature J. Liebig as the trade mark of
LIEBIG COMPANY'S Extract of Beef.
For Delicious Beef Tea. For Improved and Economic Cookery.

"COUNTRY OF THE NOBLE."

Above the grandeur of sunsets
Which delights this earthly clime
And the brightest of the dawnings
Breaking o'er the hills of time,
Is the richness of the radiance
Of the land beyond the sun,
Where the noble have their country
When the work of life is done.

With the deep, mysterious problem
Of their earthly life made plain;
All the bitter turned to sweetness,
All the losses turned to gain;
And the new life's heavenly rapture
Far exceeding griefs of this:
Earth's hard toiling all forgotten
In the restfulness of bliss!

And the music of their welcome,
From angelic lyres of gold,
Shall full often be repeated,
Yet it never shall grow old;
Music grander than earth's noblest,
Than all eloquence of words,
And the sweetest of the carols
Of the gladdest of the birds!

—Aella Greene.

BEESWAX.

Henry Clews has a $40,000 bath room.

The Chinese do not permit their women to be photographed.

Robert Louis Stevenson's home has the only fire-place in Samoa.

The Russian language is to be taught in all of the Japanese schools.

Droughts and frosts have nearly destroyed the Rhine-wine harvest this season.

Arcturus in 550,000 times as large as the sun and 11,500,000 times as far away from the sun as the earth. Its diameter is 70,000,000 miles.

A new mineral has been discovered in Texas which is said to be seven times stronger than any other when made into wire.

A fine specimen of the pine-tree shilling of 1652 was found last week by workmen who were excavating at Great Barrington, Mass.

A Portsmouth, N. H., woman recently found a 1-cent piece in an egg which one of her hens had laid, and later on the same hen laid an egg with a 10-cent piece in it.

In the Antarctic ocean the icebergs that have been noticed from time to time were 400, 580, 700 and even 1,000 feet above the water, and were from three to five miles long.

The recipe for Roman punch was long kept secret by the chefs of the vatican, but was given to the rest of the world when Napoleon invaded Italy in 1796.

The history of the world in Arabic is being written by Mahmoud Fehmy Pasha, a companion of Arabi in exile in Ceylon. He hopes to finish it this year. It will be in five large volumes.

William Strong, 17 years old, walked into the Harrison street station, Chicago, Tuesday night, after a tramp from New York en route to Sycamore, Ill. He was in Chicago 54 years ago.

Norway is becoming observed as a country for sports. One rich Englishman has leased a tract almost as great as Yorkshire, which includes almost every sort of shooting that the country affords.

It is said that milk is made especially nutritious if it is put in a jar and stood in a moderately hot oven for eight or ten hours. It is then called baked milk, and has become thick and creamy.

An Amager farmer has been arrested and fined for assault upon the Danish army. While entering the town with a load of cabbage the war horse of the artillery took fright at his outfit and broke up the whole army.

There are more high peaks in the Rocky mountains and in the Sierra Nevada range by a proportion of 20 to 1 than there are in the Alps. There are at least fifty peaks in this country that are within 500 feet of an altitude of 14,000 feet.

A statistician has computed that a man might add $500 to his income by saving the clippings of his hair every time it is cut and having it manufactured into soft pillows, mattresses, etc. No hair is so soft as that of human beings.

A curious fact in the early history of pins is that when they were first sold in "open shop" there was such a great demand for them that a code was passed permitting their sale only on two days in the year—the 1st and 2d of January.

It is a whole day's task for two men to fell a mahogany tree. On account of the spurs which project from the base of the trunk a scaffold has to be erected and the tree cut off above the spurs, leaving thus a stump of the very best wood from 10 to 15 feet high.

A Chicago clergyman has observed that the rate of speed of carriages at funerals is becoming faster, and where 15 years ago a walk and only a walk was regarded as the proper pace, now trotting is common, and a rate of six or seven miles an hour has succeeded one of three miles.

A curious memorial stone has recently been placed in an old cemetery at Kingston, Mass. It is a rough block of granite, five feet high, into which is sunken a large slate tablet bearing a genealogical inscription of the Drew family, the founder of which, it is said, was knighted by Queen Elizabeth in 1589.

Among the richest citizens of the southern states to-day are several colored men who began active life under most adverse circumstances. Mr. Silvester, of Galveston, is said to possess real estate and personal property valued at more than $350,000. His wife employs only white servants.

The movements of an intoxicated man are variable, depending upon the beverage which he has imbibed. Scientific experiment recently made in London demonstrated that intoxication of beer or wine makes a man fall on his side; whisky topers fall on their faces, while those overcome by hard cider almost invariably fall backward.

It is all out now how Victoria rises so gracefully in her carriage and bows to her subjects on state parades. There are strong straps under her carriage seat, and she can, by pressing a button, elevate herself as often as she likes and acknowledge the public's enthusiastic demonstrations. The smiling is all natural.

A Hindoo princess, the Begum Ahmadee, has distinguished herself in London society as a singer of superior voice, talent and cultivation. She is a descendant of the emperors of Delhi, and possesses a mezzo soprano voice of extraordinary richness and power, which is used with very high artistic taste. She has also great personal beauty.

S. C. Rees, a mining man, proposes to revolutionize mining on inaccessible ledges by ascending to them in a balloon. He says that a large balloon will be inflated in the bottom of the canyon and secured by ropes there to prevent its escape, when it is proposed to inflate it and make the ascent to the point in the walls of the canyon where the ledge is and a foothold will be worked into it from the balloon.

Bishop Wordsworth, of London, is devoting a brief holiday to a walking tour through Dorsetshire, a portion of his diocese, accompanied by some twenty boys of the Salisbury schools. They often bivouac at farm houses, and last week the whole party enjoyed the pleasurable excitement of being lost on the downs four hours. Eventually they were guided to their destination by the tolling of a bell.

Dr. Rajendralala Mitra, C. I. E., whose death is just announced, was a distinguished Oriental scholar. For more than forty years Dr. Mitra was one of the most learned and industrious contributors to the pages of the "Journal and Proceedings of the Asiatic Society of Bengal," which is the recognized medium of publication at Calcutta of all researches in the history, literature, archæology and natural science of India and adjacent regions.

Queen Victoria has two beautiful little gold watches by Breguet that are supposed to be 100 years old. They have silver dials and are about the size of a two-shilling piece. One is a blind man's watch, the other is a repeater. Both go perfectly and are in constant use. Her majesty's favorite watch is a large plain gold by Mudge, the English maker. It is about twice as big as an ordinary man's watch.

Mrs. William Astor has a wonderful snake ring which literally writhes in constant motion on her finger. It is constructed of flexible gold wire, each scale being represented by a loop of wire in which a ruby, an emerald, or an amethyst is firmly set. The lightest movement of the fingers sets the wires quivering, and the ring scintillates and seems to go round the finger with a serpentine movement that has something eery in it. It was made in Egypt.

The Swiss watch trade has undergone complete transformation during the past 15 years, owing to the work being done in large manufactories instead of at the homes of the watchmakers. The result is that there are much better watches at less cost and greater sales. There are schools for teaching watchmaking at Geneva, Neufchatel, La Chaux de Fonds, Locle, Bienne, St. Imier and Porrentruy. In the last six years the number of watches exported from Switzerland has increased from 2,734,234 in 1885 to 4,431,301 last year, these figures not including the works and cases exported separately. Altogether, the value of the exports last year is calculated at $20,000,000.

HEY, WHAT'S THIS?

Big Block of Toledo's Finest Real Estate

In Question as to Who is Rightful Owner.

Remarkable Combination of Circumstances in Regard to a Will—Investigation in Progress.

An investigation is on foot that promises some highly sensational developments, and which involves the title to and possession of a square of land in the very heart of Toledo.

A short time ago, attorney George B. Orwig, of this city, received a communication from a prominent attorney of Memphis, Tenn., inquiring as to the value of property in Toledo, from Summit street to Water street, between Cherry and Lynn streets, stating that a mortgage or trust deed had been given on this property between the years of 1836 and 1847.

Mr. Orwig furnished the necessary information and soon received another letter stating that the mortgagor was Charles Butler, of New York City, and the mortgagee was Henry Anderson, of Mississippi. This letter further stated that the description of the property involved was 187 feet on Summit street, from Cherry and 500 feet on Cherry to Water street and from Water to Lynn street.

An interesting story is connected with this plot of ground.

In the town of Holly Springs, Marshall county, Mississippi, there lived a wealthy and influential planter named Henry Anderson. He owned and operated an immense plantation near Holly Springs, aside from owing a large amount of stock in the American Land company, a corporation of gigantic proportions, controlling vast territories of land in every section of the country.

In March, 1846, Henry Anderson died leaving two minor sons, William and James, the only surviving members of the family.

He left a will, bequeathing to Peter Anderson, his brother, Walter Goodwin, and Peter Lucas, all of this property, both real and personal, legal and equitable, except such right, title or claims to land or money, to which he might be entitled to as one of the agents and stockholders of the American Land company, to be held in trust.

Power was vested in these trustees to administer this estate as they deemed proper. They were given full authority to make titles of property sold, have the entire jurisdiction of actual owners but always acting in the capacity of trustees. The will included no restriction or stipulation as to the disposition of the property of the estate, neither did it describe or define any possession or property belonging to the estate, with the exception of granting Peter Anderson the use of the homestead and furnishings and chattels thereon, including what slaves he might desire for his own use.

The will expressed the unbounded confidence of the deceased in the honesty and fidelity of the trustees appointed. He gave each the power of all so that each might do separately what the three of them acting as a body could do, excepting when investments were to be made. Then he expressed a desire that they act together and unanimously.

A special clause was devoted to the disposition and administration of his interest in the American Land company.

It was his desire that this portion of the estate be managed and administered independent of the original trust or estate proper.

To this end he appointed his brother, Peter Anderson, and Walter Goodman as trustees, giving them power and authority to direct and manage the estates interest in this corporation. As with the trustees proper they were given individual executive power. After the affairs of this interest had been adjusted and closed up, the proceeds and effects were to become a part of the estate, under the jurisdiction of the original trustees.

The two trustees appointed to the control of the deceased's interests in the American Land company were empowered to convey land, assume securities, or receive and execute any papers necessary to a settlement of his interest in this corporation.

This business once closed, the will directed that the two trustees make out and sign a report of the transaction made in the management of the American Land company affairs, including a schedule of the property received and an account explanatory of the settlement made and credits transferred. This settlement or report to be taken as an inventory and to be considered as conclusive by the heirs, unless fraud or error be clearly shown.

A most peculiar feature of the will is that in both of the trusts created, it directed that the trustees in either case should not be required to give security, neither should they be liable for each other, and all accounts signed by them respectively should be evidence binding on the heirs of the correctness of the same.

It is very evident that the deceased placed the utmost faith in the men he appointed trustees, but it can be readily seen that the leeway and power given each trustee individually would most undoubtedly result in dissatisfaction and litigation.

The will further provides that when the son William arrives at the age of 21 years, the trustees of the general trust or estate should deliver to him a statement of the condition of the estate, including mention of all transactions, credits due, etc. As soon as the indebtedness of the estate was paid, the trustees were instructed to put William in possession of one half of the property.

Of this moity, or one-half, two-fifths was to be retained by the trustees to be held in trust by them until this son should have arrived at the age of 25 years.

If the interests in the American Land company had not yet been brought into the general trust before this son arrived at the age of 21 years, and should be brought in before he had attained the age of 25 years, so soon as it be brought in, it was devised that two-fifths of one-half of this property be deducted therefrom and the other five-fifths be paid to him as soon as delivered. The remaining two-fifths to be turned over to him at the age of 25 years.

The other son James was provided for in the same manner.

In case of the death of either son, without lineal descendants, the will provided that his share should revert to the surviving brother, and if both died without lineal descendants, one-half of the estate should go to his brother Peter, and the other half to other brothers and sisters. It can be seen by provisions of the will six settlements would be necessary in the administration of the estate.

It has since developed that the attorney, in communication with Mr. Orwig, of this city has charge of litigation for heirs of the estate.

It seems that Charles Butler was in possession of a mortgage on the property in question. Circumstances which have developed recently indicate that Charles Butler was in desperate need of money, as evidence shows that he borrowed $20,000 of Henry Anderson, giving his note for the same, dated July 1, 1841, and due July 2, 1841. As security Charles Butler assigned the mortgage on this property to Henry Anderson.

The attorney, in one of his letters to Mr. Orwig, stated that the heirs undoubtedly had a good case, and inquired as to the statutes in Ohio relating to the situation. He also stated that the investigation was set on foot by a note he found attached to a report of the trustees of the estate of the deceased, which reads as follows:

The note of Charles Butler is entitled to a credit for the proceeds of the sale of property in Toledo, Lucas county, O., of which Henry Anderson became the purchaser, the amount not known.

This is prima facie evidence showing that the property must have been sold to satisfy the claims, and bid in by Henry Anderson, to protect himself.

The attorney writes that neither among the effects of the estate or record left by the trustees can there be found any evidence that the property has ever been sold.

The records on file at the court house show the transaction as stated in the letter. That Henry Anderson instituted action against Charles Butler to foreclose the mortgage, order of sale of the property and the purchase of it by Henry Anderson.

THAT SUGAR INDUSTRY

Has Awakened Considerable Interest—Other Inquiries.

A great many farmers are taking a lively interest in the proposed sugar manufactory, full particulars of which appeared in the BEE not long since.

Mr. A. K. Detwiler, who has the project in hand, received a communication Saturday from Deshler stating that a number of business men in that town owned a large tract of land in that locality, and that they would be willing to contract for 5,000 acres of beets and take stock in the corporation. A great many farmers from this locality have called on Mr. Detwiler and signified their willingness to contract an acreage of beets and also take stock in the concern.

Mr. Detwiler received a letter this morning from a large manufacturing firm in Massachusetts and another from western New York inquiring as to the prospects and possibilities of locating plants in this city.

The Massachusetts firm manufactures whips and the other agricultural implements. Both concerns are called "A 1," and would be valuable additions to Toledo's manufacturing interests.

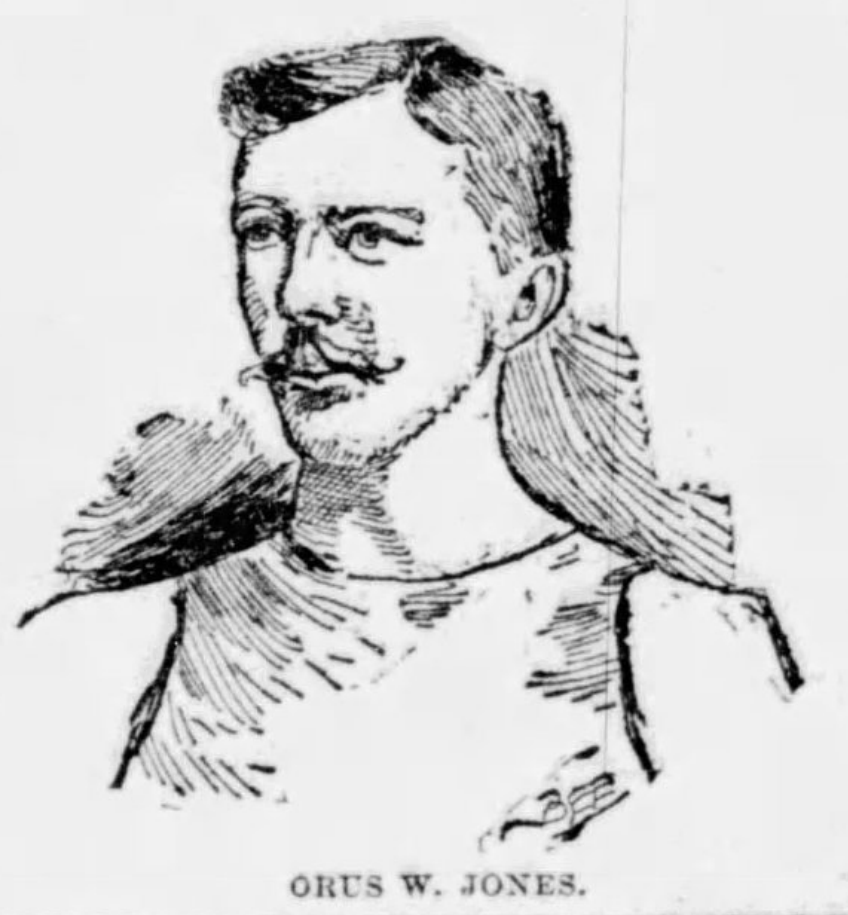
THEY MADE GOOD RECORDS

At the Toledo Y. M. C. A. Games.

The World's Record for a Hundred Yards Hugged Closely—Orus W. Jones Gets the Medal.

The Y. M. C. A. field day games were a big success Saturday. A large crowd assembled to witness the sports, and there was a goodly sprinkling of ladies who stood on chairs and applauded enthusiastically for the winners. The day was perfect, and all conditions were such as to induce good work.

There were no prizes for single events, but the boys competed for a handsome gold medal presented by J. J. Freeman. The winner of an event was credited with five points, the second man three points and the third man one point. Orus W. Jones captured the medal with 44 points to his credit; Karl Groweg came next with 29 points. Both did excellent work.


ORUS W. JONES.

There were events for both juniors and seniors. The summaries are as follows:

Seniors.

100 yard dash—D. C. Moore, first; Karl Groweg, second; G. Rollins, third; time, 10 seconds.

50 yard dash—Groweg, first; Moore, second; Jones, third; time 5¼ seconds.

444 yard dash—Henry Kahlo, first, 58 2-5 seconds; O. W. Jones, second, in 58 4-5 seconds; Karl Groweg, third, in 61¾ seconds.

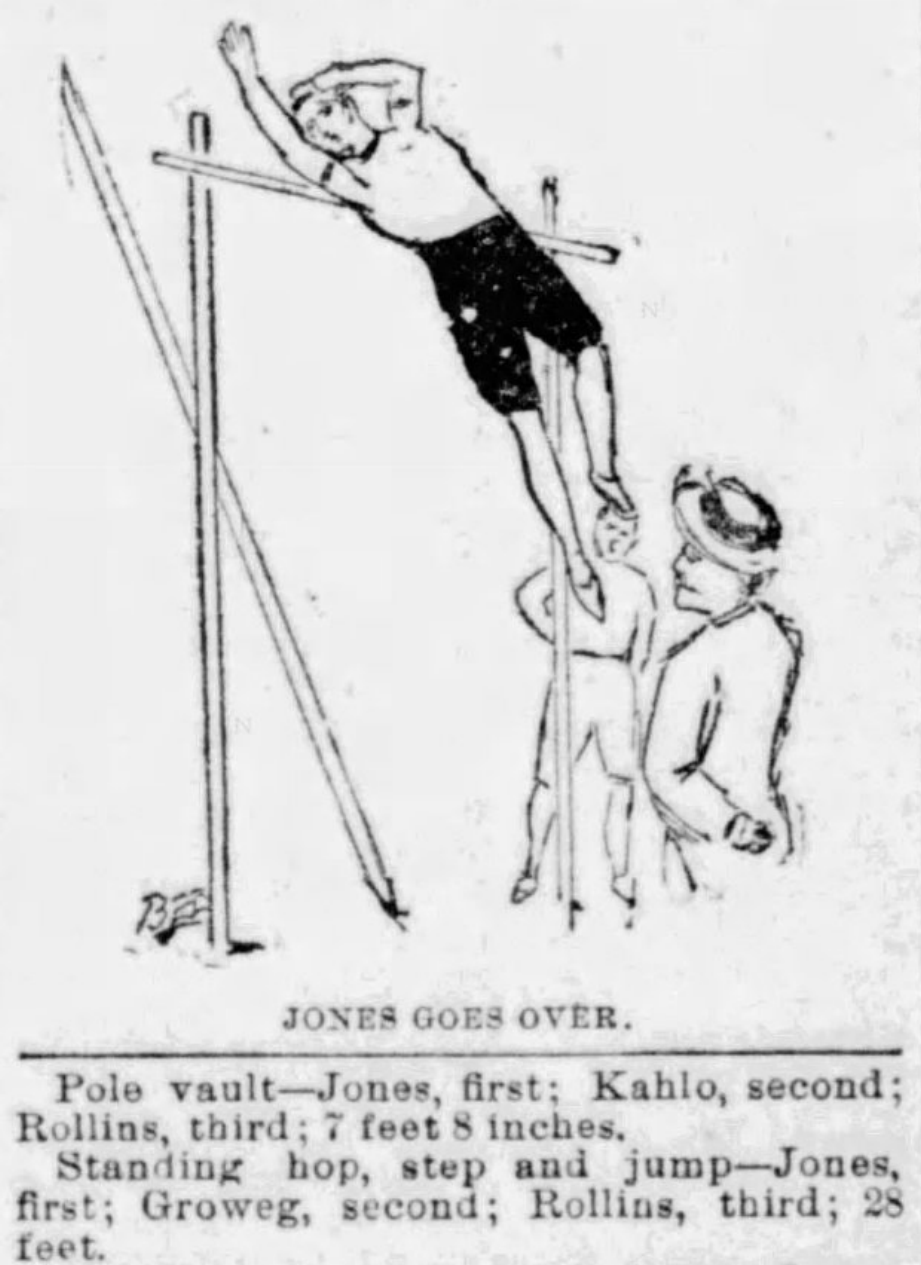
Throwing base ball—Rollins, first, 289 feet; Jones, second, 284 feet.

One mile run—Harry Young, first; O. W. Jones, second; Henry Kahlo, third; time, 5 minutes, 53 seconds.

Running broad jump—O. W. Jones, first; G. Rollins, second; Karl Groweg, third; 16 feet 8 inches.

Running high jump—Jones, first; Groweg second; Rollins, third; 4 feet 10 inches.

Standing broad jump—O. W. Jones, first; Rollins, second; 11 feet 3 inches.


JONES GOES OVER.

Pole vault—Jones, first; Kahlo, second; Rollins, third; 7 feet 8 inches.

Standing hop, step and jump—Jones, first; Groweg, second; Rollins, third; 28 feet.

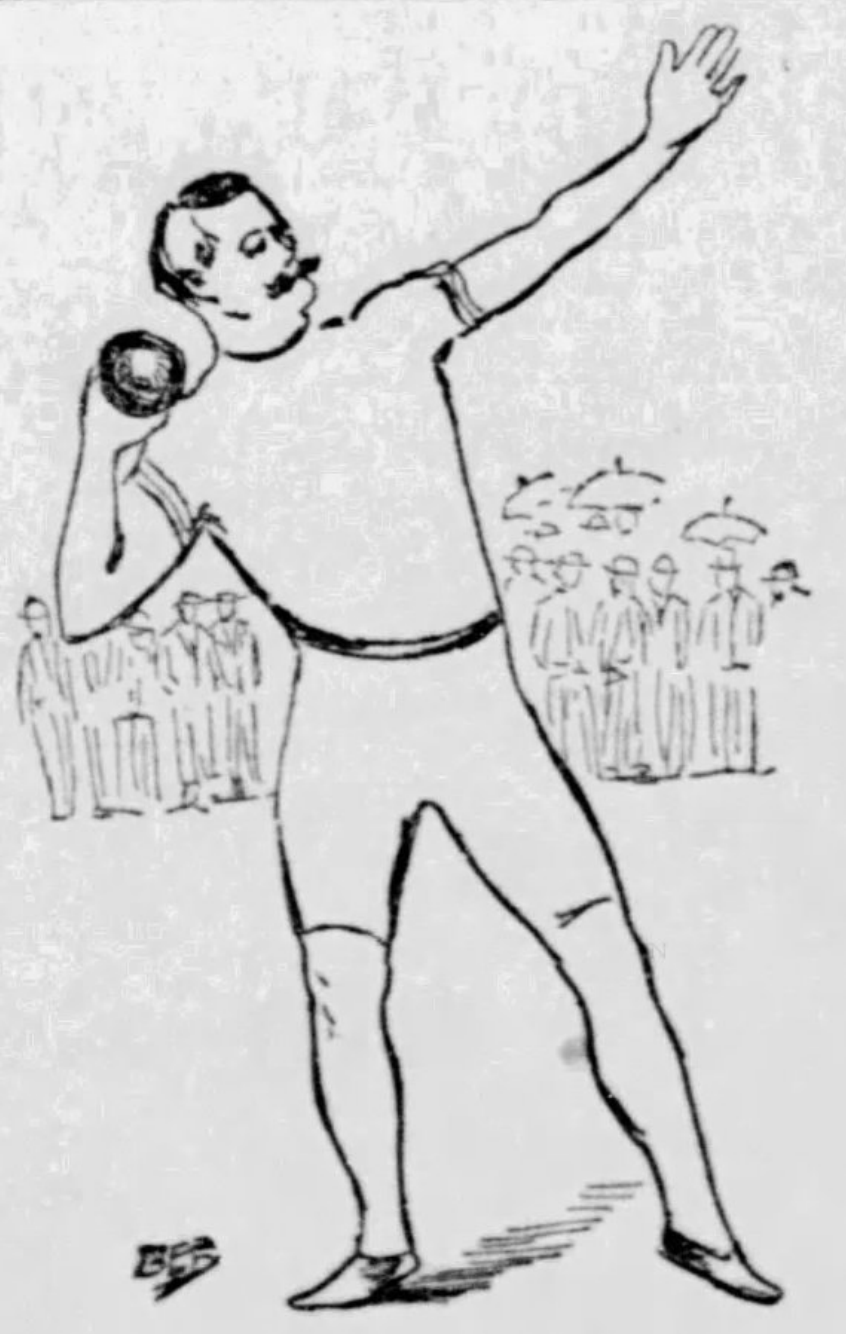
Standing two hops and jump—Jones, first; Rollins, second; Groweg, third; 37 feet.

Mile walk—E. L. Trowbridge, first; C. T. A. Meek, second; time, 9 minutes.

Throwing 16-pound hammer—Groweg, first; Kahlo, second; Jones, third; 69 feet 3 inches.

Putting 16-pound shot—Groweg, first; Jones, second; Kahlo, third; 31 feet.

One mile, bicycle—Jim Weiland, first; Harry Webster, second; W. P. Caine, third; time, 4:23¼.


PUTTING THE SHOT.

Juniors.

50-yard dash—Jessie Young, first; Geo. Stetter, second; Burton Waldorf, third; time, 7¼ seconds.

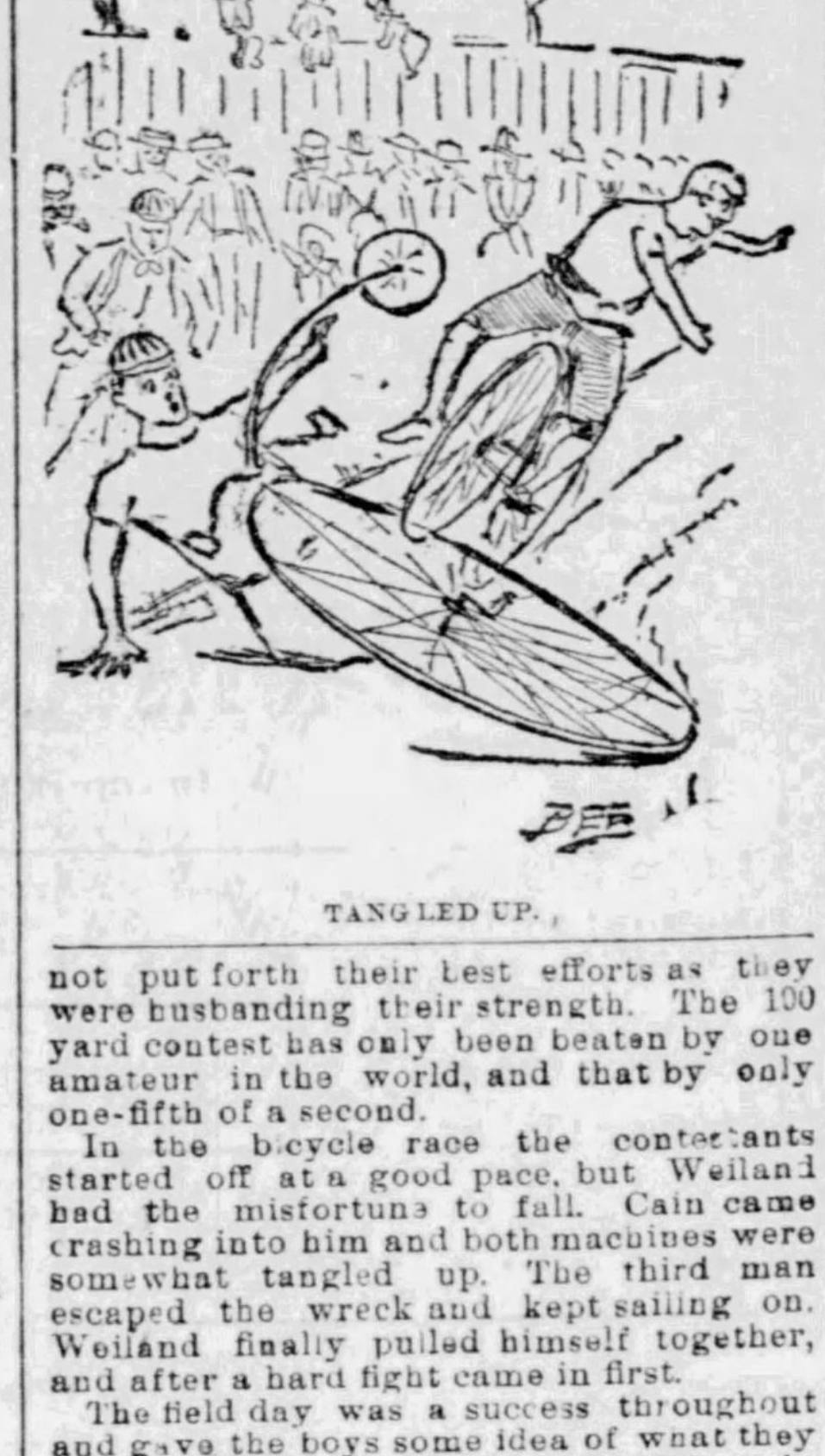
100-yard dash—Jesse Young, first; Vincent Emmick, second; Waldorf, third; time, 12 seconds.

220-yard dash—Jesse Young, first; Vincent Emmick, second; time, 30 seconds.

Standing long jump—Jesse Young, first; Vincent Emmick, second; 8 feet 2 inches.

Tennis—Fred Tracey beat Burt Waldorf in singles, and Tracey and J. N. Osborne defeated Waldorf and Ed. Goodnow in doubles.

The race of the day was the seniors' 100 yard dash, which was won in 10 seconds by D. C. Moore, who was all but tied by Karl Groweg. It was a pretty race and would have done credit to any city in the country, as it hugs close on the world's record. By the way of comparison: The 10 second record of the Toledo boys shows up well against the 11 2-5 seconds of the Brooklyn Athletic club; the 11¼ seconds of the Brooklyn Y. M. C. A. or the 10 4-5 seconds of the Philadelphia Y. M. C. A., all recent records. Toledo boys also beat Brooklyn on the quarter mile run, the broad jump and the pole vault. This is a very good showing, considering that most of the contestants entered all the events and were pretty much tuckered out before the end of the games. Then, too, they did not put forth their best efforts as they were husbanding their strength. The 100 yard contest has only been beaten by one amateur in the world, and that by only one-fifth of a second.


TANGLED UP.

In the bicycle race the contestants started off at a good pace, but Weiland had the misfortune to fall. Cain came crashing into him and both machines were somewhat tangled up. The third man escaped the wreck and kept sailing on. Weiland finally pulled himself together, and after a hard fight came in first.

The field day was a success throughout and gave the boys some idea of what they could do when it came down to solid work. Their records show up well compared with those of other cities, and there is satisfaction in knowing that they can do even better.

MADE OFF TO CANADA.

Cashier Tillman Has Departed from Louisville.

From $30,000 to $50,000 of the Bank's Funds are Not Where They Should Be.

Louisville, Ky., Aug. 31.—Major Wm. Tillman, for years cashier of the Falls City bank, and commissioner of the Louisville sinking fund, has left the city and at the same time $52,000 are missing.

The bank failed some weeks ago, but still had money on hand. The accounts of the defunct bank show a discrepancy of $37,000.

A lady placed with the missing cashier $15,000 in bonds. No trace of them can be found. The savings ledger of the bank has been lost for several years and the bank's affairs are in a muddle.

The discrepancies have appeared from time to time, and others may occur to swell the amount. No one is suspected but Cashier Tillman.

The other bank officials had the utmost confidence in him, and the major had his own way. That he made good use of his time and accounts give abundant proof.

Secretary and Treasurer Sanders of the Mechanics' Trust company, the assignee, asked Major Tillman a day or two ago to account for the missing money. He replied that he would look into the matter. Friday he resigned as sinking fund commissioner and Saturday night he left the city. The family say he has gone to Detroit. Mr. Sanders does not openly accuse the missing cashier, but says that he is accountable for the deficits above mentioned in full, or to a great extent, "but I would have gone to Canada long ago if I were he," significantly remarked Mr. Sanders.

In addition to the $37,000 overdrafts there is another phase in connection with some $21,000 worth of bonds left with Major Tillman in trust.

Out of the $21,000 worth of bonds left in his care belonging to the estate of R. B. Alexander, his predecessor as cashier in the bank, for the benefit of Mrs. R. B. Alexander and Miss Lettie Alexander, the wife and daughter of the former cashier, only about $6,000 is said to be yet intact. The $15,000 difference is said to have been converted to Tillman's own use in a vain endeavor to get out of a hole.

One remarkable feature of the situation was Major Tillman's firm resolve to stay to the last and face out the disgrace. His friends insisted that he must leave for the sake of his family, which has stood in the highest society of the city. Finally his friends determined that something had to be done. In counsel with his legal advisers, they told him he must go to Canada. Yesterday morning he had a final interview with them and he reluctantly consented to go, but he had no money. Everything had gone down in speculation, reckless management and high living. A purse was made up for him, he was driven to the depot in a cab, and, half harassed to death by the weight of his guilt, half carried by his friends, he was put on the train. It was given out two or three days ago that he had been sick.

Major Tillman was born in New York in 1834. The breaking out of the civil war found him in Michigan. He was appointed on the staff of General A. S. Williams, but was then made a paymaster in the army. He resigned in 1886, with the rank of brevet lieutenant-colonel, having disbursed $23,000,000. He came to Louisville in 1875, and in 1876 he accepted a position in the bank. In November, 1880, he was made cashier.

THE CITY'S FINANCES.

As Shown by the Sheet in the Auditor's Office.

The following is the condition of the various funds of city departments at the commencement of business this morning:

	Unappropriated.
Water works department	$ 43,494 32
General purposes	27 77
Police Department	26,059 86
Fire department	4,127 84
Bridge department	1,695 14
Street improvement and repairs	821 57
Sidewalk inspector	1,889 61
General sewers	189 34
Park department	532 75
Sanitary department	194 51
Corporation prison department	361 21
Police pension	1,011 20
Firemen's pension	1,802 04
Wharves and landing	72 60
Memorial building	4 99
Deficiency	99 78
Natural gas	2,376 14
Indigent soldiers' relief	14 00
University of Arts and Trades	584 12
Public library	304 03
Workhouse	2,421 75
Cemetery	4,700 25
Special	14,469 94
Sidewalk collector	120 03
Street intersections	4 35
Bridge, repair approaches	11,143 08
Market	7,070 54
Police patrol barn	5,065 60
Total	$130,453 36

Certified against the funds:

General purposes	27 77
Police department	1,967 89
Fire department	7 10
Bridge department	289 63
Sidewalk inspector	150 00
General sewers	115 00
Natural gas	152 92
Workhouse	23 00
Cemetery	6 65
Sidewalk collections	7 16

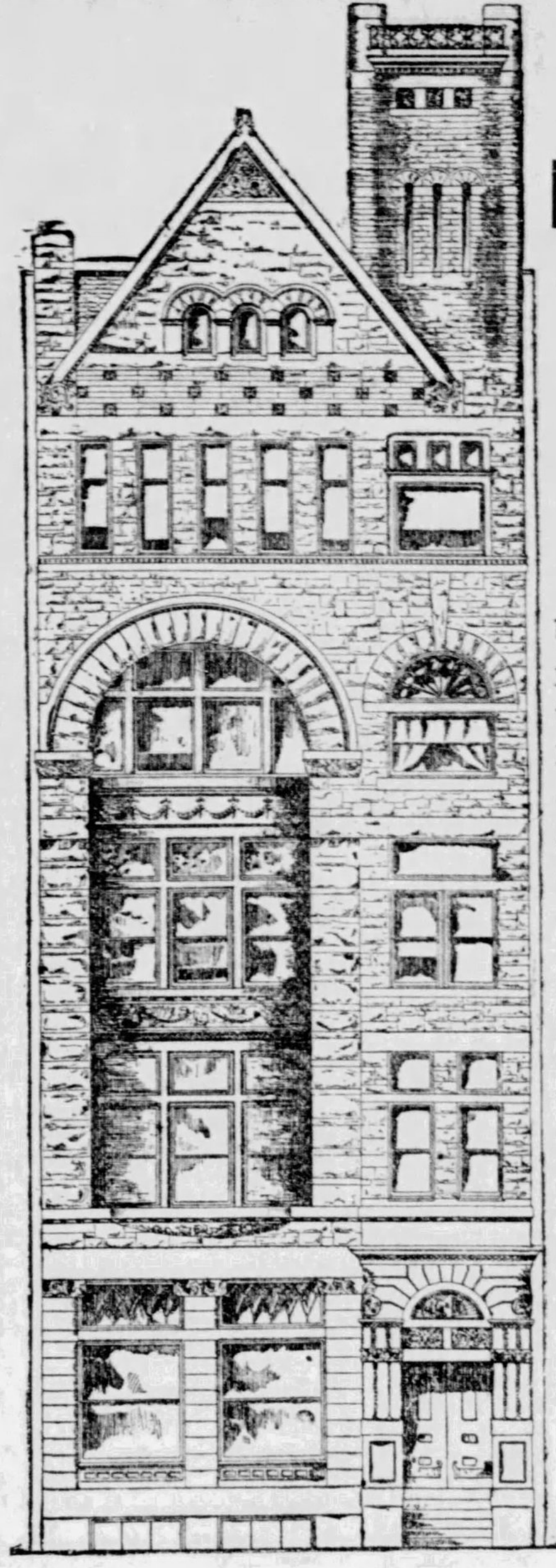
Fatally Injured.

Waterbury, Conn., Aug. 31.—John Dowling, aged 34, was struck with an axe Saturday night by Michael Karme and received injuries which will probably prove fatal. Karme was arrested.

Are You Well Located?
If Not, Why Not?
Desirable Offices!
IN THE
NEW BEE BUILDING,
Now For Rent.

This splendid business block, by far the most complete in Toledo, is located in the very center of business. It contains a number of choice rooms, single and en suite, suitable for offices. Well lighted, well heated, and supplied with all modern conveniences. Electric light and gas. Fast running elevator. Ceilings are steel panel work.

THE ONLY BUILDING IN TOLEDO WHICH HAS THE
Cutler Government Mail Chute!
By which letters can be mailed from either floor in the building.
NOW FOR RENT.



Inspect the Building and call or write for particulars and terms to
THE TOLEDO BEE CO.

OUR STOCK OF
FURNITURE!
MUST BE REDUCED
Call and see our prices on—Parlor Suits, all prices; Sideboards, antique oak and 16th century; Chamber Suits, very cheap; Fancy Rockers, large variety.
Young & Southard's, 172-174 Summit St.

GOOD NEWS FOR ALL
We carry the largest stock in the city for you to select from and all the latest designs from the best manufacturers are to be found in our ware room.
We sell bed room suits of 3 pieces from $15 to $25, and carpets of beautiful designs for 35c, 40c, 50c and 60c.
We have elegant Center Tables as low as $2.50 and $3.00. Baby Cabs at a great reduction. Bargains all through the stock.
We are going to close out this immense stock to make room for new purchases and shall keep the goods a moving. All will get bargains. Everyone wanting furniture will be sold cheap for cash, or on easy payments.
Don't fail to call at 434 Summit St.
OPEN EVENINGS. GOLDBERG & JACOBSON

Fishing Tackle,
House Furnishihg Goods,
Builders Hardware,
Bird Cages---A large line.
THE WHITAKER AND KIRK HARDWARE CO
210 SUMMIT STREET.

EAT
Reception Flakes!
MADE BY THE
WORTS, KIRK & BIGELOW BAKERY.

CHAS. JARECKI, Pres. A. H. JARECKI, Secy. OSCAR JARECKI, Treas.
JARECKI MFG. CO., LIMITED
TOLEDO,
Pittsburgh, Oil City and Erie, Pa.
MANUFACTURERS OF
Brass Goods, Malleable and Cast Iron Fittings!
Pipe Threading Tools and Machines, Natural Gas, Oil and Artesian Well Supplies, Tubing, Casing Pipe, Rig Irons, Rope, Etc., Etc.
Branch Stores at all Important Points in the Oil Regions.

YOUR CARPETS AND CURTAINS
Have you bought them? If Not, a visit to our store will do you good.
A Display of Novelty and Style!
An Assortment in both Departments that is not Surpassed in Northern Ohio is ready for your Inspection.
V. B. SNYDER & SON,
The Old Reliable Carpet House.

WEBER BROTHERS,
Clothiers and Furnishers.
An endless variety of Clothing, occupying three floors, and complete satisfaction guaranteed to all.
NOTICE.
Money Refunded on All Goods Returned if Not Soiled.
Weber Bros., 409 and 411 Monroe St.

REAL ESTATE

COOPER BROS.,
INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE,
AUBURNDALE, O.
$2,300, 9-room house, lot 50x200, Monroe st; $1,600, new 2-story dwelling, 8 rooms, Auburn ave; $1,800, fine 2-story house, lot 60 foot front, Albion st; $1,400, nice cottage, barn and hennery, Milburn ave; $1,150, new pleasant house on Bush st; $1,200, 2-story house, Lorie st near Monroe; $1,100, cottage on Lorie st; $925, cottage on Hazel st near Detroit ave; 975, cottage on Bush st, 7 rooms and summer kitchen, well cistern and cellar; two 2-story houses on Macomber st, $1,250 each; $1,050, cottage on Bush st near Albion; $1,100, 2-story house on Hazel st. We have 5 acres rich garden land one mile from fair grounds on Dorr st; one acre of above is orchard of good bearing trees, large brick and frame house, all for $1,900. Call on us for bargains in Auburndale lots; we have some of the choicest building lots at bottom prices. Call on us for reliable fire insurance; our companies' assets amount to over $12,000,000

GOLD IN IT TIMBER AND COAL!
Ten thousand acres West Virginia timber and coal land for sale or exchange, for Toledo city property. Abstracts furnished.
Address,
THE MINNIS REAL ESTATE EXCHANGE, MONROE, MICH.

Robt. McCaskey Real Estate
Office, room 1, Anderson Block, Summit st., near Madison, where I will be able to furnish the best of bargains and most favorable terms to my old customers and as many new ones as wish to get homes or make investments before buying elsewhere. Call and see me. ROBT. McCASKEY

FOR SALE—
Double house and lot on Western ave, $2,500.
Cottage on South st, lot 40x215, $1,500.
Building lot on Hicks st, 30x140, $650.
House and lot on Ontario st, near Ash, $1,300.
House and lot on Orange st, near Erie, $3,000.
Handsome building lots on South st, $400.
DECLAN ALLEN'S SONS,
Real Estate and Fire Insurance, 620½ Adams Street.

MACOMBER, MOORE & McDONNELL.
108 Summit St., near Monroe.
FOR RENT—Modern dwelling, No 1027 West Woodruff ave, 9 rooms, bath room, hot and cold water, furnace grates, natural gas; ready April 1st; $300 per annum.
FOR RENT—Modern dwelling, No 1507 Monroe st, Hicks' block, 10 rooms, all modern conveniences; $500 per annum; ready May 1st.
FOR RENT—Modern dwelling, ten rooms, all modern conveniences, on Monroe st; $600 per annum.
FOR RENT—Dwelling on Vermont ave, near Bancroft eight rooms, good barn; $20 per month.
FOR RENT—Dwellings from $6.00 to $20.00 per month.
FOR SALE—Building lots in all parts of the city. Cottages built to order and sold on long time, and on monthly payments when desired.

Lots on Maplewood Avenue
30 Ft. Frontage, $175.
Lots on Glenwood Avenue
30 Ft. Frontage, $300.
CALL AT ONCE.
CUSHING'S
REAL ESTATE EXCHANGE
612 Madison St.

Notice to Contractors.
Dredging.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED by the undersigned up to 12 o'clock at noon of Thursday,

THE 10th DAY OF SEPTEMBER, 1891.

for dredging the channel in the Maumee River leading to Swan Creek, between Madison street and Monroe street in accordance with the plans and specifications on file in the office of the City Civil Engineer.

All bids must be written with ink and the price of each item shall be written out in full as well as in figures. Each bid must contain the full name of every person interested in the same. All parties filing bids for the matters specified in this notice must deposit with the city clerk on each bid the sum of one hundred dollars. All deposits to be in cash or certified check on a bank doing a regular banking business in the city of Toledo, and accompanied by an agreement signed by the bidder and two disinterested persons, guaranteeing that if the bid is accepted a contract will be entered into—otherwise the amount deposited to be forfeited to the city; and in case a contract is entered into, said deposit to remain until first estimate of work done (or double the amount of deposit) is reported to the Common Council.

Bidders will be required to indorse their names on the outside of the envelope containing their proposal, and what the bid is for, the same to be filed with the city clerk. Bids not filed in accordance with the above requirements will be rejected.

Blank bids and envelopes can be obtained of the undersigned or of the city civil engineer.

Bidders must specify the time within which they will commence and complete the work after the acceptance of their bid.

Plans and specifications can be seen at the office of the city civil engineer.

The council reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

By order of the council.

C. H. DURIAN, City Clerk.

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Notice to Contractors.
Bridge Street Paving.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED by the undersigned up to 12 o'clock at noon of Monday,

THE 14th DAY OF SEPTEMBER, 1891,

for improving Bridge street from the paving in Front street to the dock line of the Maumee river, by paving the central fifty feet thereof with Medina block stone with joints filled with mastic cement, together with the necessary grading, curbing, crosswalks, drainage, etc.

The contractor or contractors who shall do the work herein provided for shall be paid in cash within ninety days after the completion of the work and the acceptance thereof by the city.

All bids must be written with ink and the price of each item shall be written out in full as well as in figures. Each bid must contain the full name of every person interested in the same. All parties filing bids for the matters specified in this notice must deposit with the city clerk on each bid the sum of six hundred dollars. All deposits to be in cash or certified check on a bank doing a regular banking business in the city of Toledo, and accompanied by an agreement signed by the bidder and two disinterested persons, guaranteeing that if the bid is accepted a contract will be entered into—otherwise the amount deposited to be forfeited to the city; and in case a contract is entered into, said deposit to remain until first estimate of work done (or double the amount of deposit) is reported to the Common Council.

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The council reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

By order of the council.

C. H. DURIAN, City Clerk.

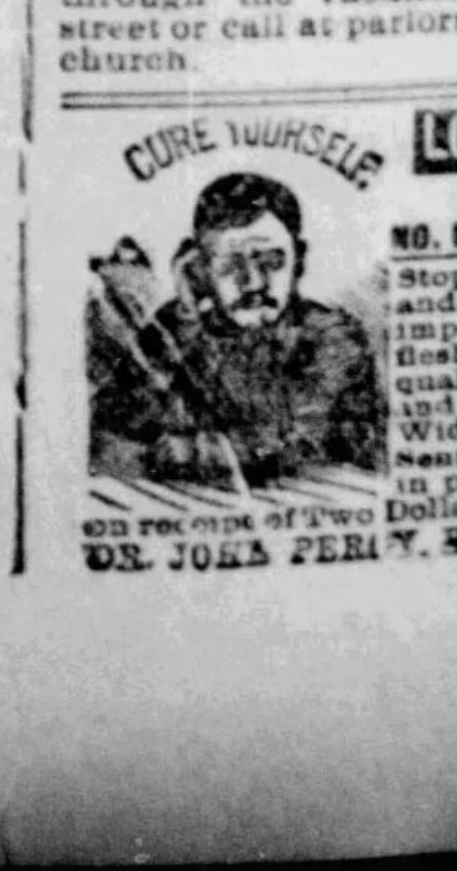
aug18eod4w

G. A. Kirchmaier, Ph. C.
Chemist and Assayer!
Laboratory, 1316 Adams St.
PHONE 938.

MERCHANTS' HOTEL
St. Clair St., end of Perry St.
Centrally located. Sample rooms on first floor. Special rates to parties and Theatrical People.
BERT E. HALL - - Proprietor.

TOLEDO
Artificial Limb Co
TRINITY BLOCK,
Office, Room 6,
Corner Adams and St. Clair St.
TOLEDO.

VOCAL LESSONS.
Mr. Whiting will continue his vocal lessons through the summer. This will give an opportunity for teachers and others wishing to study through the vacation. Address 609 Madison street or call at parlors of First Congregational church.



CURE YOURSELF
LOST MANHOOD
DR. PERCY'S
NO. 1 POSITIVE HERBAL REMEDY
Stops NIGHT EMISSIONS and drain in urine at once, imparting strength, energy, flesh and manly vigor. Unequaled for removing pimples and dark circles under eyes. Widely used in Asylums. Sent by return mail post free on receipt of Two Dollars. Sealed Pamphlet free. DR. JOHN PERCY, BOX 78, CLEVELAND, O.

THE MAN WHO STAYED BEHIND

"Good-bye, Len."

"Take care of yourself, old fellow."

"Let's hear from you when you get home."

"Don't forget us."

"No danger of that, boys, and if any of you ever come to old Richmond, remember I live there, and my mother will be as glad to see you as I shall." The speaker is a young man, hardly thirty, and as he sits in the buckboard taking leave of the little crowd of men who have assmbled to bid him good-bye, his handsome face and well-knit form are such as to attract attention at once. After an absence of years Len Hawley is going home. To him as well as to the men who surround him, the parting means a great deal, even though they strive—with that intensely American dislike of exhibiting any emotion—to conceal their adieux under an air of every day unconcern. After one has seen the days lengthen into weeks, the weeks into months, and the months into years with one set of comrades, when it comes to parting, the days long past bring up their memories to pass in review, and while no one speaks of them, all are conscious that they are present.

"Oh, you'll be back again, Len; you can't stay away," says one of the men to whom he has been speaking, more to break the silence that is becoming uncomfortable than for any other reason.

The young man merely shakes his head. He, as well as all the rest, knows that after years spent together this parting will, for the most of them, be forever. Out of the little frontier mining town many another comrade has gone just as he is going—never to return. Many another, who, day after day, who dreamed of going as he now is going, lay resting under the sod in the mountains around, whose crests are just beginning to be gilded with the rays of the early morning sun.

"Well, everything is on board, Jose, and you can drive around and pick up Mr. Dunsmeier and his wife and then turn yourself loose," It is the stage agent giving his last commands to the driver.

As the team of four half broken bronchos swings into the street the young man's face smarts and burns at the words he has just heard, and in the embarassment they cause him he forgets to respond to the farewells shouted after him. He feels almost like jumping from the buckboard and rejoining the comrades he has left. He has hardly recovered his self-possession as Jose stops his team at a house in front of which are already waiting a man of his own age and a woman some years younger. The man, with much domineering, at last has the trunk, of which he seems so solicitous, placed to his satisfaction in the buckboard, and, and with the lady takes the rear of the two seats. With a crack of the whip Jose turns his team into the road, and the weekly mail between Prescott, A. T., and San Diego, Cal., has begun its 600 miles of travel over mountains and across deserts to meet the steamers of the Pacific.

Whether or not the mass of letters and papers piled in the bottom of the vehicle will all reach there, or whether any of it will, is a question. While it is the boast of the contractors that they run strictly on schedule time, they give no guaranty assuring the safe delivery of anything, even of the passengers they carry. All they pretend to do is to run the gauntlet. If they get through they will "bring the mail in on time;" and after waiting without avail an hour for its arrival, when it is due, it is useless to expect it. Another week will elapse and then a new driver, driving a new team, will come in and explain just where and when the Indians "jump d and took in" the missing mail, and, in confirmation of what he says, as likely as not, he will turn over to the postmaster a mass of rifled letters, so stained and black with blood that the readers will have to puzzle long over them before they could decipher their contents. It is a standing rule, though one that all drivers are urged to observe strictly, that, if absolutely necessary to lighten the load in order to escape from an Indian attack, the mail-bags containing papers are to be sacrificed first, and those containing letters are to be thrown off only in extreme emergencies. Such is human nature, that constant association with danger brings at last a callousness, and while all of the passengers who have taken seats on this particular morning may have thought of the danger in a general way, not one has conceived it possible that his or her fate may be the same as has met those whose graves they so often encounter close by the roadside. Each of the men has prepared for a possible attack by arming himself. Two at least of the passengers—Len Hawley and Mrs. Dunsmier—are thinking how unfortunate the coincidence that has thrown them together to make this long trip in company. As for Mr. Dunsmier, he merely thinks how fortunate he is, to be forced to make it at all. In the past, when Mrs. Dunsmier was simply Mamie Manning, the admitted belle of the little frontier settlement, she and Len Hawley had been lovers. That was before the man who now sat beside her had come into her life, and, as she and the man she had discarded sat together for the first time in months, neither could refrain from thinking of the past—of the quarrel, so trivial in its beginning, that had caused them to drift so wide apart that reconciliiation was impossible.

As for Len Hawley, when he had heard of her engagement to another, he had determined to forget her, by gathering together the little property he had and beginning life a-new elsewhere. It was hardly a year since the engagement that bound them together had been broken, and already, he thought bitterly, she has fallen into the arms of another.

Some said that when Mr. Dunsmier, the rich mine owner, had first exhibited an interest in her she had sought the opportunity to discard Hawley. Much as the latter may have felt his loss, outwardly he appeared indifferent. He could not believe that she had simply cast him aside for money, and when the plainer-spoken portion of the community, in reference to the marriage, intimated that, after all, it had been merely a matter of bargain and sale, he would have told them they lied, had it not been for showing how deeply the wound still rankled. Of this woman he could never think ought but good. Strive as he would, he felt that he never could cease to love her. He would not blame her for what she had done. Who could tell what her motives had been? Might she not have loved Dunsmier, as she had in the past loved him—perhaps even more. He only wished that she would be happy. As for Dunsmier, himself, he had never liked him. In fact, there were very few who did. Selfish, overbearing and unscrupulous Dunsmier loved money as he loved nothing else on earth. To him it was a god, to be deified and worshiped above all else. It was his boast that with money anything could be obtained, and when he had first begun to visit Mamie Manning, during her engagement to Hawley, his arrogant display of wealth, as well as his ill concealed contempt of those of less means, had incensed Hawley so much that the quarrel that broke the engagement ensued, and Mamie had been pleased to charge it to his jealousy. After that it was easy for her to defend Dunsmier; and then the drifting apart had commenced until she stood at the altar as Dunsmier's bride.

From that day Hawley had determined to leave the country. He had gone for the last time to look at the house which, during their engagement, Mamie and he had planned and of which they had superintended the building. As he went from room to room he thought of the many times they had gone through them together, planning for the future and dreaming dreams that were never to be realized. For the last time he had locked the door, and, taking the key from it, had cast it from him. Somehow he could not bear the thought of giving it into the possession of another. That had been months ago and the house still stood vacant. As the buckboard passed it early in the morning he unconsciously noted how the six months had changed it, and he wondered if the woman behind him noticed it. It was to have been their home. For nearly two years it had been the one theme of all others that pervaded their talk, and now—. He would not think of it, though. After all, it might be for the best. He would leave it behind him as she was leaving it, and in his old home in the east he would strive to forget it. In the company of his dear old mother, whom he had not seen for years, the memory of the woman who had entered his life only to mar it would in time pass away. How, though, would he explain to his mother that this woman, of whom he had written so lovingly, who herself had called her "mother" in her many letters during their engagement, was now the wife of another—that, after all, she whom he had thought so true had proved false? He could hardly bear to think of it. Somehow her presence this morning—her blue eyes and brown hair, which he had so often kissed and caressed—had opened afresh wounds that he had thought healed, and try as he would, he was unable to put from him the thought of the love that had once been theirs. He strove to think of home. Would there be many changes to be seen? How glad his mother would be to see him. Thank God! after all these years of absence he was going back with enough to make her last days ones of ease and plenty. He would never leave her. She was the one of all the world who would understand what had befallen him and who would know how to sympathize with him in his sorrow. How good and true had this old mother been to him—so different from the woman who had given him up for the money of the man whose name she bore. Through all his thoughts, though, ran the memory of their courtship. He could smell above the sweet scent of the pine, so heavy on the mountain air, the same faint perfume that had always been her favorite, and which he had grown to love and regard as almost a part of her existence. He wondered how, after all that had passed, it could still find favor with her. To him it brought only pain. In vain he sought to forget it all by listening to objurgations hurled by Jose at his horse whenever that individual thought he detected any disposition to shirk on the part of any of them.

"Mulas y vacas!" (mules and cows), would Jose exclaim, in his most withering sarcasm at what he conceived to be derelections of his team; "will you not return anything for the care and love I have lavished on you?"

Whatever the delinquencies Jose proclaims against may be, they are more imaginary than real. The mountains have been left behind and the road is now in the valleys where the Spanish bayonet, the flat, green leaves of the prickly pear and the sagebrush have taken the place of the pines and the oaks of the higher altitudes. The travelers have only stopped twice—to change horses and to eat the noonday lunch. The sun has passed the meridian and is beginning to sink toward the west. The occasional cracking of Joe's whip and the muffled fall of the horses' feet in the heavy dust as they trot along are the only sounds which break the stillness of the desert.

Far up the deep blue of the heavens above a vulture floats lazily without an apparent effort. It seems so graceful, as it circles, that one can not refrain from watching it, although the upturned eyes ache and burn with the glare of the summer sun. Heat and thirst and silence. Everything is parched and brown, and the yellow earth, where it is not covered by sand or dust, is baked and cracked in every direction, thirstily waiting for the winter rains that are yet months away. Even the rocks, rough and jagged pieces of lava, are black as if burned with the all-pervading heat.

The three passengers sit in silence, longing for the next station, Camp Date Creek. It will, at least, be a relief to reach it, if only to refill the canteens that have become so warm that the water which they contain has ceased to be refreshing.

Suddenly Jose rises in his seat and looks long and earnestly off as if to the left where half a dozen clouds of dust are rising in the air. They are so slight that he can hardly tell whether they are the whirlwinds peculiar to the desert or men on horseback. As he looks though, in each of the little clouds of dust occasional glimpses disclose a group of horsemen riding at full speed. He looks again—all are looking in the same direction—and as he drops to his seat and says, simply "Indios," all know that he is confirming their worst fears.

He stops the horses and, handing the line to Hawley, jumps from the wagon. Drawing his knife, he steps to the rear of the wagon, where the heavy trunk placed there in the morning by Dunsmier is lashed. As he starts to cut the ropes that tie it to the buckboard Dunsmier divines his intention and turns upon him fiercely.

"No, no, you mustn't throw that off? There's bullion in it," and, leaning over, he catches Jose's hand to prevent cutting the ropes that hold it.

"Los Indios son Apaches!" (the Indians are Apaches), says Jose, his face growing paler as he notes how rapidly they are approaching while the buckboard delays.

"I can't help it, but you mustn't lose my trunk," says Dunsmier. "Can't you make him understand?—I can't speak Spanish," he asks, in a pleading voice, turning to Hawley. It is the first time they have spoken since before the marriage, and, eyeing him contemptuously, Hawley interprets into Spanish what he has said; and Jose, thinking that he, too, is asking for the preservation of the trunk, leaves it, and, jumping into the wagon, takes the reins once more into his hands and begins to ply the whip.

Hawlew looks to see that his rifle is in order, and, as he does so, he glances at the pale faces of the husband and wife behind him. As for himself, he is indifferent. Dunsmier has begun to throw into the road the mail bags. His wife looks at him as if to urge him to cut loose the trunk, but remains silent, as if afraid to ask it.

"He would sacrifice even her to save his gold," Hawley thinks, bitterly.

How the horses jump under the lash! They, too, have scented the danger, and seem to know that the race is one of life and death. The smooth, straight road stretches far ahead toward where it begins to climb the narrow pass through which it crosses the mountain. It is at that point the Indians are trying to intercept them. How they ride! The cruel rawhide quirts, with which they are cutting their horses, seem to be always in the air, while the long, black hair of each streams out far behind.

They are slowly gaining. Hawley raises his rifle and fires at an Indian in the leading group. A little puff of dust marks where the bullet strikes the ground to the left. No use to waste cartridges firing from the buckboard. One can only wait until all hope of escape by flight is gone, and then fight until death comes. In flight is their only hope.

Jose has dropped from the seat to his knees, and leans far over the dashboard that he may reach the further with his whip. How it whistles through the air as it falls on the flanks of the leaders and wheelers—leaving, wherever it falls, great welts that show plainly through the dust and sweat that cover the horses! He strives to make the lash fall where the skin is the tenderest. It cuts the thin, delicate nostrils of the wheelers, and raises on the bellies of the leaders ridges that are almost as large as the largest viens, while he shouts at them with fierce Spanish curses. No wonder the horses grow wild with pain and fear and dash madly on. Fast as they go, though, they can hardly hold their own with the pursuers. It is only a question of time before they are overtaken, unless something intervenes to save them. A broken trace, a cracked spring—and then a few shots, a rush by the Indians, and all would be over; the next passer-by would find their mutilated bodies lying in the road, amid the rifled trunks and mail bags. No one speaks. They are almost at the point where the narrow road begins to climb the mountain pass. Behind them, less than one mile away, come the Apaches, their horses flecked with foam. Once the buckboard begins to ascend the mountains, it will be madness to drive as they have driven on the plains. To do so might throw them into the canyon hundreds of feet below, or break their vehicle against one of the many bowlders that line the roadside. Already Jose is getting his horses in hand, as if to check their speed. Here the Indians have the advantage, and their sure-footed mustangs, unhampered by harness or wagon, will soon overtake the buckboard. There is a chance, though, and facing Dunsmier and his wife, Hawley, whose face is white and stern, says:

"Dunsmier, from the top of the mountain it is hardly three miles into the next station, Camp Date Creek, and you and I, by getting out here can stand off the Apaches until the wagon gets away. If we only hold them back 10 minutes it will be enough, for by that time the wagon can reach the top of the mountain and there will be no chance for the Indians to overtake it."

As he faces Dunsmier, for the first time in months he again looks into the eyes of the woman he has loved. How blue they appear in the white, pale face. They look pleadingly into his, and his heart is filled with pity for this woman who sits there in silence with death so near. Her eyes never leave his face, as if longing for him to speak, if only to pardon the past. All the old love comes back to him, and he feels as if he would give his life to take her again in his arms. As he thinks it can never be, he puts the thought from him and in its stead comes the pain that she has brought to him.

"Can't we escape without?" asks Dunsmier, his lips ashen with fear.

"No," answered Hawley, with bitter contempt and a new hatred, born of the man's cowardice, in his heart; "it is the only chance for your wife, and we had better do it right ahead, where the climbing begins and where we can get in among the bowlders."

"Couldn't one do it? I would be willing to pay anything if——" began Dunsmier, to quit abruptly as he caught the stern look in Hawley's eyes.

"You coward! Are you going to come with me or not?" as he rises in his seat, rifle in hand.

The horses under the close rein that Jose is drawing, have slightly slackened their speed, for they are already in the pass.

"Yes, yes, of course, I will go with you," comes from the white lips of Dunsmier, as he sees Hawley preparing to spring into the road. Hawley reaches within his breast, and, taking from it a purse, hands it to the woman.

"Mamie, this is all I have," he said simply; "see that my mother gets it. You know her address."

Mrs. Dunsmier reaches out her hand as if to prevent him from leaving the buckboard. There are tears in her eyes as they meet his, and her voice trembles as she implores him not to throw his life away for her sake. Almost before she can frame the words he leaps from the wagon into the road. In an instant he gathers himself together and looks toward the buckboard. Dunsmier is still seated in it, holding his wife as if to prevent her from jumping from it. A wave of exultation seems to pass over Hawley, as he sees this man, who was to have stood by him in facing the Apaches while his wife escapes, thus leave him to his fate.

For an instant the buckboard almost stops, as if in response to some command from the woman; while Dunsmier, who seems beside himself with fear, has taken from the driver's hand the whip, and is striving to lash the horses into greater speed. Hawley smiles to himself bitterly. He can yet overtake the buckboard, or easier still, he can hide among the bowlders and brush that line the canon from the Apaches, and, after they have passed, easily make his escape. No; better to let all end here than to let her know he had played the cur. She would escape and would know that it was to him she owed her life. He took off his hat and threw it into the air as a signal for Jose to drive on. He does not even look where it falls. He will never need it again, he thinks, as he crouches behind a bowlder.

He raises his rifle and fires at the foremost of the Indians who are galloping into the canyon. In an instant they slip from their horses and after firing a few shots at him begin to climb the mountain side. This is what he expected. They will climb the mountain side and probably shoot him in the back from above; but before they can do so and remount their horse, the buckboard and its passengers are beyond pursuit. He had feared that that they would rush in on him, and after a few shots all would be over with him, and his life would have been thrown away in vain. It was for this that he wanted Dunsmier to come with him. Two might do what one could not.

Enraged at the escape of the buckboard through the delay he has caused them, the Indians fire volley after volley at him until the canyon echoes so with reports that he cannot tell from which direction the shots are coming. He looks up toward the summit to see if any of his enemies are above him, and as he does so he catches a glimpse of the buckboard, with a woman's white face looking backward. An instant and it is gone. Thank God! He knows they are on the mesa now, and she is safe.

So they are. A straight, level road is before them, and at its end they can see, against the dark side of the mountains beyond, a cluster of adobe buildings, with a flag floating high in the air over the parade ground. The horses are again running as if mad, with the stingings of the whip that seemed to be forever falling. The shots in the canyon die away in the distance. A mile is passed and then another. Already the wild race has been noticed at the post, and, while they are still a couple of hundred yards away, the ringing notes of the bugle are sounding above the hard breathing of the horses and the rattle of the buckboard; for to the old soldier in command such driving means that there is succor needed.

As the buckboard passes the sentinel, a few words explain all; and, while the foam-covered team still stands trembling from their wild race, a troop of cavalry dashes by at a gallop to the rescue of the man who is facing such odds in the canyon.

The woman who has come in with the buckboard watches the blue-coated men with staring eyes. How slowly they seem to go, though she knows that the troop has never ridden—even in its wildest charge—as it is riding to-day.

The husband approaches her and places his hand upon her arm, as if to lead her into one of the houses, out of the sun. She shakes his hand off without looking at him. The few women in the post gather around and urge her to compose herself, but she does not seem to heed them. She can only stand and watch the cloud of dust which marks the progress of the cavalry. They have crossed the mesa, and as they disappear from the horizon beyond, all know that if the Indians are still there the canyon will soon be filled with the smoke and fire of the cavalry carbines.

An ambulance, in which is seated a hospital steward, approaches where she is standing to receive orders from the commander of the post. When she hears that it, with its escort, is to follow the troop of cavalry to bring back the dead and wounded, despite all that can be done, she takes a seat in it, and when it returns she is clasping to her breast the form of the man who had stayed behind in the canyon.

As the ambulance stops a little crowd gathers around it and looks into couriously.

The sergeant of the escort, as he salutes the colonel, says: "Capt. Dillon and the troop have gone in pursuit of the Indians."

"And the man who stood them off while the buckboard got away—how is he!" asks the colonel, nodding toward the ambulance

"He was all shot to pieces and dead before we got there," is the sergeant's reply.
—Asgonaut.

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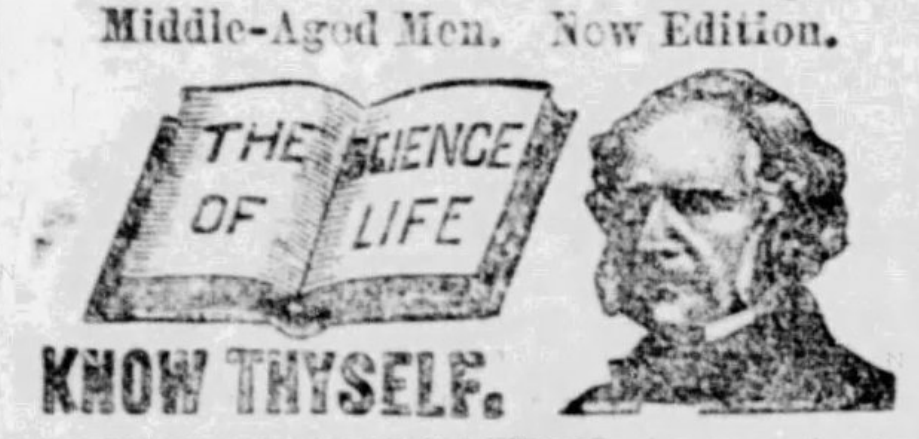

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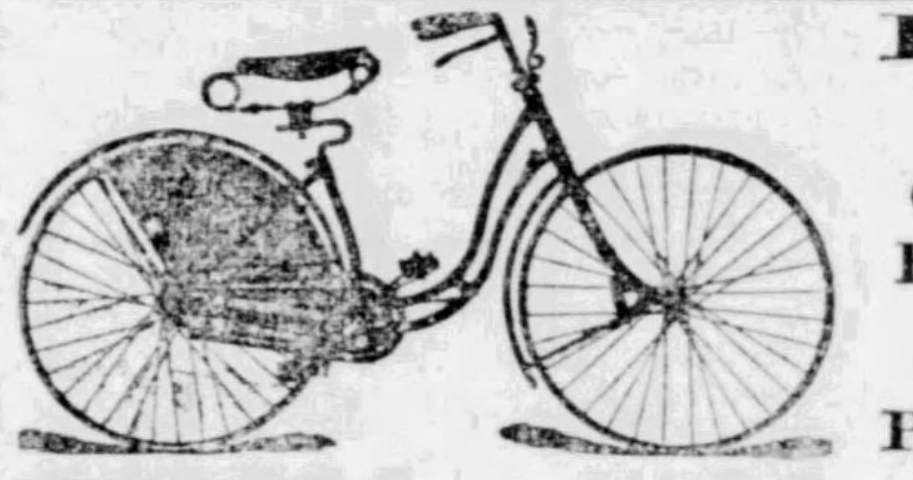

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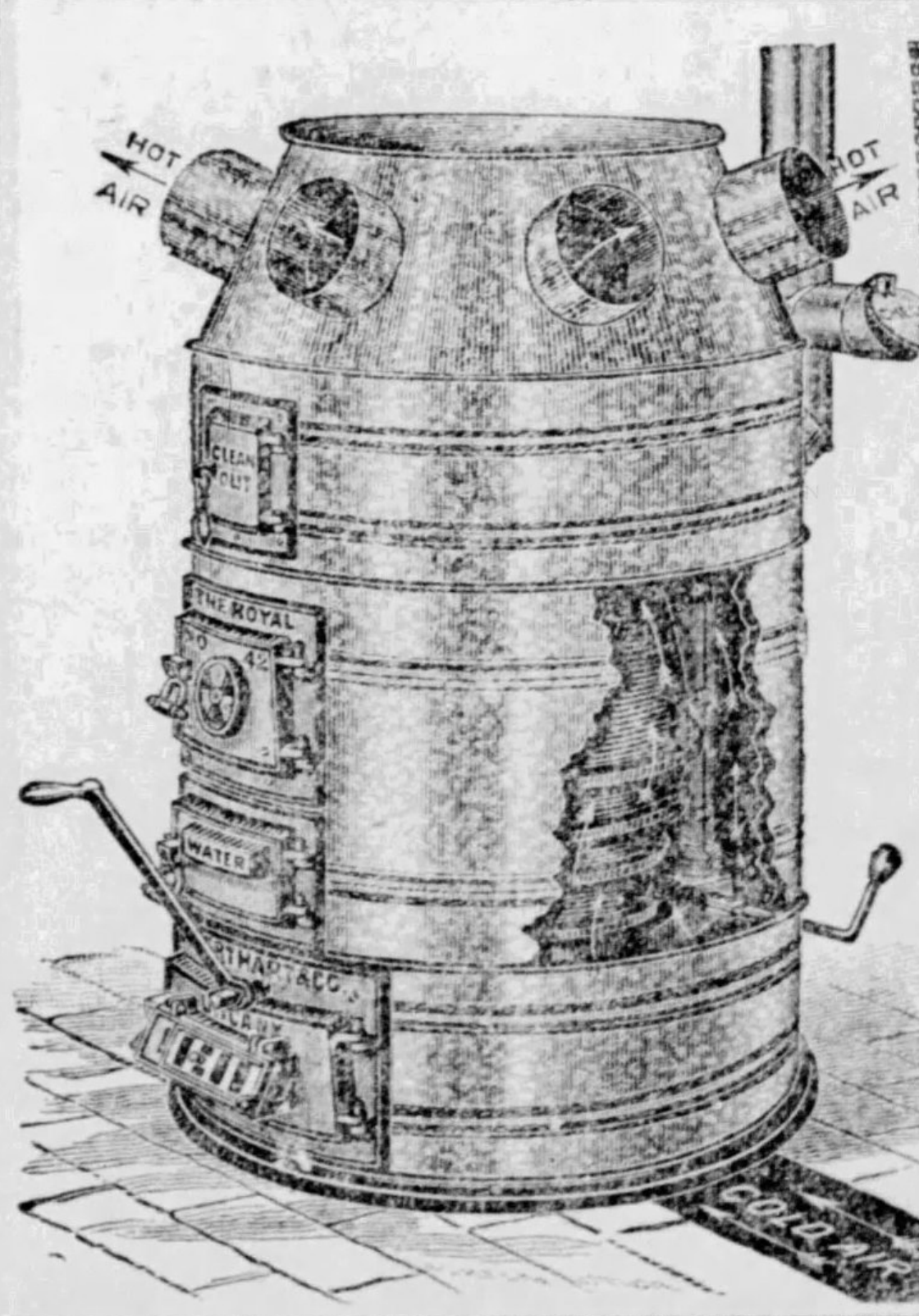

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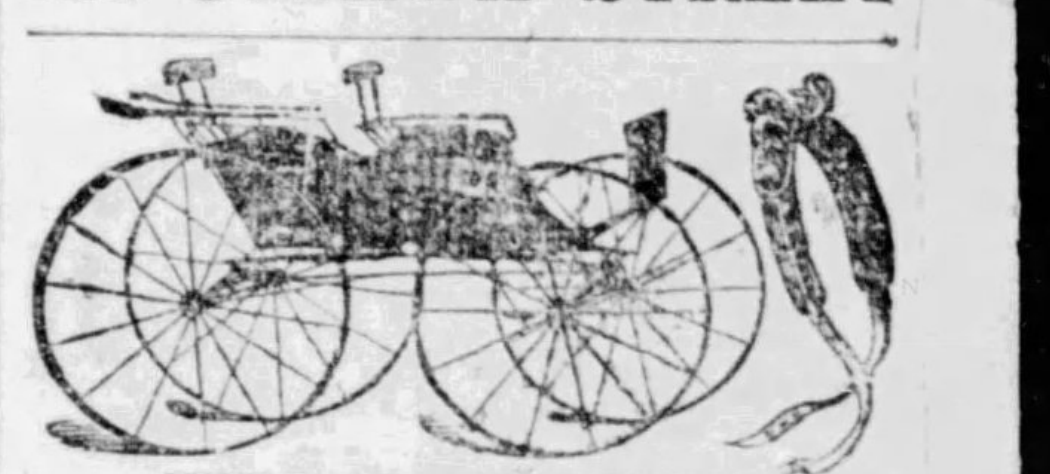

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MIDSUMMER.

When the scarlet cardinal tells
Her dream to the dragon fly,
And the lazy breeze makes a nest in the trees,
And murmurs a lullaby,
It is July.

When the tangled cobweb pulls
The cornflower's cap awry,
And the lilies tall lean over the wall
To bow to the butterfly,
It is July.

When the heat like a mist veil floats,
And poppies flame in the rye,
And the silver note in the streamlet's throat
Has softened almost to a sigh,
It is July.

—Treasure Trove.

FARM AND GARDEN.

Experiments in Pig Feeding.

The following is a summary of experiments in pig feeding as carried on at the Agricultural Experiment station, Champaign, Ill., as published in Bulletin No. 16, from that station:

Corn is the great fattening food for pigs in a large part of the United States. In eight trials in which corn was fed, aside from salt and coal slack, pigs varying in average weight from 65 to 290 pounds and kept in pens or small lots without grass, gained at the rate of from 10.46 pounds to 14.62 pounds per bushel, 56 pounds shelled corn, the average gain being 12.36 pounds. The rate of gain for food eaten, and the food eaten in proportion to weight decreased after four or six weeks feeding with corn only. The corn eaten per day varied from 3.41 pounds eaten by pigs averaging 65.58 pounds to 10.71 pounds eaten by pigs weighing 311 pounds. The corn eaten per day per 100 pounds live weight varied from 1.95 pounds, eaten by pigs fed 84 days and averaging 207 in weight, to 5.19 pounds eaten by pigs averaging 65.58 pounds. In one case in the fourth week of pen feeding two pigs gained 3.21 pounds each per day—at the rate of 16.81 pounds per bushel of corn. This was the greatest gain per day and was also the best rate of gain in any trial. There seemed to be no constant relation between the weight of the pigs or the season of the year and the food eaten or the gains made.

In four trials, pigs fed all they would eat of shelled corn with blue grass pasture ate 4,216.5 pounds of corn and gained 905 pounds, which was at the rate of 12.04 pounds gain per bushel of corn. Pigs under like conditions, except that they were fed but half as much corn, ate 2,190 pounds of corn and gained 505 pounds, which was at the rate of 12.93 pounds per bushel. Pigs in dry lots fed shelled corn, ate 4,207 pounds of corn and gained 790.5 pounds, which was at the rate of 10.52 pounds per bushel.

After periods varying from six to nine weeks, the pigs which were fed a half-ration of corn on pasture, were given a full feed of corn, the others being fed as before. In three trials, lasting four or five weeks each, the pigs which had been fed a full feed of corn throughout ate 1,796 pounds of corn and gained 329 pounds, which was at the rate of 10.11 pounds per bushel. Those which had been fed a half-feed of corn in the first part of the trials ate 2,075.5 pounds of corn in the second part and gained 462.5 pounds, which was at the rate of 12.5 pounds per bushel. Those fed corn only ate 1,624.5 pounds of corn and gained 224 pounds, which was at the rate of 7.44 pounds per bushel.

In two trials pigs fed soaked corn ate more and gained more than those fed dry corn. In one trial they gained more and in one less in proportion to food eaten than those fed dry corn. The differences were not great in either case.

Two pigs in a two-acre pasture in which three yearling steers were fed corn gained in 24 weeks 195 pounds. In a second trial two pigs with like conditions gained 231 pounds in 31 weeks. In neither case was the gain large. In each case the pigs at the close of the trial were in good condition for full feeding and made large gains when so fed.

Remedy for Smut in Wheat.

There are two kinds of smut which destroy wheat heads. The first form is known as stinking smut, and while the small seed head does not change its form, the wheat seeds become black, soft, stinking and are ruined. The second form is loose smut. The whole head turns black and to powder, and falls away, leaving only a bare stem where it was. In both cases this back powder consists of countless minute spores, which blow about and mingle with the grain in threshing and then sprout and grow in the wheat plant after it is above ground, finally blasting the head. If these black spores, too small to be seen by the naked eye, can be destroyed before the seed is planted, no smut will injure the wheat for harvest.

The Purdue (Indiana) University Agricultural Experiment station, has been conducting experiments for preventing smut in wheat and now send out the following:

For Stinking Smut: Fill a tub or half-barrel about two-thirds full of water, warmed up to 140 to 145 degrees temperature. Place a bushel of wheat seed in a loose or thin sack (say a coffee sack), and dip it into the tub and thoroughly work the water in among the seeds. Let the seed stand in this hot water at least five minutes. The water must not be allowed to get cooler than 130 degrees, and the nearer it is to 140 degrees the more satisfactory the treatment. By this method we have entirely prevented the disease, while seed from the same source, not treated, caused a large loss in crop. The seed will dry in 24 hours if spread on a barn floor, and occasionally turned. Or it can be dried in a short time if mixed in land plaster or dry road dust.

For Loose Smut: Our experiments only enable us to suggest treatment for this disease the present year, which is to dip the seed as in treating above, only have the water 10 degrees warmer (150 to 155 degrees). We believe this treatment will largely prevent the smut occurring in the crop. Our experiments have shown us that water at 135 degrees will not prevent the disease.

The Benefits of Mulching.

During a season of protracted dry weather, one can readily appreciate the benefits of mulching to trees and shrubbery. The moisture being retained in the ground, the tree or shrub well mulched will continue to make satisfactory growth, when others not thus protected will wither and die. Out of a lot of more than fifty fruit trees set out last spring, just at the beginning of the spring drought, all save two are making an excellent growth. All were mulched with coarse, strawy, barn-yard manure. All were watered during the continuance of the dry weather, and all, save these two, had received a mulching of ground plaster at the rate of one-half bushel to the tree. The plaster was applied several days before the straw, as spring work delayed the application of straw. Whether the lack of thrift in these two trees is due to the want of the plaster is not certain, but evidnce would point hat way.

The plaster was also applied to currants and raspberries. Those receiving the plaster set almost twice the amount of fruit as those not thus treated. The fruit, too, was larger, richer and of a better color. A few old apple trees received an application of plaster and are well filled with fruit, while others not thus treated set less fruit or are now dropping much. It would thus appear that the fruit grower may increase his crop in a single season sufficiently to repay for the application of the plaster.

A mulching of well-rotted sawdust was applied to a lot of seedling evergreens, because of the ease in application, and, though the loss has not been great, and that probably due to the midsummer drought, it is not so well adapted to trees. Some may inquire if it will pay to mulch. Such have only to try the experiment to be convinced. A number of trees set out four years ago, and well mulched, made excellent growth each year, some bearing fruit the second year. Several orchards planted at the same time in the neighborhood have made no perceptible growth, and fully 25 per cent. of the trees have been lost.

After going to the expense of purchasing a good collection of trees, and after taking the trouble to carefully plant these trees, is it not imminently proper that we should take the little additional precaution of mulching and cultivating them, if, by this precaution, we can save so much larger per cent. from loss? If, through this additional care, the trees can be brought into bearing a year earlier, is it not also economy to spend the time that may thus be required?—John L. Shawver in Farm and Fireside.

Advantages of Irrigation.

In no way are the advantages of irrigation more forcibly brought to the attention of the farmer than in its effects when applied to alfalfa. This plant which is now winning recognition in every part of the country as one of our most valuable forage plants, can be cut twice a year in those sections where the farmers depend upon the clouds for their moisture; the first cutting being a full crop, and the second generally fair, but where it is raised by irrigation and not too far north, it will yield every year four full crops, and in favorable seasons five. This is an instance, where and how irrigation more than doubles the product of the soil—and why? Simply because the growing crops get just the quantity of water it needs, and just at the time it needs it.

The best practical illustration that could be given of the benefits of irrigation is presented by the Rio Grande valley. Take this valley from Bernalillo, 16 miles above Albuquerque, down to Las Cruces, about 240 miles below, and it is entirely safe to say that the average yield per acre, one year with another, of all the land under cultivation, is fully 100 per cent. greater than that of the best land anywhere in the "rain belt." This may seem an extravagant statement, but any practical farmer who will take the time to consider the matter will readily see that such an estimate is entirely reasonable. The records show that in every part of the country where the farmer depends entirely upon the rainfall the whole or a large part of the crop is lost two years out of every five by either drouth or excessive rainfall; but here no part of the crop is ever lost from either of these causes, because there is never rain enough to amount to anything during the growing season, and the necessary water is all supplied from the ditch.

Every farmer knows that there are times almost every year, when his crops suffer more or less from want of rain or too much, and that the yield is therefore not as good as it otherwise would have been. Again, how often it happens that one field needs rain when another needs dry weather—that when the corn might be greatly improved by a good rain, the wheat or hay might be seriously injured by it, thus one field or the other has to suffer, and the owner doesn't have the privilege of saying which it shall be. We have things differently here; if my corn which is in tassle wants moisture and my wheat which is ready to cut wants to be dry, I accommodate both, by letting the water into the cornfield and keeping it out of the wheat field. It requires no argument to show any practiced man what benefit must necessarily accrue from that and when it is remembered that this is not an exceptional case, but the rule, and tha all of our farming is don in tha way, without loss or injury on any part of the farm, from either flood or drouth, I thnk you will admit that my estimate is not extravagant.

Now, these things being true, who can set a limit to the good that would result, to tens of thousands of individuals, and to the country at large, from the construction of a comprehensive system of irrigation works by the United States government, such as would store the now wasted waters of our rivers and creeks and conduct them to the lands where they are needed, by distrbuting canals.

The increased production that would result from such a system would add enough to the national wealth every year, to reimburse the country for all the outlay necessary.—W. S. Burke, in Farm, Field and Stockman.

Seed Wheat to the Acre.

Experiments in seeding with different quantities of wheat were begun on the farm belonging to the Ohio State university several years previous to the establishment of the Experiment station. These experiments have been continued on the same farm by the station, and the tenth experiment has just been harvested.

In this experiment two varieties of wheat were used, Dietz and Velvet Chaff (Penquite's Velvet). The land on which they were sown had borne nine successive crops of wheat, having been dressed three times with barnyard manure during that period.

The land occupied by the Velvet wheat lies upon a gravel knoll, sloping to the west, the gravel coming in some places to within two or three feet of the surface. The wheat on this knoll has for several seasons been less vigorous than in other parts of the field, and this season especially it was badly infested with the wheat midge, commonly known as red weevil.

The Dietz wheat grew upon land of a little better quality, and sloping to the east instead of to the west. It was but slightly injured by insects. The results for this year are given in the following table, the yield being given in bushels per acre. The plots were exactly one-tenth acre each in size:

Quantity of Seed Per Acre.	Yield Per Acre. Velvet. Bush.	Yield Per Acre. Dietz. Bush.
2 Pecks	21.9	26.0
3 "	22.1	26.3
4 "	23.3	28.6
5 "	22.0	28.6
6 "	23.5	28.8
7 "	23.1	28.7
8 "	22.9	27.2
9 "	22.2	26.3
10 "	23.6	26.3

It will be observed that while the yields of the Velvet are irregular, they do not favor very thin seeding. In the case of the Dietz, however, the results are decisive. Every time the seed falls below four pecks or rises above seven there is a falling off in yield.

The following table gives the average results of this series of experiments for 10 years:

Quantity of Seed Per Acre.	Yield Per Acre.	
2 Pecks	29.1	bushels
3 "	33.9	"
4 "	34.0	"
5 "	35.9	"
6 "	35.1	"
7 "	36.5	"
8 "	33.9	"
9 "	32.1	"

In the long run, seeding at from five to seven pecks has given a larger harvest than when less or more seed was used.

Market of the Dead.

The curious narrow street is one long blaze of lights,—lights of lantern signs, lights of torches and lamps illuminating unfamiliar rows of little stands and booths set out in the thoroughfare before all the shop-fronts on each side; making two far-converging lines of mult-colored fire. Between these moves a dense throng, filling the night with a clatter of getas that drowns even the tidelike murmuring of voices and the cries of the merchant. But how gentle the movement!—a pressure soft as a flowing of tepid water; there is no jostling, no rudeness; everybody, even the weakest and smallest, has a chance to see everything; and there are many things to see.

"Hasu-nohana!—hasu-no-ha!" Here are the venders of lotos flowers for the tombs and the altars, of lotos leaves in which to wrap the food of the beloved ghosts. The leaves, folded into bundles, are heaped upon tiny tables; the lotos flowers, buds and blossoms intermingled, are fixed upright in immense bunches, supported by light frames of bamboo.

"Ogara!—Ogara-ya!" White sheaves of long peeled rods. These are hemp-sticks. The thinner ends can be broken up into hashi for the use of the ghosts; the rest must be consumed in the mukae-bi. Rightly all these sticks should be made of pine; but pine is too scarce and dear for the poor folk of this district, so the ogara are substituted.

"Kawarake!—Kawarake-ya!" The dishes of the ghosts; small red shallow platters of unglazed earthenware; primeval pottery wrought after a fashion which now exists only for the dead,—pottery shaped after a tradition older than the religion of Buddha.

"Ya-yondoro-wa-irima-senka!" The lanterns,—the "bon"-lanterns,—which will light the returning feet of the ghosts. All are beautiful. Some are hexagonal, like the lanterns of the great shrines; and some have the form of stars; and some are like great luminous eggs. They are decorated with exquisite paintings of lotos flowers, and with fringes of paper streamers choicely colored, or perhaps broad white paper ribbons in which charming suggestions of lotos blossoms have been scissored out. And here are dead-white lanterns, round like moons; these are for the cemeteries.

High above the thronging and the clamor and the myriad fires of the merchants, the great Shingon temple at the end of the radiant street towers upon its hill against the stary night,—weirdly, like a dream, strangely illuminated by rows of paper lanterns hung along its curving eaves; and the flowing of the crowd bears me thither. Out of the broad entrance, over a dark gliding mass which I know to be heads and shoulders of crowding worshipers, beams a broad band of rich yellow light; and before reaching the lion-guarded steps I hear the continuous clanging of the temple gong, each clang the signal of an offering and a prayer. Doubtless a cataract of cash is pouring into the great alms-chest; for tonight is the Festival of Yakushi-Nyori, the Physician of Souls. Borne to the steps, at last I find myself able to halt a moment, despite the pressure of the throng, before the stand of a lantern-seller, selling the most beautiful lanterns that I have ever seen. Each is a gigantic lotos flower of paper, so perfectly made in every detail as to seem a living blossom freshly plucked: the petals are crimson at their base, paling to white at their tips; the calyx is a faultless mimicry of nature, and beneath it hangs a beautiful fringe of paper cuttings, colored with the colors of the flower, green below the calyx, white in the middle, crimson at the ends. In the heart of the blossom is set a microscopic oil-lamp of baked clay; and this being lighted, all the flower becomes luminous, diaphanous, a lotos of white and crimson fire. There is a slender gilded wooden hoop by which to hang it up; and the price is four cents!—Atlantic Monthly.

BURNING THE PACIFIC FORESTS.

An Immense Quantity of the Finest Timber Now Being Destroyed.

A melancholy sight in British Columbia and Washington is the enormous areas of forests through which fires have swept, leaving only blackened trunks. The forests of the Pacific slope are going a good deal like the bison of the plains. The people of this continent do not realize how many hundreds of thousands of dollars' worth of fine timber in that region is being annually destroyed. Through the Rocky Mountains along the Canadian Pacific railroad one may travel for miles and see hardly a bit of live timber, though the blackened trunks standing quite thickly together show that only a few years ago the mountain sides were covered with spruces and hemlocks. A good deal of this devastation is wrought by hunters and locomotives, and the fires are accidental. In some parts of British Columbia, however, and in Washington the farmers are destroying a great deal of timber to clear land for agricultural purposes.

In the last days of July the atmosphere was beautifully clear, and for many miles the grand pyramids of Mount Baker and Mount Ranier could be seen, rearing their splendid cones high above all their surroundings, and showing their great sides covered with the snow that never seems to melt. Three days later a New Yorker was within ten miles of Mount Baker, and he could not distinguish the grand mountain, for the air was oppressively heavy with smoke. It did not take long to find out who started these fires. Here and there in the timber through which the train sped across Washington were little clearings, and farmers and their men could be seen felling trees and setting fire to the branchse. It is the only way they have of removing timber, so that they may plow the land. They have no means of getting the wood to market, and the only thing they can do is to reduce the enormous growths to ashes and then pull out the stumps, and thus add a little to their tillable area. They are fortunate men if they are able to clear more than an acre in a year, for the work is enormous; but when an acre is finally freed of its heavy burden of timber it is found to be magnificent farming land, and is a factor added to the wealth of the young state which is not to be despised.

But it seems a terrible waste to see these mighty forests reduced to nothing but smoke and ashes. Now and then one sees a more cheerful picture in these woods. At a side track he will find a large number of flat cars, loaded with big logs, all ready to be taken to a saw-mill. This is a lumber camp, and through the timber may be seen the little pine or canvas huts of the lumbermen, who are felling the trees and trimming the logs ready for shipment. Then again the traveler sees a saw-mill where lumber is being turned out in large quantities; but probably fifty times as much timber is destroyed without profit to a living soul as is now being utilized in the forests of British Columbia and Washington. It is a terrible waste, but there is no present prospect that it will be stopped.—New York Sun.

Frightful Loss of Life.

Of the many disasters with which mankind has been visited, one of the worst is that class of ailments which originating simply with inactivity of the kidneys and bladder, causes such frightful loss of life. Under this appalling category come Bright's disease, diabetes, gravel ordinary nephitis and catarrh of the bladder. No class of organic maladies, against which medical skill is pitted, so often baffles the expert practitioner and sets his skill at naught. Easy is it, however, to arrest these direful ailments at the start. The diuretic action of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters is just sufficient to set the bladder and kidneys at work, preserve or rescue them from fatal inactivity without exciting them. The unmedicated stimulants of commerce excite without either strengthening or regulating. Hostetter's Stomach Bitters does both. It is unfailing for malaria, dyspepsia, debility, rheumatism, liver complaint and constipation.

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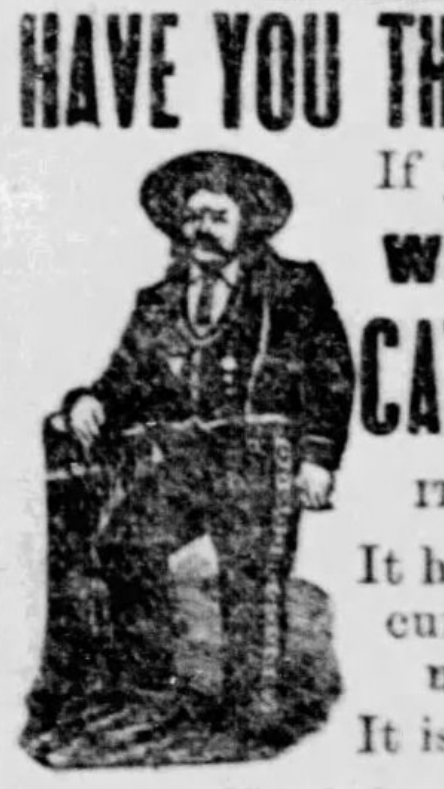

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LUMBER LATH AND SHINGLES

Mill and Glazed Work

EAST TOLEDO, Front St. on Penn. R. R.
WEST TOLEDO, cor Moore and Page St.

The EVERETT PIANO. **Mason & Hamlin, Clough & Warren.**

PETER McCORMICK 414 ADAMS STREET.

L. H. MEINERT 501—SUMMIT ST.—503

We make the following flavors in Ice Creams and Ices:

ICE CREAMS.	ICES.
Vanilla,	Lemon,
Chocolate,	Orange Flower,
Coffee,	Peach,
Strawberry,	Pine Apple,
Raspberry,	Raspberry,
Pistache,	Strawberry,
Hazelnut,	Maraschino,
Tutti Frutti,	Tutti Frutti,
Nesselrode,	Apricot,
Maraschino.	Coffee,
	Cherry.

Roman Punch and Biscuit Glaces. Charlotte de Russe, in individual forms, either in paper case or in mould.

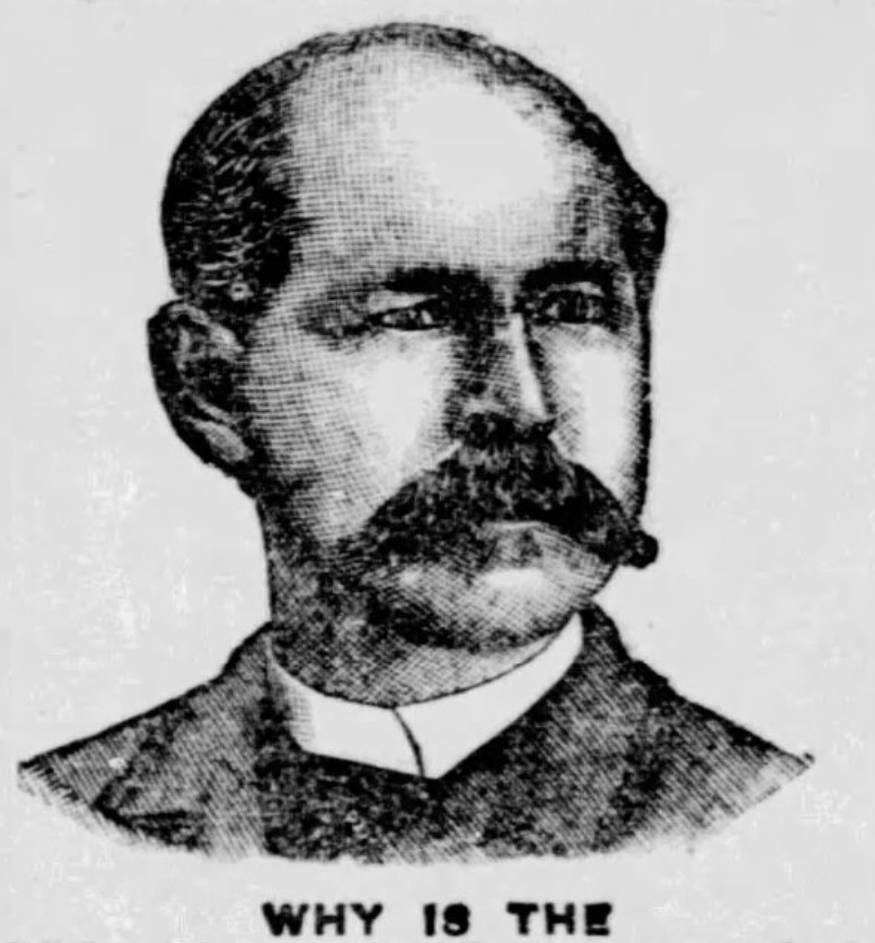
Delivered promptly to all parts of the city shipped to surrounding towns.

TAIT'S BREAD ASK YOUR GROCER FOR IT

I AM STILL IN THE BUSINESS If you want anything done in the line of Paper Hanging, Kalsomining, White Washing, Plastering, Etc. CALL UP **FRANK WRIGHT,** PHONE 849. Shop—1701 CANTON AVE.

KARL :-: MATHEIS Fine Funeral Furnishings! **428 Summit St.** 111 Office Phone. Residence Phone 1?

Ask my agents for W. L. Douglas Shoes. If not for sale in your place ask your dealer to send for catalogue, secure the agency and get them for you. TAKE NO SUBSTITUTE.



WHY IS THE **W. L. DOUGLAS $3.00 SHOE** FOR GENTLEMEN THE BEST SHOE IN THE WORLD FOR THE MONEY

It is a seamless shoe, with no tacks or wax thread to hurt the feet, made of the best fine calf, stylish and easy, and *because we make more shoes of this kind than any other manufacturer,* it equals hand-sewed shoes costing from $4.00 to $5.00.

$5.00 Genuine Hand-sewed, the finest calf shoe ever offered for $5.00; equals French imported shoes which cost from $8.00 to $12.00.

$4.00 Hand-sewed Welt Shoe, fine calf, stylish, comfortable and durable. The best shoe ever offered at this price, same grade as custom made shoes costing from $6.00 to $9.00.

$3.50 Police Shoe; Farmers, Railroad Men and Letter Carriers all wear them; fine calf, seamless, smooth inside heavy three soles, extension edge. One pair will wear a year.

$2.50 fine calf; no better shoe ever offered at this price; one trial will convince those who want a shoe for comfort and service.

$2.25 and $2.00 Workingman's shoes are very strong and durable. Those who have given them a trial will wear no other make.

Boys' $2.00 and $1.75 school shoes are worn by the boys everywhere; they sell on their merits as the increasing sales show.

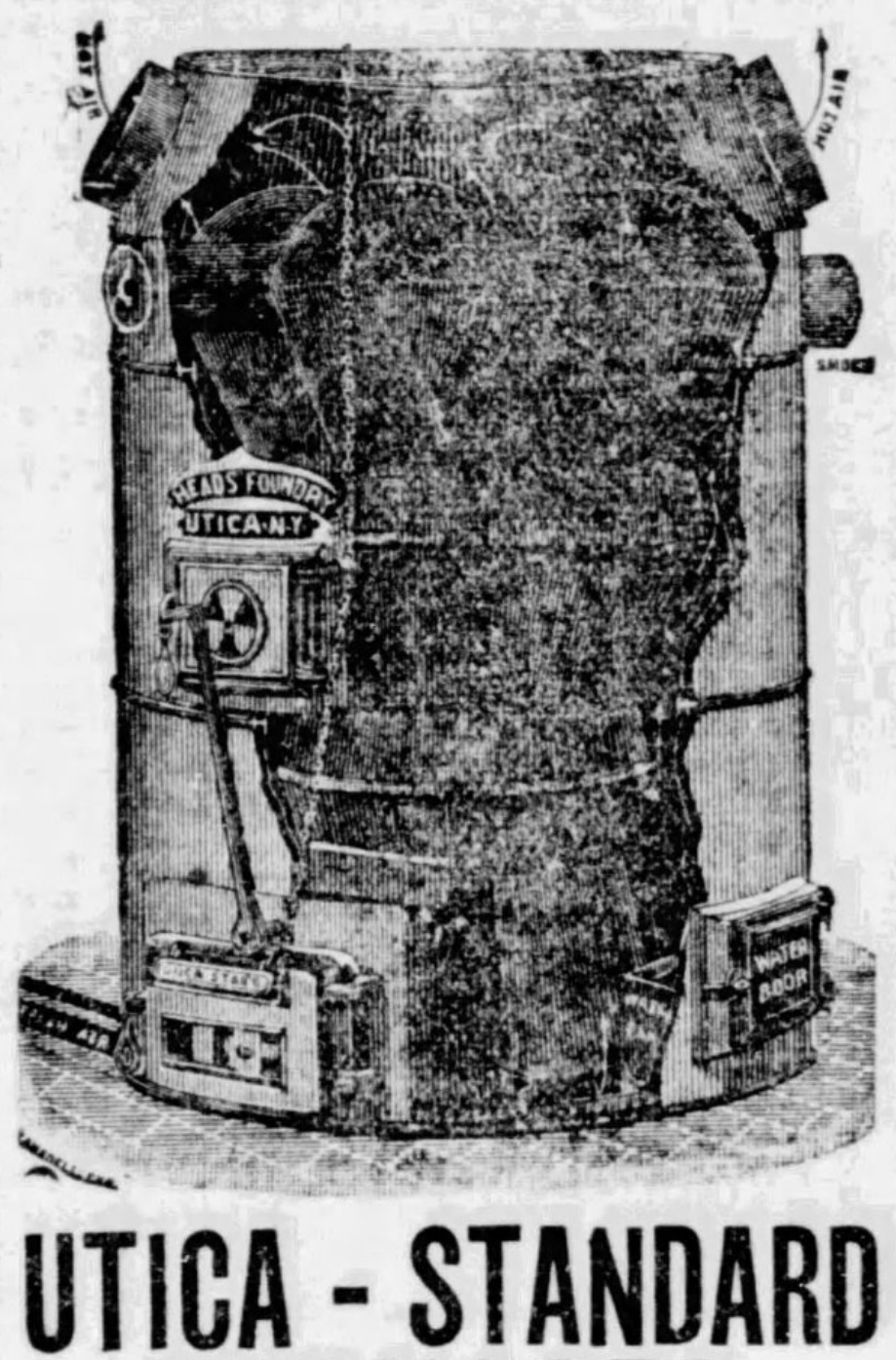
Ladies $3.00 Hand-sewed shoe, best Dongola, very stylish, equals French imported shoes costing from $4.00 to $6.00.

Ladies' $2.50, $2.00 and $1.75 shoe for Misses are the best fine Dongola. Stylish and durable.

Caution—See that W. L. Douglas' name and price are stamped on the bottom of each shoe.

W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

S. W. NETTLETON, 221 SUMMIT ST. Our Agent for Toledo.



UTICA - STANDARD FURNACES.

ESTIMATES carefully furnished.
CONTRACTS promptly executed.
RESULTS positively guaranteed.

R. G. BACON & CO, Hardware and Stove Dealers, **504—MONROE ST—506**

GOLD MEDAL, PARIS, 1878.

W. BAKER & Co.'s Breakfast Cocoa from which the excess of oil has been removed, is *Absolutely Pure and it is Soluble.*

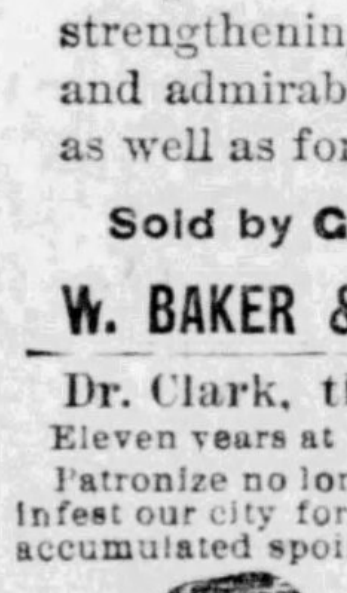
No Chemicals are used in its preparation. It has *more than three times the strength* of Cocoa mixed with Starch, Arrowroot or Sugar, and is therefore far more economical, *costing less than one cent a cup.* It is delicious, nourishing, strengthening, EASILY DIGESTED, and admirably adapted for invalids as well as for persons in health.

Sold by Grocers everywhere.

W. BAKER & CO., Dorchester, Mass.

Dr. Clark, the Botanic Specialist, Eleven years at his Toledo Office Parlors.

Patronize no longer, advertising quacks, who infest our city for a few months and with their accumulated spoils depart.



Dr. Clark cures syphilis, gonorrhea, loss of manhood and power, spermatorrhea, night emissions, cancers sores, liver, kidney and blood diseases.

Special diseases of both men and women positively cured. Dr. Clark is the only botanic specialist in the state. If you mean business and wish to be cured call and see us and have a friendly talk, and see what can be done for you. If not you probably will fall into the hands of an advertising charlaton or a home physician that is incompetent. Dr. Clark has no spare time to lose, but every case has a thorough examination so you can accept or reject. We are the friends of all sufferers. Dr. C. G. CLARK, Toledo, O., next to Hotel Hamilton.

HARTER'S A. No. 1 PATENT Isaac Harter COMPANY FOSTORIA, OHIO.

HAVE YOU TRIED —THE— **BEST FLOUR** MADE? Geo. Miller & Son, Toledo Agts.

IF YOU WANT GOOD WORK DONE AT REASONABLE RATES CONSULT **C. A. SIPE** DENTIST. 601 Summit Street

---

TO WEAK MEN suffering from the effects of youthful errors early decay, wasting weakness, lost manhood, etc., I will send a valuable treatise (sealed) containing full particulars for home cure, FREE of charge. A splendid medical work; should be read by every man who is nervous and debilitated. Address, Prof. F. C. FOWLER, Moodus, Conn.

ASK YOUR GROCER —FOR— **BRENZINGER'S "CHOICE"** AND GENUINE **VIENNA :-: BREAD**

DR. J. T. LAWLESS has removed his office and residence to 1205 BROADWAY, COR. WESTERN AVE

"THE SITTERLY" Oyster and Chop House! All kinds of Sea Food and Game in Season. EVERYTHING FIRST-CLASS AND ON TIME. 340 SUMMIT STREET, Between Madison and Adams. F. I. ROOT. J. E. KEARNS.

"DRESSY MEN" Appreciate our efforts in presenting for inspection some of the **Newest Designs in Woolens!** Do you intend buying anything in our line? If so, kindly call and allow us to give you quotations.

LOUIS STONE, 422 Adams Street.

MICHIGAN LAKE ICE CO

PURE LAKE ICE

Best Service! Scales on Wagons Customers Get What They Pay For.

Last year's unused coupons redeemed. All contracts carried out. A trial will convince you.

Phone 468. 339 St. Clair St.

KWEER, BUT TRUE THAT YOU CAN BUY YOUR **Furniture, Carpets, Stoves, Etc.**

Cheaper at JOHNSON BROS. than any other place in the city. All new goods and terms to suit the buyer. Call and be convinced.

JOHNSON BROS ST. CLAIR, PERRY AND SUMMIT STS. One block from Monroe St.

Cook's Cotton Root COMPOUND.

A recent discovery by an old physician. *Successfully used monthly by thousands of* LADIES. Is the only perfectly safe and reliable medicine discovered. Beware of unprincipled druggists who offer inferior medicines in place of this. Ask for COOK'S COTTON ROOT COMPOUND, *take no substitute,* or inclose $1 in letter, and we will send, sealed by returnmail. Full sealed particulars in plain envelope, to ladies only, 2 stamps. Address POND LILY COMPANY, No. 3 Fisher Block, Detroit Mich.

FOR MEN ONLY A NEW BOOK ON "*Debility and Atrophy.*" Fully explains the only method to enlarge and strengthen all weak, stunted, undeveloped organs and parts of the body. Also, the quickest, surest cure for nervous, sexual, and general physical debility and decay. The effects of early errors and later excesses, weakness of body and mind, unnatural losses, nervousness, partial or total impotence, etc., cured "to stay cured." Every condition of robust and noble manhood fully restored, unless beyond human aid. *Men testify from 47 States and Territories, and foreign countries. You can write them.* It may be the mistake of your life if you fail to answer this and investigate a system of treatment which is so absolutely unfailing as any human agency can be. Readers of this paper who write us in good faith, and at once, can have this invaluable little book mailed them (sealed) free of charge. Address ERIE MEDICAL CO. Cor. of Main and Swan streets, BUFFALO, N. Y.

NEW YORK HOUSE 135 ST. CLAIR STREET, Opposite Toledo Bee office. MEALS 25c. LODGING 25c. THE ONLY $1 PER DAY HOUSE IN TOLEDO that is in direct connection with all Depots by the Street Railways. J. J. O'GORMAN, Proprietor.

COTOTURLEY'S 413 ADAMS STREET. And Leave orders for ICE CREAM and ICES. Churches Furnished at Special Rates.

LIFE INSURANCE AGENTS Who desire to increase their income can secure a permanent situation, on salary or commission as preferred, with the most successful Accident Insurance Company in America by ADDRESSING, WITH REFERENCES, W. D. CHASE, Secretary, Geneva, N. Y.

RAITZ & LAWRENCE PLUMBERS: Gas and Steam Fitters! Have removed from 323 Adams St., to 631 & 633 St. Clair St.

F. H. PENFIELD, MANUFACTURER OF **Lubricating & Illuminating Oils** Naphtha, Gasoline, Linseed Oil and Paraffine Wax. 11 and 13 MERWIN ST., CLEVELAND, O.

A BARGAIN 100x200 Ft. on Bancroft St., Between Collingwood and Parkwood Avenues, for sale cheap, for a few days. J. Baldy, 1813 Madison St.

"OAK RIDGE," GREEN SPRING, O. Grounds and Spring unsurpassed. Excellent Cuisine, Passenger Elevator, Baths and experienced attendants. Medical Superintendent. Model Health Resort and Medical Sanitarium. $12 to $21 Per Week. KING & HOUSEL, Owners.

PATENTS PROCURED —BY— WM. WEBSTER Patent Attorney, 311 Superior Street TOLEDO, O. Phone 535.

N. B. BACON, T. F. HUBER **BACON & HUBER** ARCHITECTS, 12 and 34 Chamber of Commerce.

PICTURE FRAMES AND ENLARGING. A specialty of nice work and low prices. Orders by mail will receive prompt attention. **F. A. MOHR,** 314 OAK ST., NEAR SUMMIT.

Grand Central! A First-Class Restaurant. MEALS 25 CENTS. 503 Monroe St., cor. Market Space HENRY WEITZEL, Propr

---

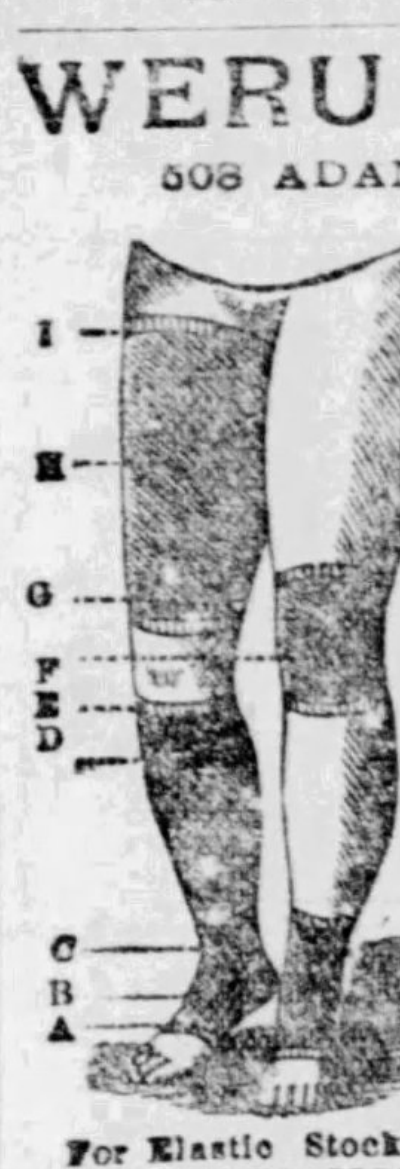
MEN ONLY **REMEDY FREE.** Manhood restored. Parts enlarged. I have found a certain self-cure. I will gladly send the recipe (sealed) FREE to any sufferer. It is a reliable and lasting cure. Address, CHAS. E. GAUS, Box 38, Marshall, Mich.

THE LEONARD CLEANABLE TRADE MARK

Lawn Mowers,
Lawn Hose,
Hose Reels,
Garden Tools, Etc

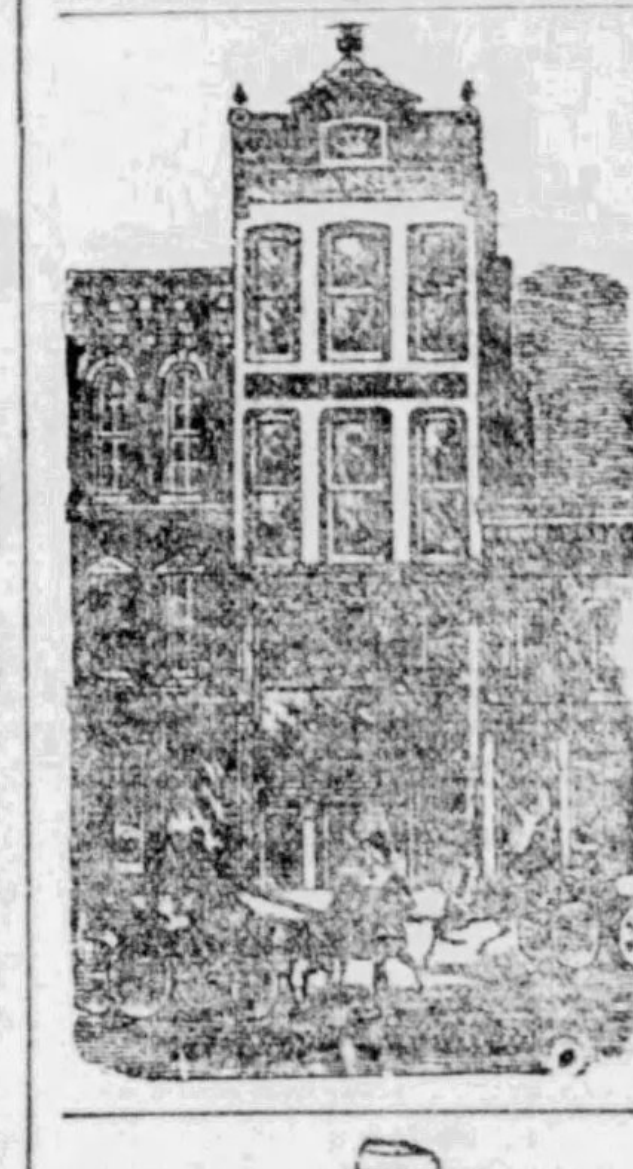
Schunk, Hillenkamp & Co., 519 and 521 MONROE ST.

WERUM BROS 508 ADAMS STREET,



For Elastic Stockings take measure opposite letters on the cut.

Manufacturers of **TRUSSES!** Abdominal and other Supporters, Braces, Bandages, ELASTIC **STOCKINGS!** Knee Caps, Anklets, Crutches, Etc. Special appliances for the mechanical treatment of injuries, etc., etc. Trusses Skillfully Adjusted. We cure ALL Children and about one out of every 5 adults.

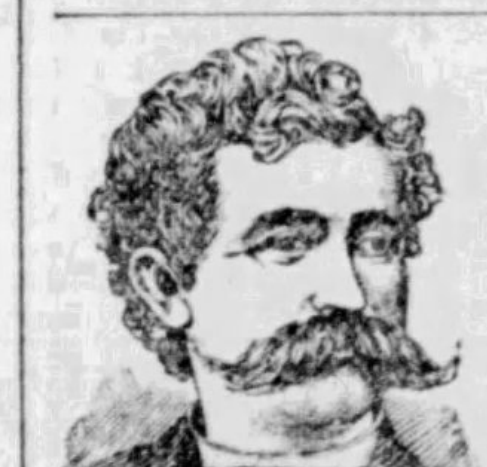


GRANGER THE IMPORTING TAILOR AND Woolen DRAPER 305 SUMMIT ST.

PHONES 119, 289, 285.

DRUNKENNESS LIQUOR HABIT. *IN ALL THE WORLD THERE IS BUT ONE CURE* **DR HAINES GOLDEN SPECIFIC.**

It can be given in coffee, tea, or in articles of food, without the knowledge of patient if necessary; it is absolutely harmless and will effect a permanent and speedy cure, whether the patient is a moderate drinker or an alcoholic wreck. IT NEVER FAILS. It operates so quietly and with such certainty that the patient undergoes no inconvenience, and soon his complete reformation is effected. 48 page book free. To be had of I. N. REED, Druggist, Summit and Madison Sts., Toledo, O.



DON'T FAIL To try Dr. Bigelow's new method for the painless extraction of teeth. Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays extracting is half price. 115 Summit St. Phone 1234. Miss Crissey, Secy.

Don't Get It Into Your Head when you go by **MERRELL BROS.** At the corner of Monroe and Huron, that they handle nothing but old traps. If you want a vehicle of any description, go inside for it. A carload just received from the Buckeye Buggy Co., of Columbus. These are the finest in the land but they have others at all prices.

Notice to Stockholders.

There will be a meeting of the stockholders of the Toledo and Island Steamboat Company, at the office of Messrs. Swayne, Swayne & Hayes, on Friday, Sept. 11, 1891, at 4:30 p. m., for the purpose of acting on the question of issuing bonds of said company to the amount of sixty-five thousand dollars ($65,000), and securing the same by a mortgage or deed of trust on the property of said company.

S. C. REYNOLDS, President.
N. H. SWAYNE, Secretary.
aug7 to sept5

"People who walk up stairs still carry their Mail to the Post Office. Where Elevators are used one expects to find the U. S. MAIL CHUTE and the FREE Collection Service." If you don't find them, you should address CUTLER MF'G CO., Patentees, Rochester, N. Y. The new BEE Building will be the first in Toledo to use the Mail Chute.

CROCKER-WHEELER PERFECTED **ELECTRIC MOTORS** From 1-12 Horse-Power Up. Most Efficient Motor on the Market. **Merrell & Chapman** 512 Madison Street Phone 857

DYNAMOS For Motors and Incandescent Lighting. Latest Designs. Estimates given on isolated plants. Send for Circular. **L. H. COLBURN,** 369 Erie St.

WEAK MEN CURED. NO ELECTRIC NONSENSE. NO STOMACH DRUGGING. Send at once for sealed directions FREE of The Common Sense Home Cure, for all weakness of men. A certain permanent cure for nervous debility, lost manhood, emissions and varicocele; WEAK ORGANS ENLARGED and complete cure guaranteed. We furnish the best of references. Address ALBION PHARMACY CO., Lock Box 69, ALBION, MICH.

BIG G Cures in 1 TO 5 DAYS. Guaranteed not to cause Stricture. Mf'd only by The Evans Chemical Co. Cincinnati, O. U. S. A. Trade Mark

Big G is acknowledged the leading remedy for Gonorrhœa & Gleet. The only safe remedy for Leucorrhœa or Whites. I prescribe it and feel safe in recommending it to all sufferers. A. J. STONER, M. D., DECATUR, ILL. Sold by Druggists. PRICE $1.00.

TRAVELER'S REGISTER

Corrected by William Gates, Boody House Ticket office.

All trains run on Central Standard time which is 28 minutes slower than City time. Trains marked * (star) daily. Trains marked † daily except Sunday. Trains marked ‡ daily except Saturday.

From Pennsylvania Station

Pennsylvania Lines.

Summit, Chestnut and Mulberry sts

Depart for Pittsburg, Baltimore, Washington, Philadelphia, New York } Atlantic Express, 7 25 a m, Day Express, 2 25 p m, Fast Line, *9 p m

Arrive Toledo, 9 15 a m, 5 10 p m and *11 25 p m

THE LAKE SHORE ROUTE

UNION DEPOT.

ARRIVE.		DEPART.
	NORWALK DIVISION—EAST.	
*7 35 a m	Boston & Chicago Special	
9 45 a m	Boston & Chicago Accom.	*5 20 p m
*4 50 p m	Fast Mail	*2 55 p m
*10 55 p m	New York Express	*9 35 a m
*5 00 a m	Chicago Mail	
7 15 p m	Buffalo Accomidation	6 10 a m
1 40 p m	Norwalk Accommodation	3 40 p m
	SANDUSKY DIVISION—EAST.	
	Boston & N Y Special	*5 00 p m
*8 25 a m	New York & Chicago Lim.	*11 35 p m
*1 25 p m	Chicago & New York Ex.	*10 30 p m
4 15 a m	Buffalo & Chicago Accom.	5 10 p m
	Atlantic Express	*4 00 a m
1 45 p m	Accommodation	5 50 a m
	OLD ROAD—WEST.	
	Boston & Chicago Special	*7 40 a m
*10 25 p m	Fast N Y & Boston Ex.	
*1 50 p m	Fast Mail	
*1 15 a m	Bost & Chicago Accom.	*7 50 p m
4 40 p m	Michigan Accomodation	9 30 a m
	AIR LINE DIVISION—WEST.	
8 55 p m	Chicago & Boston Special	
4 45 a m	Atlantic Express	
1 50 p m	New York & Chicago Lim.	*3 30 a m
	Chicago Fast Mail	*3 10 a m
	Chicago Express	*2 00 p m
	Pacific Express	11 05 p m
7 45 p m	Buffalo & Chicago Accom.	10 05 a m
1 10 a m	Kendallville Accomodat'n.	6 30 p m
	JACKSON BRANCH	
9 15 a m	Express	9 30 a m
4 40 p m	Express	7 30 p m
	LANSING BRANCH.	
1 50 p m	Express	9 30 a m
10 25 p m	Express	
	KALAMAZOO & GRAND RAPIDS BRANCH.	
1 50 p m	Express	11 05 p m
10 25 p m	Express	9 30 a m
	DETROIT BRANCH.	
9 25 a m	Express	7 42 a m
4 42 p m	Express	10 10 a m
1 20 p m	Express	4 05 p m
	CINCINNATI, HAMILTON & DAYTON Union Depot.	
*1 00 a m	Cin & Ind Express	10 15 a m
4 00 p m	Cin & Ind Express	*3 30 p m
1 00 p m	Cin & Ind Express	*11 40 p m
11 15 a m	Cincinnati Express	6 15 a m
1 40 a m	Cincinnati Express, Sundays only.	
8 00 a m	Findlay & B Green Express	6 45 a m
4 00 p m	Findlay & B Green Express	3 30 p m
1 00 a m	Findlay & B Green Express	6 05 p m
11 55 a m	Findlay & B Green Express	10 15 a m

Through solid trains between Toledo and Findlay. Through cars between Toledo, Bowling Green and North Baltimore.

ARRIVE.		DEPART.
	WABASH RAILWAY. UNION DEPOT.	
*8 55 p m	Pacific Express	*12 10 a m
4 15 p m	Kansas City Express	10 20 a m
*1 40 a m	St Louis Express	*5 20 p m
1 00 a m	Defiance Accom	4 15 p m
	MICHIGAN CENTRAL.	
1 10 p m	Mackinac & Det Ex.	4 20 p m
*10 05 a m	N Y & Boston Express	*7 15 a m
*11 10 p m	New York Express	*9 05 p m
*8 20 p m	Detroit Express	*5 05 a m
	WHEELING & LAKE ERIE RAILWAY.	
12 20 p m	Pitts, Steubvlle & Mar Ex.	7 40 a m
1 00 p m	Through Express	1 00 p m
*1 45 a m	Cleveland & N Y Ex.	4 30 p m
4 20 p m	Mixed Local	6 45 a m
	Mixed Oak Harbor	*7 45 p m
	Orrville Ex, Sunday only.	5 20 p m
	TOLEDO, ANN ARBOR & NORTH MICHIGAN	
11 00 p m	Cadillac Mail	6 00 a m
1 10 p m	Clare Express	3 20 p m
10 00 a m	Ann Arbor Accom.	11 00 a m
	TOLEDO, ST. LOUIS & KANSAS CITY. Union Depot.	
10 20 p m	St Louis Day Express	6 25 a m
*1 20 a m	St Louis Night Express	*5 25 p m
8 30 a m	Delphos Pass	4 30 p m
	CINCINNATI, JACKSON & MACKINAW.	
11 10 p m	Chicago & Toledo Ex.	6 30 p m
*8 55 p m	Mail and Express	*7 35 a m
1 50 p m	Local	6 10 a m

*Daily except Sunday. On Sunday these trains will run between Toledo and Addison.

ARRIVE.		DEPART.
	COLUMBUS, HOCKING VALLEY & TOLEDO Buckeye Route.	
*1 15 a m	Columbus Express	*6 30 a m
2 10 p m	Ohio River Mail & Express	10 35 a m
*8 20 p m	Columbus Express	*5 20 p m
	TOLEDO, COLUMBUS & CINCINNATI RY. Depot, Bridge Street, East Toledo.	
1 10 a m	Findlay & Kenton Express	7 20 a m
8 25 p m	Findlay & B Green Express	10 30 a m
6 40 p m	Findlay & Kenton Express	4 20 p m
9 10 a m	Find & Kenton Ex Sunday	6 00 p m
	TOLEDO & OHIO CENTRAL RY. Depot, Bridge Street, East Toledo.	
2 20 p m	Columbus & Corning Ex.	10 20 a m
1 00 a m	Bucyrus Express	5 30 p m

FLINT & PERE MARQUETTE R. R.
TIME TABLE:
Arrive *8:55 a m. Depart *12:10 a m
" 4:52 p m. " 12:00 noon
Trains arrive and depart from Union Depot.

D&C MACKINAC TOURS! PETOSKEY SOO LAKE SUPERIOR By Palace Side-Wheel Steamers of the DETROIT & CLEVELAND STEAM NAV. CO. Via Steamer Idlewild to Detroit. The Best and Quickest Service at Lowest Rates. A. A. SCHANTZ, A.G.P.A. Detroit. WM. GATES, Agt. Boody House.

Presque Isle Time Table STEAMERS PASTIME AND EVENING STAR.

Leave Toledo,		Leave Presque Isle.
10 a m		10:45 a m
12 m		12:45 p m
2:00 p m	Band	2:30 p m
4:00 p m	Concert	4:15 p m
6:15 Supper Boat		7 p m
8:30 Dancing		10:30 p m

Sunday boats leave every hour. Commencing 10 a. m. F. N. QUALE, Manager.

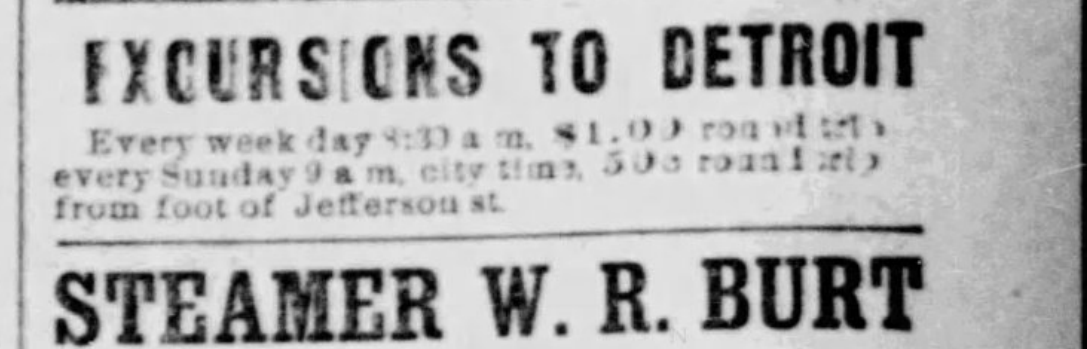
GRUMMOND'S MACKINAC LINE Passenger Steamer every Tuesday at 8 a. m. for Mackinac, Alpena, Oscoda and Lake Huron way ports. S. B. Grummond, Owner and Gen'l Man'r, Detroit, Mich. F. N. Quale, Agt., Toledo.

Str. C. B. Wallace Newly rebuilt Steamer is making daily trips between Fort Meigs, Fort Miami and Perrysburg. Leaves foot of Monroe street as follows: Leaves Toledo 10:15 a m, 3 p m; leaves Perrysburg 12:30 p m, 5 p m. Eagle Brass Band Aboard Every Sunday.

STEAMSHIP AGENCY! Tickets and staterooms on all lines of lake and ocean steamers. For diagrams, circulars, etc., apply to Gates ticket office, Boody house, Toledo.

LAKE SUPERIOR TRANSIT CO. For stateroom berths and all information, address, T. H. Barkdull, Pass'gr Agt., 224 St. Clair st., Toledo, O.

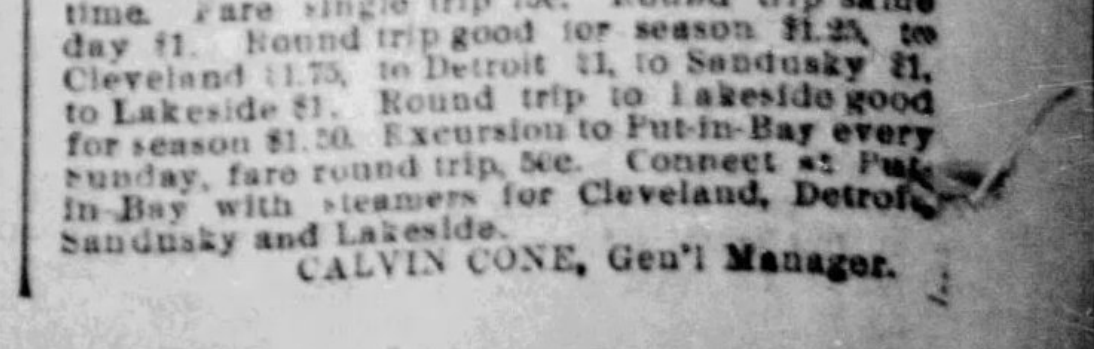
Str. Idlewild



EXCURSIONS TO DETROIT Every week day 8:30 a m, $1.00 round trip; every Sunday 9 a m, city time, 50c round trip from foot of Jefferson st.

STEAMER W. R. BURT Excursions to Perrysburg from Dock foot of Adams Street. TIME TABLE.

Leave TOLEDO		PERRYSBURG
2:00 p m		7:30 p m
6:00 p m		4:00 p m
TOLEDO	Sundays	PERRYSBURG
10:30 a m		7:30 a m
2:00 p m		1:00 p m
6:00 p m		4:00 p m



THE CITY OF TOLEDO Leaves foot of Monroe street, daily, at 9 a. m., local for Put-in-Bay, returning at 6:30 p. m. local time. Fare single trip 75c. Round trip same day $1. Round trip good for season $1.25, to Cleveland $1.75, to Detroit $1, to Sandusky $1, to Lakeside $1. Round trip to Lakeside good for season $1.50. Excursion to Put-in-Bay every Sunday, fare round trip, 50c. Connect at Put-in-Bay with steamers for Cleveland, Detroit, Sandusky and Lakeside. CALVIN CONE, Gen'l Manager.

The Bee

The BEE will give the people all of the news and advertise their wants. Having a circulation much greater than any other Toledo daily paper it is much the best advertising medium. It secures quicker and better returns. Consult your interests by advertising in the BEE when you want anything or have anything to sell.

Parties advertising in these columns and having the answers addressed in care of THE BEE, will please ask for check to enable them to get their letters, as none will be delivered except on presentation of check. All answers to advertisements should be inclosed in envelopes.

Advertisements of Wants, For Rent, For Sale, Lost, Found, etc., not exceeding four lines (23 words), will be inserted in these columns for 50 cents a week, two weeks $1; one month $2. For one insertion 20 cents, two times 20 cents, three times 30 cents, and four times 40 cents will be charged. Over four lines at proportionate rates, payable in advance. Parties desiring situations will be given three insertions free.

No credit is allowed for advertisements ordered in for a certain number of times and stopped before expiration.

MALE HELP WANTED.

Advertisements under this head: Once, 20cts; Three times, 40cts; Six times [illegible].

WANTED—Good banjo player and singer; no other need apply. 607 Monroe st, up stairs. 29aug2p

WANTED—A first-class designer; one who can do detailing, stock billing and make perspective drawings on drug store, office, bank and saloon work; steady job to a good first-class man; none but a steady, sober man need apply; state salary wanted. Cassell & Son, Peoria, Ill. 27aug6

WANTED—Bell boys at the Jefferson. 19aug-tf

WANTED—Ten good men at quarries of Toledo Glass Sand Co, near Sylvania; wages $1 35 per day; board $3 per week. 29aug-tf

1000 MEN Wanted—To be measured for a custom made pant at $3 or suit at $13.25 at the Plymouth Rock Pants Co. 603 Adams st. 10aug1mp

WANTED—Man to run small steam engine for steam riding gallery; single man preferred. Apply to A E Holt, 121 Superior st. 29aug3p

WANTED—A collector. Address, with full name and references, M R, this office. 31aug3

WANTED—A clothing salesman. Address, with full name and references, M R, this office. 31aug2

WANTED—Two young men. Apply at Union News Co, Penn depot. 31aug3

WANTED—First-class stave cutter, wages $3.50 per day for cutting, and two pilers, wages $3.25. Must be all first-class men. Steady job to right parties. Address J H Parks, Williams, Mich. 13aug2w

WANTED—Grocery clerk. Apply at 615 East Lafayette st. 29aug3p

COOK—Wanted, male, short order cook, immediately. Address C 94, Bee office. 28augtf

BOOKBINDERS—A good forwarder wants steady work. Call or address 717 Orchard st, city. 29aug3

WANTED—Good blacksmith helper, one who understands horseshoeing. Call at Peter Welter's, 310 So Erie st. 26aug6p

WANTED—A night fireman to fire in a stave factory; must come well recommended. Apply Hector Stave Co, Hector, Ohio, on New York, Chicago & St Louis R R. 26aug6

WANTED—Salesmen, to carry the best selling article in the market as a side line. Address Economy Collar and Cuff Co, Cleveland, O. 29aug3

WANTED—100 men to work on gas line; wages $1.50 to $2.50 per day. Apply at Room 2, Lenk block, cor Summit and Monroe sts. Kerlin Bros, contractors. 20aug-tf

WIRE WORKERS—Wanted 3 experienced wire workers at the American Brass and Metal Works, Detroit, Mich. 21jy-tf

FEMALE HELP WANTED

WANTED—A lady bookkeeper. Address with name and reference, M R, this office. 31aug2

WANTED—Girl to do general housework. Call on Mrs W M Bellman, 124 21st st. 31aug3p

WANTED—Girl to do housework in family of two; must be a good cook. Call at 2045 Vermont ave. 31aug3p

HOUSEWORK—Wanted, immediately, girl for general housework; small family. Mrs Ames, 809 West Woodruff ave. 31aug6p

WANTED—A competent girl for general housework; small family. Call at 1812 Jefferson. 29aug2

WANTED—At once, Lady or gent for treasurer of dramatic company. Must furnish some money. Good situation. Address D. 1, Bee office. 29augp

HOUSEWORK—Wanted a competent girl to do general housework at 1324 Huron street. Mrs. F. C Chapin. 29aug9

HOUSEWORK—Wanted, good girl for general housework, references required. Mrs A J Rummel, 127 Broadway. 29aug3p

HOUSEWORK—Wanted, a good girl for general housework; references required. Mrs C E Rowland, 29 17th st. 29aug3p

APPRENTICES—Waist and skirt hands; also good sewers, operators and others, for office work; steady work, high wages. Call or write, Dressmaker, 233 Summit st. 29aug5

WANTED—A competent kitchen girl and a good steady girl for general second work, at 321 Warren st. 28aug3p

COOK—Wanted, at once, Portage house, Oak Harbor, O, must come well recommended, a good salary will be paid. Address the Portage, Oak Harbor, O. 29aug6p

HOUSEWORK—Wanted, girl to do general housework and girl to take care of children. 2105 Putnam st, corner Floyd. 5aug6p

WANTED—Girls for hotel; general housework situations furnished free of charge. City Employment office, 809 Summit st. 25aug6p

WANTED—25 sewing machine operators. W E C Shaw & Co, 8 S St Clair st. 25aug6p

WANTED—Good German girl to do kitchen and laundry work; must be a good cook; good wages. Mrs Chas T Lewis, 163 Prescott st. 18aug-tf

WIVES—Wanted—To tell their husbands to get their clothes made at the Plymouth Rock Pants Co., 603 Adams st. Suits, $13.25; pants, $3. 10aug1mp

WANTED—A girl for general housework at 922 Huron st, corner Lagrange. 9june-tf

FOR RENT ROOMS.

ROOMS—For rent, 3 furnished rooms, $5 per month. Inquire 25 South Ontario st. 31aug3p

FOR RENT—A pleasant room for one or two gentlemen. Use of bath room, etc. Address D 2, Bee office. p

ROOMS—For rent, suite of unfurnished on second floor, with board and all modern conveniences. 707 Madison st. 29aug6

FOR RENT—Nice newly furnished front room, suitable for man and wife or two gentlemen, at 720 Michigan st. 29aug6p

ROOMS—For rent, furnished or unfurnished rooms for light housekeeping; also pleasant rooms for gentlemen, with or without board; rent cheap to right parties. Call Mondays or evenings at 516 Dorr st. 28aug6p

FOR RENT—Upper and lower front rooms, furnished or unfurnished; finest location in city. 2207 Monroe st, cor Collingwood. 29aug2p

OFFICES—For rent, rooms 1 and 2 Worthington block, corner Adams and Superior sts. Inquire of Dr E M Cook. 10aug-tf

ROOMERS—Wanted, from all parts of the city to call and get a pair of our elegant custom made pants for $3 or suit for $13.25 upwards. Plymouth Rock Pants Co., 603 Adams st. 10aug1mp

FURNISHED ROOMS—For rent nicely furnished rooms, single or ensuit, neat, clean, light, airy and both gases, very central. Apply at new Mission flats, 719 Adams st, terms reasonable. 8augtf

WANTED—TO BUY.

GUN—Wanted, a double barreled, breech-loading shot gun; state make, guage and weight. Address C 99, Bee office. p

WANTED—To buy for cash, a small farm from 25 to 40 acres; must have a small house and different kinds of fruit. Address Mrs J W Johnson, 805 Dorr st, Toledo, O. 26aug6p

HOUSE AND LOT—Between Monroe and Adams, or Cherry beyond Wakeman, for cash; must be very cheap. J P Delphy & Co, 7 Adams block, cor St Clair and Adams sts. 25aug6p

MONEY TO LOAN.

MONEY—To loan on real estate in large or small amounts at low rate of interest. T. S. Merrell, 512 Madison st. 17Aug1yr

MONEY TO LOAN—On household goods, pianos, horses, wagons, etc, without removal; partial payments received reducing cost pro rata; all business strictly confidential. Croft, room 14 Worthington block, Adams and Superior sts. 16may-tf

WANTED—SITUATION.

WANTED—A situation by a young girl of 16 years to assist in housework; object, a good home. Inquire 121 Kraus st. 31aug3

WANTED—Situation as clerk or office assistant, wholesale house preferred, by a young man with some experience; strictly temperate, good references. Address C 98, care of Bee. 28aug3

WANTED—Carpentering to do; wages reasonable. Address C 97, Bee office. 28aug3

WANTED—A situation by a young man of strictly temperate habits, who has a fair education and is a good penman; has good recommends and understands the care and management of horses. Would like office or store work, or engage to care for horse etc, for private family. Address C 95, Bee office. 28aug3

WANTED AGENTS.

AGENTS—Wanted, lady made $24 last week selling Long's solid mucilage pencil. Why not you? Address C A Long, manufacturer, 334 Dearborn st, Chicago. 28aug4p

WANTED—Our agents make $100 to $200 a month selling our goods on their merits; want country and general agents, and will take back all goods unsold if a county agent fails to clear $100 and expenses after a 30 days' trial, or a general agent less than $250; we will send large illustrated circulars and letter with a special offer to suit territory applied for, on receipt of three 1 cent stamps. Apply at once and get in on the boom. Address Renner Manufacturing Company, Pittsburg, Pa. 1 v3m

FOR SALE.

FARM—For sale, of 244 acres, nicely located in Ohio, with good house, two barns, three wells, two orchards, one living spring. This property has also another house good enough for family to live in, with two barns; has a sugar bush of 1,000 maple trees, and considerable beech, maple and elm timber. To a purchaser I can give a better deal than can be found anywhere in the country. Would not object to taking a moderate priced house and lot well located in this city as part payment. For particulars and price address George B St John, 1925 Warren st, Toledo Ohio. 31aug1mp

FOR SALE—One one-horse wagon, one family mare, one road cart, one heavy single harness, two vacant lots 40x150 each, on Indiana ave. E Davis, 930 Detroit ave. 29aug6p

FOR SALE—Lot on Robinwood ave; all improvements; terms reasonable. Inquire 2257 Robinwood ave. 29aug6p

$650—QUARTER PAYMENTS—Will buy a comfortable cottage and lot worth $800, and adjacent to Erie st electric railroad. Geo F Colby, 2019 Erie st. 29aug2p

FOR SALE—Fifty or sixty acres fine situated land 1½ miles Front or River st east between Grand st and Homestead addition, one-half mile south from the new round-house; for sale in lots or 1, 2, 5, 10 or 20 acre pieces, or whole in one piece, on reasonable terms, by Adolph Leitz, East Toledo, one mile east from the new brickyard. Address Adolph Lietz, Toledo, O. 29aug6p

FOR SALE—Saloon—Stock and fixtures of 322 Summit st, good location. 28aug6p

SURRY—For sale, one two-seated surry in good shape; cheap. Call at The Bellman Seed House, 113 and 115 Ontario, near Monroe. 28aug3p

HORSE—For sale, a cheap horse at Young's grocery store. 31aug3

FOR SALE—A good 2-story frame building, centrally located in a growing northwestern Ohio town; 18 rooms, and a splendid chance for hotel and restaurant; 6 miles from an oil and gas field and oil and gas wells within 2 miles; none but cash buyers need apply. Address C 93, Bee office. 27aug6p

FOR SALE—Road cart; can be seen at barn, 552 Ontario st. 24aug6p

AVONDALE Addition lots are for sale with frontage to suit. Irving B Hiett & Co.

AVONDALE Addition is beautifully located in the Ninth ward. Irving B Hiett & Co.

AVONDALE Addition has desirable lots on South and Boyd sts, and Prouty and Hiett aves. Irving B Hiett & Co.

AVONDALE Addition is new; all its houses are new and modern. Irving B Hiett & Co.

AVONDALE Addition is picturesque and beautiful, and an attractive place for homes. Irving B Hiett & Co.

AVONDALE Addition has lots nicely laid out, good shade trees and good walks. Irving B Hiett & Co.

AVONDALE Addition has broad, well graded streets and wide alleys. Irving B Hiett & Co.

AVONDALE Addition has South st macadamized, water and natural gas pipes laid. Irving B Hiett & Co.

AVONDALE Addition has all lots of good depth, all fronting on good streets. Irving B Hiett & Co.

AVONDALE is a short distance from Broadway, has two lines of electric cars convenient. Irving B Hiett & Co.

AVONDALE Addition is well built up with new houses; more will soon follow. Irving B Hiett & Co.

AVONDALE Addition is in a thriving and rapidly growing portion of the city; a good place to live. Irving B Hiett & Co.

AVONDALE Addition is one-third sold out; the remaining lots will go quickly. Irving B Hiett & Co.

AVONDALE Addition still has 30 lots for sale; these can be had at reasonable prices. Irving B Hiett & Co.

AVONDALE Addition contains four new houses which we will sell on monthly payments. Irving B Hiett & Co.

AVONDALE Addition has a desirable neighborhood, is a good place for a home at low figure. Irving B Hiett & Co.

AVONDALE Addition should be seen to be appreciated; take an electric car to the lots. Irving B Hiett & Co.

AVONDALE Addition will provide you a good home for little money; get our figures. Irving B Hiett & Co.

AVONDALE Addition is a splendid place in which to live, if you are looking for a home. Irving B Hiett & Co.

AVONDALE Addition has lots upon which we will build to suit and sell on easy terms. Irving B Hiett & Co.

AVONDALE Addition we will be glad to show you, if you will call at our office. Irving B Hiett & Co.

AVONDALE Addition lots are worth more every day, as the property is continually improving. Irving B Hiett & Co.

AVONDALE Addition is a good addition in which to own, either for a home or for investment. Irving B Hiett & Co.

AVONDALE Addition lots will be sold especially cheap if you wish to build. Irving B Hiett & Co.

AVONDALE Addition is easily reached by street car from any part of the city; see the property. Irving B Hiett & Co.

AVONDALE Addition is a healthy locality, everything is neat and well kept. Irving B Hiett & Co.

AVONDALE Addition houses are well built, commodious, attractive and reasonable in price. Irving B Hiett & Co.

AVONDALE Addition lots we will advance money on, if you wish to build. Irving B Hiett & Co.

AVONDALE Addition lots will make a profitable investment for those buying soon. Irving B Hiett & Co.

AVONDALE Addition has perfect title, abstract furnished each purchaser. Irving B Hiett & Co.

FOR SALE—Handsome Shetland pony, cart, harness, saddle and bridle; any child can drive him; he is as gentle as a kitten and handsome as a picture. Inquire 2065 Ashland ave, corner Floyd street. 24aug6p

FARM—For sale a farm of 100 acres, half mile south of Gibsonburg, O. This land is in the center of the natural gas and oil basin of this region. Unsurpassed location for stone quarries and sites for lime kilns, half a mile from railroad track; 80 acres of the tract the best quality of farming land. Also oil and timber lands in Jackson township, Seneca county, Ohio. Address Dr. S B Taylor, or Delia Taylor, Fremont, O. 8aug1m

FOR SALE—Grocery store doing a good business and located in one of the best parts of the city; not over $800 or $900 cash needed. Address C 36, Bee office. 24jyif

PROPERTY—For sale; house and lot on Wabridge ave, $3,500; house and lot on Washington st $2,500; 75 ft on Collingwood, near Delaware ave, at $40; 100 ft on Robinwood, near Bancroft at $30; house and lot on Lee st, 9th ward, $1,400; 3 new cottages now being built on East Broadway for $1,000 each; small down payments, balance monthly. Irving & Russell, 16 Produce Exchange. 28augtf

LOT—For sale a beautiful lot 50x211. Call at 518 Adams street. 21mar-tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

PERSONS desiring a good class of roomers will kindly mail their addresses, with terms, to the Steadman Business College, cor Summit and Adams sts.

WANTED—By two gentlemen, a sitting room and bed room, furnished, modern conveniences, within 5 minutes' walk of High school. Address C 100, Bee office. 29aug2p

WANTED—All who wish to enter the Tri-State Business College and "Best" Shorthand School to be present at the opening next Monday. Melchior, Robinson & Melchior, Principals.

WANTED—Twenty young men and women about 18 years of age to learn shorthand and bookkeeping. Positions guaranteed. Call Monday at Tri-State Business College. Melchior, Robinson & Melchior, Principals.

FIRE, accident, marine, plate glass and life insurance; real estate; houses for rent and for sale. Lots in Dawson's addition on easy terms. Phone 1288. C. C. & H. H. ("Bert") Dawson, 2 Drummond block, opposite postoffice. 6aug3w

WANTED—Room or rooms for law office; Summit st preferred; price must be reasonable. Write, stating terms and location, to C L Guernsey, 108 E North st, Fostoria, O. 28aug6

TEACHERS—Two teachers of penmanship at Steadman college. Business men appreciate a good hand-writing.

STAMPS, corporate seals and stencils, all kinds and sizes; a large style of letters to select from; prices low; work finished promptly. Wyman Boardman, 409 St Clair st, near Adams. 5aug1m

WANTED—To exchange my hotel at Lucky, Ohio for a house and lot in Toledo. Hotel and furniture if desired, all in number one repair, will give or take boot, old age compels me to give up the hotel business only hotel in town. Address F Chamberlin, Lucky O. 15aug3sa

FOR EXCHANGE—Grist mill in Illinois, roller process, capacity 35 barrels per day, write for description. Box 34, Tefft, Ind. 28aug6p

WANTED—Citizens of Toledo to know that Koella the artist has moved from Fourth ward to Hassenzahl's block, 324 Cherry st. Call if you want fine photography. 26aug1m

TEACHER—A special teacher for the Typewriting department at Steadman College.

WANTED—Everybody to know that the "White Indian" treats catarrh at three dollars a month, and he makes a cure of it. Office at 607 Monroe st, up stairs. 25aug5

STOCK OF SHELF HARDWARE and plumbers' supplies to exchange for improved Toledo property or good improved farm. Address 121 North Main st, Findlay. 19aug12p

CHILDREN are not admitted at Steadman Business College. This is the only school in the city whose attendance is not largely made up of small children.

ANY ONE having money to loan on improved city or farm property at good rates will find it to their interest to call on T. S. Merrell, 512 Madison st. No charge for investment. 17aug1yr

FOR THE BEST—Tomato catsup ever made, and for the finest delicacies in cheese, fish, etc., go to A. Rensch & Co., 607 Monroe street. Wholesale and retail. 17aug1m

WANTED—Every reader of this paper to read Steadman College ad to-day.

MANY headaches cured by the use of Brazilian Pebble Spectacles, adjusted by Goodwin the optician, at his office cor Adams and St Clair. Eye examination free. 13aug1m

ADRIAN, MICH—Whenever you are at Adrian be sure to stop at the Botsford house, opposite the L S & M S depot; best $1-a-day house in the city. J W Ryan, propr. 31jy1mo-p

MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR RENT—Turner hall club room. Inquire Louis John, 426 St Clair st. 1aug1m

DO YOU WANT A PENSION? If you do, and have doubts as to your claim, consult J. H. Spain, corner Monroe and Market Space. Advice given free. 7apr1yr

153 Young men and women took positions from Steadman College last year.

WANTED—The people to know that they can get anything they want in the line of stationary, art goods, cigars and tobacco, at Geo. T. Frey's, 611 Cherry st. 31jan1y

GEORGE W. MERRILL, Justice of the Peace and Notary Public; deeds, leases, mortgages and all legal papers executed; special attention paid to collection of commercial paper. Office hours, 8 a. m. to 9 p. m. Room 23 Law building, corner Superior and Madison sts. jan12tf

AVOID spending three or four months copying from books by entering the Steadman College, over Hudson's store.

CISTERNS of all sizes in stock or made to order; delivered in any part of city; will set in position if desired. Phone 851. The Merrell Manufacturing Co., Curtis st. 2may1y

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—A large black Newfoundland dog; answers to the name of Nero; has a scar in forehead. A liberal reward if returned to 1922 Lagrange st. 29aug2

LOST—A gold chased bracelet. Finder please leave at Spitzer & Co's bank and receive reward. 28aug3

FOR RENT—HOUSE.

FOR RENT—A flat, for $10 per month. Inquire at 1411 Adams st. 29aug3p

HOUSE—For rent a house of 12 rooms with all the modern improvements, including natural gas, at 1225 Superior st; splendid neighborhood, convenient to business. Apply to V. W. Granger, 305 Summit st. 4apr-tf

BUSINESS CHANCE.

BUSINESS CHANCE—An excellent opening is offered to engage in the hotel and restaurant business, either alone or as partner; best location in the city; old established and doing a good cash business; ill health the reason for making the change. Call at Wyek's hotel, Summit st near Perry. 22aug12

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—For real estate, a well-bred horse, 6 years old, sound and kind. Apply at 605 East Lafayette st. 29aug6p

FOR SALE OR RENT.

FOR SALE OR RENT—At a bargain, a beautiful modern home; 150 feet front, corner lot, barn, gas, water, etc, etc. Central ave near Collingwood. Sam T Fisk, 311 Madison st. 27aug1m

DIED.

HARRIS—August 28 1891, at her home in San Francisco, Cal, Mrs Julia Fillmore Harris, aged 79 years.

Buffalo and Minneapolis papers please copy. p

CITY NEWS.

Board of education to-night.

Fourth street grading is finished.

The Crescent Livery Co Phone 899.

The pavement of Irving street has been completed.

Clock and Watch repairing at Judd's.

Public schools open next Monday for the fall term.

Send the washing to Toledo Laundry Co. Phone 438.

Ways and means committee at 7 o'clock to-night.

Walbridge avenue has been opened for public travel.

Lucas county democratic central club meets to-night.

A boat load of Detroiters came over on the Arundell yesterday.

Toledo exposition opens next week with prospects of a fine fair.

It cost $2,349.20 to run the county infirmary for the past month.

Paint your house with Buckeye Paints. They are the most durable.

Watches and Jewelry at Judd's.

Fresh Oysters received daily by express at 512 Monroe St. E. M. Kean & Co.

Toledo fishermen were out in large numbers at Ten Mile creek yesterday.

Stickney avenue paving, from Erie to Ontario street, is about completed.

John Hallett was fined $10 and costs with 30 days in the workhouse for begging.

Fresh Oysters received daily by express at 512 Monroe St. E. M. Kean & Co.

Wood county democrats meet in convention to-morrow at North Baltimore.

Parks' city ambulance will do work for $2.50 to any part of the city. Phone 1217

The councilmen hold their regular weekly meeting to-night.

A large class was taken into full connection at St. John's M. E. church yesterday.

There will be nearly 200 preachers in the city at the conference session to be held Sept. 23.

Order a Carriage or Surrey for an evening drive from the Crescent Livery Co. Phone 899.

Elegant novelties in Furniture, Desks, Rockers, Couches and Cabinets at M. Bartlett's, 618 Jefferson.

Next Saturday and Sunday the Lucas County Sunday School union convention will meet at Maumee.

Lucas county republicans hold their convention next Saturday at Druid hall. Caucuses on Friday night.

W. P. Halstead has taken out a permit for the erection of a residence on New York avenue, to cost $1,200.

Many parties are booked for the Pythian Castle the coming season. The first one will be held September 23.

Diamonds and Jewels at Judd's.

The quarterly tea of the Methodist missionary societies of the city will be held at St. Paul's next Friday afternoon.

The reunion of the Ninety-ninth Ohio will be held at Leipsic, September 17, with a campfire on the evening of the 16th.

There will be a reunion of the student's of the Toledo Business college this evening, which will be a pleasant affair.

For bargains in good Furniture and clean Bedding go to the Palace Furniture House of M. Bartlett, 618 Jefferson St.

Contractors have commenced on the pavement of Collingwood avenue, between Cherry street and Detroit avenue.

Woodbridge W. C. T. U. will meet in the parlors of St. John's church, Magnolia street, to-morrow afternoon at 3 o'clock.

John Hallett, on a charge of begging, was fined $10 and costs and given 30 days in the work house, in police court to-day.

Evening services will be resumed in the churches next Sunday. A number of them were omitted during the heated period.

Gas trustees meet in regular session to-night. It is likely Manager Heston will announce the appointment of an assistant.

We have furnished some of the best residences in Toledo this spring with our Furniture and Bedding. M. Bartlett, 618 Jefferson St.

Geo. Shoum and Jerry Donavan, two vagrants were given an hour to leave the city this morning. Thomas Donnelly arrested with them was discharged.

The gospel tent is located at the corner of Huron and Madison streets this week, and services will be held every evening, conducted by Evangelist Buck.

We have now ready for delivery a new stock of Fall Furniture at very low prices at M. Bartlett's, 618 Jefferson St.

City Auditor Waker is to-day engaged distributing the proceeds of the June collection of taxes among the different funds. Some of them will have hard picking.

Thus far 535 building permits have been issued by the city clerk during the current year. This is scarcely one third of the new buildings that have been erected.

The W. R. C. have declared off the proposed outing, and in its stead will have a Christmas dinner for the widows and orphans in their care during the holiday season.

Miami Division, U. R. K. P. will begin next Friday evening to drill regularly through the winter. Capt. Murphy proposes to commence with the first movements and continue steadily with the full tactics.

Elmer Dale, the recently appointed engineer of the government building, will assume his duties in the morning. Mr. Church has given his successor all the information possible.

Ask for Seyfang's New Process Bread.

A son of Bailiff Wernert fell into the river on the East Side yesterday afternoon, and had a close call. He was rescued by Charles Wells. The boy, in company with others, had been playing on a scow and missed his footing.

Harvey McDonald made an effort to steal a hat from Weber Bros.' store on Monroe street Saturday, but he will pay for it with a fine of $25 and costs and 25 days in the workhouse. This price was set by Judge Sala in police court this morning.

George Hughes, charged with assault and battery, for striking a boy with a fence picket, was discharged in police court this morning. The testimony showed that he had done nothing more than any man would have done to protect his property from a bonfire which the boys had made.

The case against Hiram Lee, for a disturbance, was continued in police court until to-morrow.

Michael Kelly paid the costs in a disturbance case in police court this morning and was discharged.

For keeping a disorderly house, William Johnson was fined $15 and costs and given 10 days in the workhouse, in police court this morning.

Earnest Grosener and Joseph Albricht were each fined the costs in police court this morning, for engaging in a disturbance yesterday.

The case against Ezra Dusean for rape, brought against him by Cora Lee, of 124 Erie street, was commenced in police court this morning and is still being heard.

A cablegram was received Saturday by the Northwestern Elevator & Mill Co., from a large flour dealer in Paris, France, wanting Taylor's Flour.

J. J. Coffee, Anna Johnson and Anna Driscoll, arrested yesterday afternoon for disturbance, were before Judge Sala this morning. Coffee was discharged. Anna Johnson and Anna Driscoll were each fined $10 and costs.

The drinking water and ice used at the Murray Hill Hotel and Plaza Hotel, New York, are vaporized and frozen on the premises and certified to as to purity by Prof Chas. F. Chandler.

Our stock is always complete. Prices the very lowest. B. H. Broer, 606 S. St. Clair street.

Unless you want bargains in Curtains don't go into our department.
LAMSON BROTHERS.

Curtains and Draperies | We are arranging a most extensive department of Drapery, embracing all styles of Lace Curtains. Come and inspect the line. Special prices to make the effort a success.
STOLBERG & PARKS.

Diamonds and Gold Watches at big bargains this month at Geo. Kapp's, 415 Summit street, the old reliable jeweler. Established 1878.

A bargain in Biartz Gloves opened to-day at LAMSONS.'

AT THE THEATERS.

Attractions at Both Houses This Evening—The County Fair.

This evening the comedy-drama Lost in New York will open a week's engagement at the People's theater with Miss Louise Galloway, of this city, in the cast.

At Wheeler's the spectacular drama Last Days of Pompeii will be the attraction. The piece is staged elegantly and is presented by a strong company, headed by John Fay Palmer.

The County Fair, a piece that had a three years' run in New York city, will be the attraction at Wheeler's the week of September 7. It is in this piece that the much talked of mechanical race track is used on which three thoroughbreds run a quarter of a mile at a 2:30 gait in sight of the audience. The horses, fences, buildings and landscape fly past, and the illusion is perfect.

The piece itself is a picture of homely New England country life while threading through the story are strongly contrasted elements of comedy and pathos. The manner in which the piece is mounted is the perfection of stage art.

The system is rendered malaria proof when the blood is kept pure and vigorous by the use of Ayer's Sarsaparilla. At this season, all should have this admirable preparation at hand. Malarial poison is harmless when Ayer's Sarsaparilla is used.

GOOD TIMES | For furniture buyers. Our stock is very large and complete. We propose to make business hum this fall and have concluded to sell very cheap. Call and see.
STOLBERG & PARKS.

Beautiful Handkerchiefs opened to-day at LAMSONS.'

Your Atttention | Is called to one of the most extensive lines of Furniture ever shown in Toledo. Prices lower than ever.
STOLBERG & PARKS.

Balmaceda's reign may be at an end in Chili, but Smokette cigars continue to hold sway in America as the best 5 cent Havana fillers known to the smoking community.

Pennsylvania Mines.

Hazleton, Pa., Aug. 31.—Mine Inspector John M. Lewis has just issued his annual report. The total number of fatal accidents was 52, making 24 widows and 52 orphans. The number of non-fatal accidents was 134, being an increase of six fatal and eight non-fatal accidents. There were mined during the year 5,777,669 tons of coal, the largest amount ever mined in the district.

Our Boys.

They are mothers' treasures and the hope of the country; but much depends on rearing them well. To have them grow to be strong men, they must be strong children; and nothing helps children so much as Dr. Hand's Children's Remedies. A case in point: Mr. W. S. Cobb, Green Ridge Meat Market, Scranton, Pa., writes: "Don't talk Soothing Syrup, Paregoric, or Godfrey's Cordial to me when I can get Dr. Hand's Colic Cure. It relieves my child from colic in less than five minutes' time, throws off the wind and quiets its nerves. Any person who, after using it, is not pleased with its action, cannot be suited with anything." For sale by R. C. Spohn, D. Harpster & Co., Bowers & Friederich, Geo. C. Nill, Thos, Vanstone.

The Michigan Central Railroad

Will sell excursion tickets to Detroit and return account International Fair and Exposition, August 25 to September 4. For particulars see Wm. Gates, Ticket Agent, Boody House, or agent at Union depot.

Every day makes additions to our Silks and Dress Goods. Ladies wanting the right styles at correct prices will buy at LAMSONS'.

An Old Resident of Tiffin.

Tiffin, O., Aug. 31.—Mrs. Maria P. Kuhn, wife of the late Dr. H. Kuhn and sister of Hon. R. G. Pennington, died Sunday aged 77 years. The deceased was a pioneer resident of Seneca county and a native of Pennsylvania. She was a woman of literary attainments and has been prominent in church and charitable works for the past 50 years.

Children Enjoy

The pleasant flavor, gentle action and soothing effects of Syrup of Figs, when in need of a laxative and if the father or mother be costive or billious the most gratifying results follow its use, so that it is the best family remedy known and every family should have a bottle.

CURTAINS AND DRAPERIES | We are arranging a most extensive department of Drapery, embracing all styles of Lace Curtains. Come and inspect the line. Special prices to make the effort a success.
STOLBERG & PARKS.

See Us

For reliable Black Silk; we can show you goods not to be found elsewhere in Toledo.
LAMSON BROTHERS.

See the magnificent assortment of Grand Pianos at
THE WHITNEY & CURRIER CO.,
219 Summit street.

Heavy Draperies, enormous stock, choice selections, must be seen to be appreciated. No trouble to show goods at
LAMSON'S.

Two Grand Excursions

To the wonderful city of Middleboro, Ky., via Cincinnati, Hamilton & Dayton R'y, Sept. 15 and 29, at a very low rate for the round trip. Don't fail to write or call on Geo. G. Clark, Land and excursion Agent.

YOUR ATTENTION | Is called to one of the most extensive lines of Furniture ever shown in Toledo. Prices lower than ever.
STOLBERG & PARKS.

Ladies you will find the best line of Corsets at LAMSONS'.

Good Times | For Furniture buyers. Our stock is very large and complete. We propose to make business hum this fall and have concluded to sell very cheap. Call and see.
STOLBERG & PARKS.

Steamer Pastime | Will make trips as follows this week: leave 2:30 p. m. for Presque Isle; will lay at Presque Isle two hours for picnic parties. Take your lunch basket; take the children; take the whole family and enjoy this week. Boat leaves island 5 p. m. The regular moonlight to the lake at 8:30.

Old Signs and Landmarks.

The sign being taken down to-day from the old location of the Merchants & Clerks' Saving institution, 138 Summit street, were put up July 15, 1856, a little over thirty-five years ago, by Messinger & Bond (William B. Messinger and Oliver S. Bond). They have only had one change of name in all that time, and that from Boots & Shoes to Savings bank. They bore the first name about fourteen years, and last about twenty-one years. They are not suited to use at the new bank building where the institution is moving to, and President Bond was asked what he proposed to do with the signs. His reply was he was so much attached to them that they seemed a part of himself and family and he thought he should send them to Los Angelos, Cal., for his son Henry to use at his place of business. His son is secretary and treasurer of the Los Angelos Investment company, dealers especially in school county and municipal bonds.

"Keeping of old signs used in the family is one of the customs they take much pride in keeping up in the old countries," said President Bond, "and I think praiseworthy. When traveling abroad some years ago I had a very pleasant conversation in London with a grandson of a man whose sign was still over the door and was 100 years old. While in Scotland I found a very old sign with the name 'Bond' on it, and there being 10 or 12 in our party at the time from the United States, out of respect to the name the whole party took off their hats and gave three cheers. The proprietor came out in great surprise, and when an explanation was made he urged the party to prolong their stay for a day or two and receive the hospitality of his family and friends, which we did; and there is no spot in all Scotland, I venture to say, that any of us remember with so much pleasure as that village. His sign was 120 years old and had not been out of the Bond family in all that time. It was easy to pick up the thread and trace part of our American family back to this part of Scotland. Yes, I have to give way to the new way of doing business. For many years we sold all boots and shoes at the store in Toledo, then came the change of selling by commercial men in the country. So I gave up the business to my successors, Dewey, Rogers & Co., who now sell over $1,000,000 a year in this way. Now comes a demand for a general banking business in place of a savings bank only, and I feel it my pleasant duty to aid the officers in making the change and adopt the plan of other States, especially Michigan, and do a general banking business in connection with the savings, which we will be prepared to do as soon as we are settled in our new quarters. A new charter goes to Columbus to-morrow for the change this week. We obtained the consent of the stockholders some time ago, and instead of having, as we now have, over $500,000 to look after, we hope to increase our assets to $1,000,000 or more in a few years. We are also providing a safe deposit with the latest and best improvements for our thousands of savings bank customers who have wanted a place for the safe keeping of their valuable papers, etc.

THOSE

Black Dress Goods have arrived.

Of some numbers we have five and ten pices, of others only one. The

PRICE

Will move them quickly.

LASALLE & KOCH.

THOSE

Black Dress Goods have arrived.

Of some numbers we have five and ten pices, of others only one. The

PRICE

Will move them quickly.

LASALLE & KOCH.

SPORTING.

The National League.

	W.	L.	P.	Per cent
Chicago	66	41	107	.617
Boston	61	43	104	.587
New York	55	43	98	.561
Philadelphia	54	49	103	.524
Brooklyn	47	55	102	.461
Cleveland	48	59	107	.449
Pittsburg	44	61	105	.415
Cincinnati	41	61	105	.390

Was Not In It.

A large crowd witnessed the game at Presque Isle between the Starrs and Auburndales. It was an interesting game. Welsh and Kelb pitched good ball and the fielding was a1. The features of the game was the home run of Ilett and double plays of Clark and Wright.

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	R.	H.	E.
Auburndales	1	0	3	3	4	0	0	0	x	11	6	3
Starrs	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	4	4	4

First on errors—Auburndale 1, Starrs 2; two-base hits, Whittman, Welsh, Pecord; Home run—Ilett; stolen bases—Auburndale 5, Starrs 4; double plays—Wenning, Clark, Wright; sacrifice hits—Smith, Whitman, Heirits, Ilett; bases on balls—by Welsh, Kiley; by Kelb, Kiley; by McCree, Smith 3, Wening, Welsh, by Pecord, Heirts; Hit by pitched ball—by McGee, Wining 2, Clark, Wright; left on bases—Auburndale 6, Starrs 2; struck out—by Welsh 6, by Kelb 2, by McCree 6, by Pecord 2; batteries—Welsh, Kelb and Ilett, McCree, Pecord and Russell; time of game—5:20; umpires—Birchell and Gilday.

Amateur.

The Emmetts beat the Summits 16 to 4 yesterday.

The Navys defeated the Heroes yesterday by a score of 11 to 7.

The Auburndales challenge the Emmets for a game of ball, Sunday, September 6. If accepted answer by Wednesday BEE.

The Commercials defeated the Sports yesterday by a score of 12 to 7. Batteries—Schlorf and Knierman, Lang and Rupple.

The Ironville Unions would like to play the Speranzas a game of ball Sunday, September 6, for $2.25 a side on Ontario street school grounds.

The Navys challenge the heroes for a game of ball Sunday, September 6, at 1:30 p. m., for $5 a side, on the Heroes' grounds. If accepted, answer through the BEE.

At the regatta at Petoskey, Mich., in class 1, the Bachelor, formerly the Kate Graham, of Toledo, won first prize. She is commanded and owned by Capt. G. D. Neam, of Cincinnati.

The East Toledos defeated the Monarchs in a very one-sided game of ball yesterday by the following score:

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	R.	H.	E.
Monarchs	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	1	3	6	5
East Toledos	1	0	3	1	0	16	2	2	*	25	19	4

Batteries—For East Toledos Campbell and Snyde; for Monarchs Stone and Basso. Umpire—Marker.

Don't buy Cloaks until you have seen what Lamson Bros. offer.

We are showing the finest line of Trimmings ever offered by us; beautiful goods at low prices at LAMSONS.'

Harvest Excursions.

As usual, the Wabash leads, others follow. On August 25th, September 15th and September 29th, the Wabash Railroad Co. will run three grand harvest excursions to points in the west, south and southwest. The only line running free palace reclining chair cars.

For rates call on or write Boody house ticket office, or P. E. Dombaugh, passenger and ticket agent, Wabash railroad, 308 Madison street, Toledo, O.

Have you seen the bargains in Silk Umbrellas offered by
LAMSON BROTHERS.

Try the celebrated Rose brand hams, bacon and dried beef; also fresh, salt and smoked meats, sausage, etc., at Jacob Folger's, South St. Clair street.

Ladies we can save you money on Hosiery and Underwear.
LAMSON BROTHERS.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

To-morrow (Tuesday) morning, Sept. 1, we shall be ready for business in our elegant new store at 625 St. Clair St., opposite Steadman monument, where we shall have much more room to display our immense stock of Choice Fruits, Fine Teas and Fancy Groceries. We especially invite our friends and the public to call on us in our new store and inspect our goods and get prices. All goods sold for spot cash and at prices that will justify you in paying cash for your goods.

Thanking a generous public for past favors,
Very Respectfully
E. A. ROOD.

The time to get furniture below cost is now at Hager's closing out sale.

HAGER'S Closing Out Sale is no humbug. "Everything goes" below cost.

REWARD OF $10.

I will pay the above reward to any person who will catch any one stealing Fruit, Shrubs or Flowers in my yard. Watch them and you can soon earn the above sum. T. P. Hart, 239 Morris St.

HUDSONS, CLOTHIERS!

Among the Many Good Things that We are Showing in

NEW FALL SUITS!

ARE

Excellent Black Cheviots at $15.00

They are strictly all wool, have a fine smooth surface, made and trimmed in first-class manner; a much better suit than we sold a year ago at same price. We have them in all styles, single and double-breasted, sacks and cutaways, in regulars and extra long. Another line, already a great seller, is our

NEW CLAY WORSTEDS AT $22.00

They are very dressy goods, a narrow wale diagonal of soft material; will give the best of service and not glaze like the ordinary worsteds. Prince Albert coats and vests in same goods.

IN BOYS' FALL SUITS!

We are showing a splendid stock, including a large variety of nobby double-breasted suits, and a full line of black cheviots of every grade.

MEN'S FINE SHOES, $5.00

While we sell better Shoes than can be found elsewhere, our new $5 Shoes have better quality and style in them than any shoes ever offered at the price. All shaped toes in Congress and Bals. in new crimped vamps.

MEN'S $3.00 SHOES THE BEST.

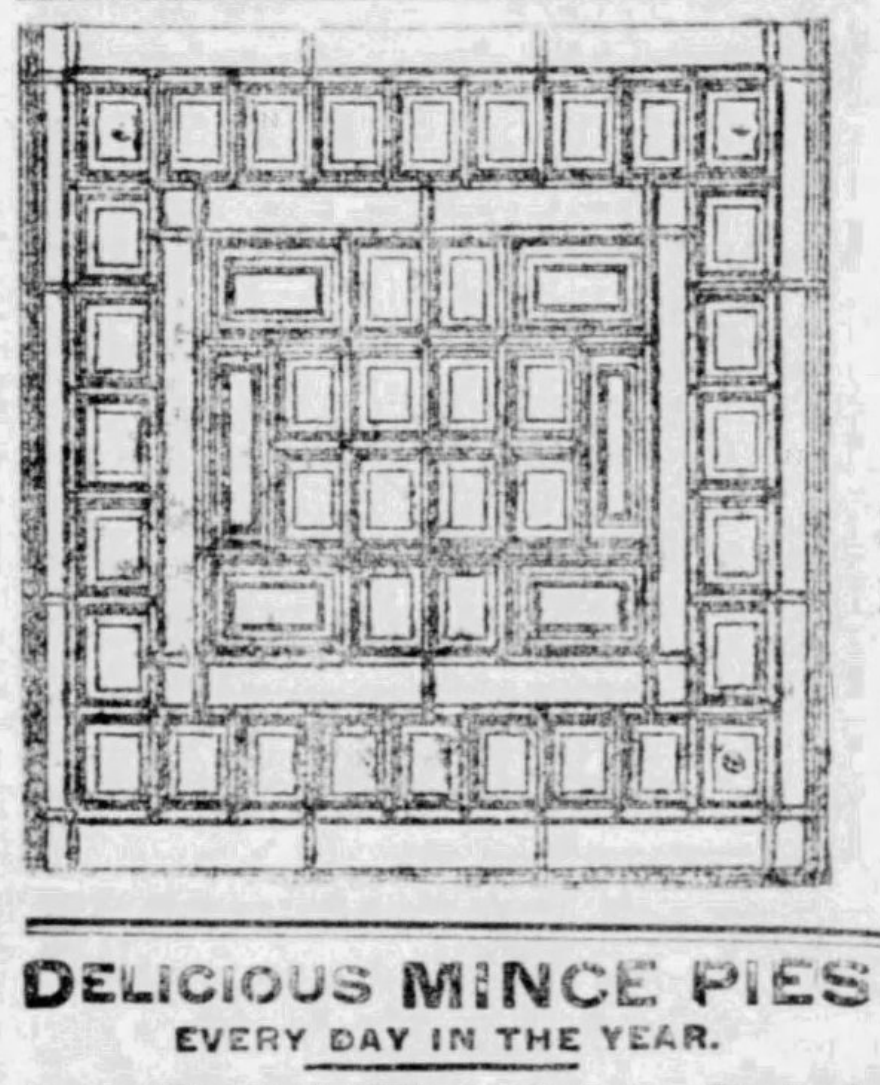
HUDSONS | Clothing, Hats and Caps, Shoes, Furnishings.

"New" Dress Goods. | N BROS | "New" Black Goods.

Never before since our advent into business have we been enabled to present to your inspection so complete an assortment of Dress Goods Novelties.

Our new Black Goods are now being opened and embrace every new weave as well as all the old standard makes including Priestley Goods.

No Trouble to show them. | NEUHAUSEL BRO'S | Compare Our Prices.

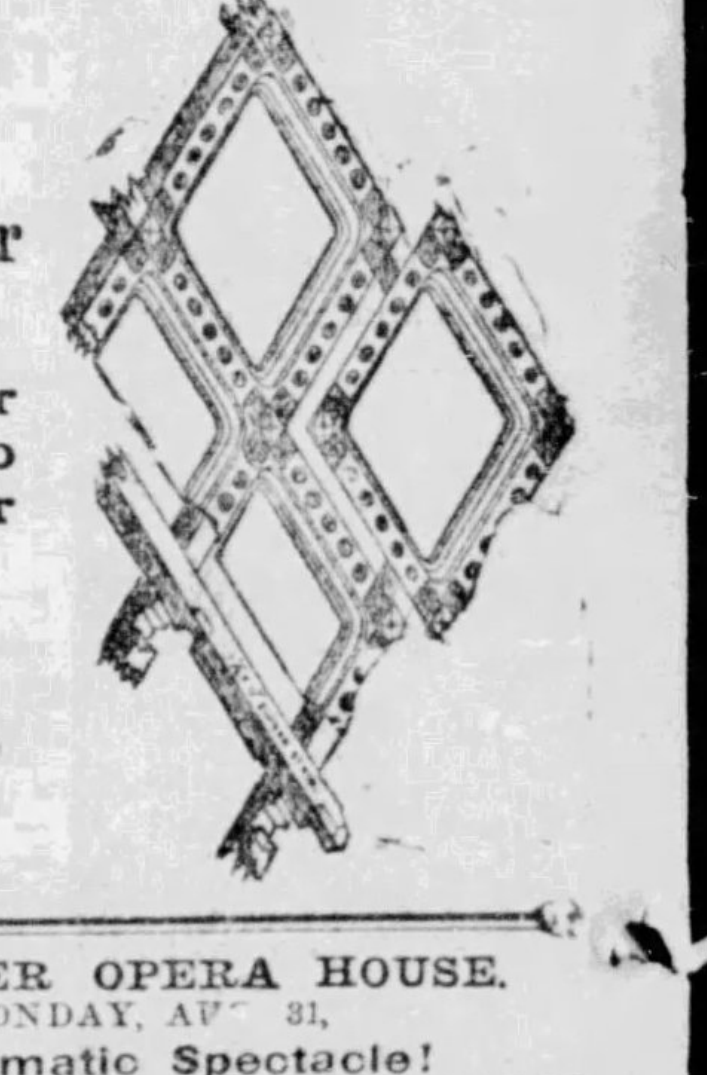


Steel Ceiling!

Ask your Architect to specify the Kinnear Ceiling. It will not Crack or Fall Off.

We can furnish it in various designs. Our prices are made low so that you can afford to have it. See Boody House lobby. Write for prices.

THE KINNEAR & GAGER CO.
COLUMBUS, OHIO.



DELICIOUS MINCE PIES
EVERY DAY IN THE YEAR.
NONE SUCH
CONDENSED
Mince Meat

HIGHEST AWARD
received at all *Pure Food Expositions* for
Superior Quality, Cleanliness,
and *convenience* to housekeepers.

Each Package contains material for two large pies. Grocers often substitute cheap imitations, to make a better profit. Refuse such articles, and insist on having NONE SUCH brand—the best.

MERRELL & SOULE, SYRACUSE, N.Y.

Toledo, St. Louis & Kansas City Railroad Company.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Toledo, St. Louis & Kansas City Railroad company, for the election of directors, will be held at the office of the company, in the city of Toledo, Ohio, on Wednesday, September 9, 1891, between the hours of 12 m and 1 p m.

The transfer books of the company will close on Friday, the 28th day of August, 1891, at 3 o'clock p m, and will reopen on Thursday, the 10th day of September, 1891, at 10 o'clock a m.

ISAAC W. WHITE, Secretary.
New York, Aug 20, 1891. aug31,sep2

Legal Notice.

Dennis Carty, whose place of residence is unknown, but who was last heard from at Grand Rapids, Mich., will take notice that on the 26th day of August, 1891, in the Court of Common Pleas of Lucas county, Ohio, where the same is now pending as cause No. 32151, the undersigned Millie E. Carty filed her petition praying for a divorce from him.

The said Dennis Carty will further take notice that he is required to answer the petition in said action not later than six weeks after the 31st day of August, 1891, the date of the first publication of this notice.

MILLIE E. CARTY.
Southard & Case, Attys.
aug31,sept7,14,21,28,oct5

DR. T. FELIX GOURAUD'S ORIENTAL CREAM, OR MAGICAL BEAUTIFIER

PURIFIES AS WELL AS Beautifies THE SKIN. No other cosmetic will do it.

Removes Tan, Pimples, freckles, Moth Patches, Rash and Skin diseases, and every blemish on beauty, and defies detection. It has stood the test of forty years, and is so harmless we taste it to be sure it is properly made. Accept no counterfeit of similar name. Dr. L. A. Sayer said to a lady of the haut-ton (a patient): "As you ladies will use them, I recommend 'Gouraud's Cream' as the least harmful of all the Skin preparations." For sale by all druggists and fancy goods dealers in the U. S., Canadas and Europe. FERD T. HOPKINS, Pro., 37 Great Jones St., N. Y.

Most Complexion
Powders have a vulgar glare, but Pozzoni's is a true beautifier, whose effects are lasting.

PEOPLE'S ALL THIS WEEK.
Matinees Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday. Magnificent scenic production of the great realistic drama,
Lost In New York.
A vast river of flowing water, sustaining genuine row boats, yachts, ferries, and a steamboat running at full speed.
PRICES { Evenings—15, 25, 35, 50 and 75 cents. Matinees—15, 25 and 35 cents.
Next week—Ivy Leaf.

WHEELER OPERA HOUSE.
MONDAY, AUG. 31,
A Dramatic Spectacle!
THE LAST DAYS OF POMPEII
JOHN PALMER,
As Arbaces, the Egyptian!
GREAT SPECIAL SCENIC EFFECTS!
Prices: 25c, 50c, 75c and $1. Seats at Holmes'.
Sept. 7—"THE COUNTY FAIR."

29 29 29 29 29 29

ROUNDING UP
THE
"DOG DAY DRIVES"
Third Week and the Greatest!
"A TWENTY-NINER"
ALL OVER THE HOUSE!
Beats Everything! People Benefitted!
29 29 29 29 29 29 29 29 29 29 29
LOOK AT THESE---ALL AT 29.

SCHOOL DRESS GOODS
All-Wool Stripe Serges at 29 Cts
All-Wool Henriettas at 29 Cts
All-Wool Fancy Plaids at 29 Cts
All-Wool Fancy Stripes at 29 Cts
All-Wool French Serges at 29 Cts

29--WASH GOODS--29
8 yds. Shirting Prints, 29 Cts
8 " Dress Prints, 29 Cts
6 " Apron Gingham, 29 Cts
4 " Cheviot Shirting, 29 Cts
3 " Outing Flannel, 29 Cts
12 " Dress Lawn, 29 Cts

BARGAIN BASEMENT.
Large Painted Foot Bath for 29c
Large Copper Bot. Coffee Pot, 29c
Palm Leaf Knife Box, 29c
Large Preserving Kettle, 29c
Large Water Pitcher, 29c
Oyster and Clam Plates, 29c

STAPLE NOTIONS.
2 Doz. Papers Brass Pins for 29c
7 Boxes Mourning Pins for 29c
1 Ball Knitting Silk for 29c
14 Balls Tinsel Cord for 29c
Ladies' Hand Bags for 29c
4 Cakes Palm Soap for 29c
2 Pair Embroidery Shears, 29c

We Never Mark Up--Always Marking Down. Sale Opens Monday, August 29, Closes Sept. 5.

The Lion Dry Goods Co.
Geo. M. Fisher, President.

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